Джоанна Коста, Мелані Вільямс

# Англійська мова [5-й рік навчання] 

Підручник для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти (з аудіосупроводом)


> STUDENT'S BOOK


| Joanna Kosta | Ukrainian |
| :--- | :--- |
| Melanie Williams | Edition |

Видавництво «Лінгвіст»

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## Джоанна Коста, Мелані Вільямс

Англійська мова: підручник для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти (з аудіосупроводом) / Джоанна Коста, Мелані Вільямс. -
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## Joanna Kosta, Melanie Williams

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Підручник з аудіосупроводом призначений для вивчення англійської мови в 5-му класі, розроблений згідно з Державним стандартом загальної середньої освіти Нової української школи та відповідно до Модельної навчальної програми «Іноземна мова. 5-9 класи» (автори Зимомря І.М., Мойсюк В.А., Тріфан М.С., Унгурян І.К., Яковчук М.В.) для закладів загальної середньої освіти. Підручник має ґрунтовну комунікативну й діяльнісну спрямованість, розвиває наскрізні уміння і компетентності через залучення учнів до всіх видів мовленнєвої діяльності й відповідає віковим особливостям та інтересам учнів середньої школи.

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## WELCOME TO PREPABE

## LAMRINBOUT THE FAMTRES TIV YOUR NEW STUDENT'S BOOK!

## PRONUNCIATION

Practise and improve your pronunciation



## VOHABULAI <br> The alphabet

$\square_{01} 1$ Listen and repeat the letters.

## Aa Bb Cc Dd Be Ff Kg Uh li Jj Kt LI Mm No Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Ti Gu Vv Ww Xx My Zzz

$\square_{02} 2$ Listen and write the names.

$\int_{03} 1$ Listen and repeat. Then ask and answer with your partner.


Numbers
7.) 4 Listen and repeat the numbers.

$\begin{array}{lllllll}12 & 14 & 16 & 18 & 20\end{array}$

5 How many candles? Write the number in words.
nine

${ }_{05}^{71)} 6$ Look at the cakes in Exercise 5. Listen and match the people to the cakes.

```
How old are you?
```

| 1 Ryan: cake $D$ | 4 David: cake $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 Penny: cake $\square$ | 5 Anna: cake $\square$ |
| 3 Jack: cake $\square$ | 6 Lara: cake $\square$ |



7 Listen to your teacher. Write four numbers. Then play a game.


## Days

${ }_{06}^{\text {J.) }} 8$ Listen and repeat. Then write the days in the right order on the calendar.



## SPEAKING

1 Make three questions. Then walk around the class and ask and answer.
How What How

| $\mathbf{1}$ | is your name? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | do you spell it? |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | old are you? |

1 Match the colours to the words.
EP


1 orange

$\square_{08}^{\text {(1) }}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Say the colour, not the word!
0 black yellow 5 orange

1 blue
6 red
2 brown
7 white
3 green
8 yelow
4 grey

3 Write sentences.
The pencil is yellow.


4



3


5


## CRAMMAR

1 Read the sentences. Match them to the pictures.


## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 136

2 Complete the sentences with this, that, these, those and a colour word.

0 This desk is brown.

2 $\qquad$ pens are $\qquad$
4
 ruler is
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

1 $\qquad$ desk is $\qquad$ .

3 $\qquad$ pens are $\qquad$ .

5 $\qquad$ ruler is $\qquad$ .

3 Ask and answer about things in your classroom.
A: What colour are these books?
A: What colour is that desk?
B: Blue.
B: Brown.

## VOGABULAR

Months

| May | January | June | November | August | April |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December | July | September | March | February | October |

1 Put the months in the correct order.
$\square_{09}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Listen and repeat. Then walk around the class.
Ask and answer the question.


3 Complete the table for the class.


## ABOUT YOU

What's your name? Where are you from?

## VOGABULARY AND LISTENING

## Objects and people

1 Match the things A-I in the photos to the words
EP in the box.

| bag phone table | camera <br> photo watch | chair dad students and friends |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

11) Listen, check and repeat.

F1) 2 Look at the photos again. Listen to the conversation and find Rosa, Joelle and Paolo.

3 Listen to the conversation again. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the right answer.


1 Rosa
a I'm 11 today.
b I'm 12 today.
c I'm 13 today.

b He's my teacher.
c He's my friend.


3 Joelle
a My number's 046311392.
b My number's 056312392.
c My number's 056123923.
$\operatorname{lin}_{13} 4$ Listen and repeat.
Hi. I'm Clara.
Hi, Clara. My name's Nick. And this is Maya.
Hello, Clara.


Yes. See you on Monday.
Goodbye, Nick. Bye, Clara.
5 Practise the conversation in groups of three. Use your names.

1 Look at the words and complete the table.
His bag's blue.
This is my watch.
Her bag's red.
What's your phone number?

| pronoun | determiner |
| :--- | :--- |
| l | $m y$ |
| you | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| he | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| she | $\mathbf{3}$ |

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137
2 Complete the sentences.

0

1 $\qquad$ name's Jo.
2 $\qquad$ name's

3 $\qquad$ name's

## be singular ${ }^{\oplus}$

3 Look at the letters in the sentences. Complete the table with the words in the box.
is are is am is
is are is am is

| I'm Joelle. | $\mathbf{1}$ | I | Joelle. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| You're funny! | $\mathbf{2}$ | You | funny. |
| She's my teacher. | $\mathbf{3}$ | She | my teacher. |
| He's my dad. | $\mathbf{4}$ | He | my dad. |
| It's new. | $\mathbf{5}$ | It | new. |

4 Complete the sentences.
0 I'm Lyra.

1 It $\qquad$ green.

2 She $\qquad$ my friend.

3 He $\qquad$ my teacher.


5 And you a student.

Ben.
4 । $\qquad$

[^0]5 Work in pairs. Ask and answer about your phone numbers.

A: What's your phone number?
B: It's ... What's your phone number?
A: It's ...
Now tell the class about your friend's phone number.
His/Her phone number's ...
6 Draw a picture. Talk to your partner about it.

My name's Maryna. I'm 10.
This is my new school bag. It's red.


7 Play a game in groups of four. Put your pictures on the table. Take turns to speak.


## vochbulary <br> AND <br> READNG

Countries and nationalities

1 Read about the students from different countries and answer the questions.

1 Where is Martina from?
2 How old is Timur?
3 What's the name of the boy from Mexico?
4 How old are the twins from Brazil?
5 Where is Matteo from?
6 Is one of the students from your country?
2 Read about the students again and complete the table.

| country | nationality |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ Italy | Italian |
| $\mathbf{1}$ Turkey |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Mexican |
| 3 |  |
| 4 | Brazilian |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | China |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  |
| 7 | Spain |

$\left.{ }^{15}\right)$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
3 Match the flags to the countries in Exercise 2.


## What's your name?

Where are you from?

Hi. I'm Alejandro and I'm 15. I'm from Mexico.

Hello. We're Luisa and Ana. We're 11 and we're twins! We're from Brazil.

Hi. My name's Li Ying and I'm Chinese. I'm 12.

Hi. I'm Timur and I'm 13. I'm Turkish.

Hello. I'm from Ukraine.
I'm 16 and my name's Iryna.

Hi. My name's
Santiago and I'm 13. I'm Spanish.

Hello. My name's Martina and I'm 15. I'm from Argentina.

Hi. I'm Italian and I'm 16. My name's Matteo.

1 Read the chant again and complete the tables.
be plural ${ }^{+}$

| We are | We're | Brazilian. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| You are | $\mathbf{1}$ | Argentinian. |
| They are | $\mathbf{2}$ | Brazilian. |

be singular and plural $\Theta$

| I am not | I'm not |
| :--- | :--- |
| You are not | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| He is not | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| She is not | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| We are not | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| You are not | $\mathbf{7}$ |
| They are not | $\mathbf{8}$ |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137

2 Look at the examples and complete the table.

| © | - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Germany | Egypt | 0 He's from Germany. |
|  |  | He isn't from Egypt. |
| Greece | Colombia | 00 They're Greek |
|  |  | They aren't Colombian . |
| Brazil | Turkey | 1 from |
|  |  | We from |
| Italy | China | 2 from |
|  |  | You from |
| Ukraine | England | 3 from |
|  |  | 1 from |

(1) 3 Listen again. Then do the chant in groups.

## SPEAKING

1 Work in pairs. Tell your friend about you.

| My name's ... | My phone number's ... |
| :--- | :--- |
| I'm ... | This is my ... |
| I'm from ... |  |

## 2 mifaniy

Where is your family from?
How old are the people in your family?
Hi. I'm David. This is my wife. Her name's Helena. These are our two daughters. Their names are Isabel and Ruby. Our son's name is Oscar.

Hello. My name's Helena. This is my family - my husband and my three children. We're from Manchester.

```
Vocibulaiy
AND
READING
```


## Families

1 Read and answer the questions.

1 Where is the family from?
2 How old is Ruby?

3 How old is Isabel?
4 How old is Oscar?

2 Read again and complete the table.

| EP | Ruby | Helena <br> and David | Isabel and <br> Ruby | Oscar | Ruby <br> and Oscar |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| mum and dad |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| brother and sister |  |  |  |  |  |
| parents |  |  |  |  |  |
| daughter |  |  |  |  |  |
| husband and wife |  |  |  |  |  |
| son |  |  |  |  |  |
| children |  |  |  |  |  |
| mother and father |  |  |  |  |  |
| child |  |  |  |  |  |
| baby |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }_{19}$ দ1) Listen to the family words and repeat them.

## GRMMMAR

1 Find and underline their and our in the speech bubbles on page 14. Then match the pronouns to the determiners.

| pronoun | determiner |
| :--- | :--- |
| l you | her |
| he | our |
| she | my |
| we | their |
| they | hour |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

2 Complete the sentences with their or our.


These are my brothers. names are Tom and Harry.

children are 12,10 and 7. names are Lily, Riley and Ollie.

3 Match the two parts of the sentences.

| 1 | Oscar is Ruby's |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 Ruby is Oscar's | daughter. |
| 3 Ruby is David and Helena's | brother. |
| sister. |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

4 Complete the sentences about the family.
0 Oscar is David's
son .
1 David is Oscar's $\qquad$ .

2 Ruby is Helena's $\qquad$ -
3 Helena is David's $\qquad$ .
4 David and Helena are Ruby's $\qquad$ .
5 Isabel, Ruby and Oscar are David and Helena's $\qquad$ -

5 Look at the picture of the family for two minutes. Then close the book and talk about the family with your partner.


## TALKING POINTS

(D) 01 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What's your name?
Where are you from?
How old are you?
Tell me about your family.

1 Look at the photos. Complete the
EP sentences with the words in the box.

| bored clever funny  <br> happy hot hungry nice <br> sad tired   |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

0 I'm happy.
1 I'm $\qquad$
2 I'm $\qquad$
3 I'm $\qquad$
4 I'm $\qquad$
5 She's $\qquad$ .
6 You're $\qquad$
7 They're $\qquad$
8 She's $\qquad$ .


$\left.{ }^{71}\right)$ Listen and check. Then repeat the sentences.
2 Play a game with your partner. Decide who is Student A and who is Student B.

Student A, think of an adjective. Make a noise or do an action.
Student B, guess the adjective.
$\int_{22} 3$ Look at the picture story. Listen and number the pictures in the right order.

$\sqrt{21}_{22} 4$ Listen again. Write yes or no.
Conversation 1 Bella is Spanish. no
Conversation 2 Bella is hungry.
Conversation 3 Sue is hot.
Conversation 4 The film is funny.
Conversation 5
Conversation 6
Sue and Bella are bored.
Bella is happy.

1 Look at the picture story again.
Match the Yes / No questions to the short answers.

| yes / no questions | short answers | wh- questions | remember |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Are you Spanish? | No, we aren't. | Where are you from? | You are Spanish. |
| Are you hungry? | No, it isn't. | What is your name? |  |
| Is she hot? | Yes, she is. | How old are you? |  |
| Is the film funny? | No, they aren't. |  | Are you Spanish? |
| Are you bored? | Yes, I am. |  |  |
| Are they tired? | No, I'm not. |  |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

2 Put the words in order and make questions.
0 is / How / old / friend / your / ?
How old is your friend?
1 they / Are / tired / very / ?

2 happy / she / Is / ?

3 is / What / phone / number / your / ?

4 Where / they / from / are / ?

5 your / When / is / birthday / ?

3 Complete the conversations.


4 Work in pairs. Practise the conversations in Exercise 3.
$5 \gg$ Work with a partner. Go to page 124.
6 Complete the web page about you.

| 30 Home Profile | Photos + |
| :--- | :--- |
| Me Info | Priends |
| Age | $\square$ |
| Nationality | $\square$ |
| Today I'm | $\square$ sad |
| $\square$ happy | $\square$ bored |
| $\square$ hot | $\square$ angry |

7 Ask your partner questions and write a new web page for him or her in your notebook.
A: What's your name?
B: Tomas.
A: Are you happy?
B: Yes.

## WRITING

1 Make a new web page for a person in your family in your notebook. Use the web page in Exercise 6 to help you.

Use full sentences. Begin your sentences with a capital letter and end them with a full stop •

# GULTURE 

## THE DNITIED KIVEDOM

1 Discuss the questions with your partner.
1 Where are you from?
2 Where are people in your family from?
3 Do you know any places in the United Kingdom? Which ones?
2 Look at the map and the photos on the web page. Guess the answers.

- Where is Ross from?
- Where is Emily from?

3 Read the web page quickly. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?

There are three countries in Great Britain. They are England, Scotland and Wales.
The United Kingdom is different. It is Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales) and Northern Ireland.
The United Kingdom is a good place for young people to visit. There's lots to see and do.

4 Read the web page again. Write the countries.
1 Loch Ness is in $\qquad$ .
2 Caernarfon Castle is in $\qquad$
3 The Shambles is in $\qquad$ .

4 The Giant's Causeway is in $\qquad$
5 The shamrock is a symbol of $\qquad$
6 The lion is a symbol of $\qquad$ . .

7 Rugby is an important sport in $\qquad$
5 Match the countries to the nationalities.

| Country | Nationality |
| :--- | :--- |
| England | Welsh |
| Scotland | Northern Irish |
| Wales | British |
| Northern Ireland | Scottish |
| Britain | English |

${ }_{24}^{7}$ ) Listen, check and repeat.
6 Complete the sentences with the highlighted words from the text.

1 Ross is from Scotland. He's $\qquad$ .
2 Poppy is from England. She's $\qquad$
3 Owen is from Wales. He's $\qquad$
4 Emily is from Northern Ireland. She's $\qquad$
Look at the web page again to check.
7 Look at the map. Write the capital cities.
1 Scotland $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$
2 England $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$
3 Wales $\rightarrow$
4 Northern Ireland $\rightarrow$
${ }_{25}$ Listen, check and repeat.

## TALKING POINTS

Where are your mum and dad from? What is the capital city of your country?

8 Listen to the interview with two young people from the United Kingdom. Which capital cities from Exercise 7 do they talk about?

9 Listen again. Choose the correct words in the table.

| Name | Shona / Susan | Mark / Max |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nationality | Welsh / Scottish | Northern Irish / <br> English |
| Dad's <br> nationality | Northern Irish / <br> Scottish | Welsh / Northern <br> Irish |
| Mum's <br> nationality | Scottish / Spanish | Welsh / English |
| City | Edinburgh / Belfast | Cardiff / London |
| Good place <br> to visit | park / castle | Big Ben / Regent's |

## PROJECT

## A poster

In small groups or pairs, make a poster about another English-speaking country. On your poster, put:

- a map of the country
- the names of big cities
- names and pictures of places to visit
- pictures of the country's symbols
- pictures of popular sports
- information about the country's money

Finally, present your poster
to the class.

# OULTURE 

 FACIFILE UkraineUkraine is situated in Europe. The capital of Ukraine is Kyiv. Other big cities include Lviv, Odesa, Dnipro, Kharkiv, and Donetsk. There are the Carpathian Mountains, the Black Sea, and the Sea of Azov in Ukraine. They are great places to visit.
The Ukrainian flag is yellow and blue. These are the national colours of Ukraine.
The name of the money in Ukraine is hryvnias $(z)$.

1 Discuss the questions with your partner.
1 What village / town / city are you from?
2 Is it big or small?
3 What are the popular places there?
2 Put the names of the cities on the map.
1 Kyiv
4 Odesa
2 Kharkiv
5 Donetsk
3 Lviv
6 Dnipro


4 Read the web page again. What do these cities have? Tick ( $\sqrt{ }$ ) columns 1-4 of the table.

|  | 1 Kyiv | 2 Kharkiv | 3 Lviv | 4 Odesa |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| coffee shops |  |  |  |  |
| beautiful parks |  |  |  |  |
| Sofiiska Square |  |  |  |  |
| a lot of universities |  |  |  |  |
| a lot of historic buildings |  |  |  |  |
| a big port |  |  |  |  |

5 Look at the photos. What Ukrainian town is it? Listen to Harry and Maria and check.


St Martin's Church

a statue of a chimney sweep

## TALKING POINTS

What is your favourite village / town / city in Ukraine?

What are the popular / interesting places there?

## INTERESTING FACT!

In Ukraine, around $70 \%$ of people live in cities and towns, and $30 \%$ of people live in big and small villages.

## PROJECT

## A poster

In small groups or pairs, make a poster about your home town or another town, village or city in Ukraine.

On your poster, put:

- the name of the village / town / city
- some interesting facts
- names and pictures of places to visit
- pictures of popular events in this village / town / city

MI HOME
(?) ABOUT YOU
Where do you live? Is your home big or small?

VOCABULAIV AND
Rooms

1 Match the rooms A-G in the photos to the words in the box.
bathroom bedroom dining room
halt kitchen living room toilet

C hall
2 Match the things h-m in the photos to the EP words in the box.
bath door floor shower wall
window window
${ }_{29}{ }_{29}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat the words.
 D $\square$ $\square$




B
 and number the rooms A-G in the right order.

5 Look at the photos again. Student A, make a sentence. Student B, guess the room.
$\qquad$ The walls are blue and white.


1 Look at the examples in the table.
Use these examples to talk about the photos on page 22.

| There's (There is) | There are | in / on |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| There's a table in the kitchen. | There are four doors. | Mum's in the kitchen. |
| There's a toilet here. <br> There's a shower and a bath. | The bags are on the table. <br> There are two windows. |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 139

Complete the sentences with is / are and in / on.


1 There one phone $\cdots$ the box.


2 There two phones the box.


## Things in my room

1
Match the words to the photos A-L.
©

| bed | board game | bookcase | chair |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| clock | computer | clothes | guitar |
| poster | pet fish | television (TV) | toys |


${ }_{32} \sqrt{2}^{2}$ Listen to check. Then repeat.


2 Read the magazine article. Match the people to the rooms 1-3.

## Your Rooms!

## ${ }_{33}$

Luisa
This is my room. It's got blue walls and a light brown floor.
There's a bed and a chair in here, and a TV. I've got lots of clothes. They're all on the bed and the floor. There are also lots of toys on the floor. They're my little brother's!

## Jozef

This is my room. I've got a computer and lots of board games. My brothers have got a computer in their room too. I've also got a guitar in here. I've got lots of posters of my favourite bands on the walls.

## Agata

This is my room and my sister's. There are two beds and a chair. There's a clock on the wall. We've got lots of books on the bookcase. My sister's got two pet fish, called Nemo and Dory. They've got a little house and lots of green plants in their aquarium.

3 Read the article again. Are the sentences right $(\mathcal{J})$ or wrong $(X)$ ?

1 The walls in Luisa's room are brown.
2 There are clothes on the bed in Luisa's room.
3 Jozef's got brothers.
4 There are posters on the walls in Jozef's room.
5 Agata has got three fish.

## TALKING POINTS

What is your favourite colour?
What is your favourite computer game or board game?
Who is your favourite person?
What is your favourite thing?

## GRAMMAR <br> have got ${ }^{+}$

1 Read the magazine article on page 24 again. Underline all the examples of 've got, 's got and have got.

| I / you / we / they | 've got (have got) |
| :--- | :--- |
| he / she / it | 's got (has got) |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 139

2 Complete the sentences from the article.
0 I 've got a computer.
1 My sister $\qquad$ two pet fish.
2 lt $\qquad$ blue walls.
3 We $\qquad$ lots of books.
4 They $\qquad$ a little house.
5 My brothers $\qquad$ a computer too.
6 I $\qquad$ lots of clothes.

3 Complete the sentences with 've got, 's got and have got.
1 My dad $\qquad$ a nice phone.

2 My parents $\qquad$ a television in their bedroom.
3 । $\qquad$ two brothers and a sister.
4 Your brother $\qquad$ lots of friends.
5 Rosa and David $\qquad$ new cameras.

4 Read the sentences about Sara's room. Underline examples of also.

I've got a bed and a chair in my room. I've also got a desk. On my desk, I've got a book and two pens. I've also got a computer.
5 Think about your room and draw it. Write about it. Use also in one or two of your sentences.

## SPEAKING

## PRONUNCIATION Lists

1 Listen and repeat.
■1) 1 I've got a chair, a table and a desk.
${ }^{34} 2$ I've got a guitar, a pet fish and a TV.
3 My brother's got a camera, a phone and a computer.
4 In our flat, there's a kitchen, a living room and two bedrooms.
5 The teacher's got a book, a pen, a ruler and a dictionary.

2 Play this game in small groups. What have you got in your bedroom / kitchen / living room / flat?

my dictionary!
6 You $\qquad$


Talk about things in your bedroom. l've got a clock. l've got ...


H



## MHAT HAVE YOU GOT IN YOUR SCHOOL BAG TODAY? Tell us here:

Things in my school bag
1
Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.
E

banana chocolate coat | football |
| :--- |
| gloves hat keys scarf |
| wallet |

$\left.{ }_{35}{ }^{7}\right)$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Read the blog and match the bags to the students.


I've got all my school books and my pencil case, of course! And l've got my water bottle, some chocolate and my hat. I haven't got my gloves. They're at home. Oh, and yes, I've got my wallet and my phone.

Sylvain

OK, l've got my school books and ... l've got my keys, my phone and my water bottle. I've got a banana and an orange, too. I've got my gloves and l've got my coat - look! I haven't got my scarf or my hat.

## Yana

Well, I've got my school books and all my school things. And l've got my watch, my wallet, my keys and a football. I haven't got my phone. It's at home. And l've got a banana and some chocolate. I'm always hungry!

In my bag today, l've got my school books, of course, and my new pencil case. And l've got my sister's water bottle because I haven't got one and she's got two! I haven't got my gloves, but l've got my scarf and hat. I've got my keys and an orange, too.

3 Look at the photos in Exercise 2. Say and answer.
 Sylvain.

## O PRONUNCIATION

Syllables

## F1) 4 Listen and repeat.

| - | - | •. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| friend | guitar | Saturday |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Write the words in the table.

| alphabet | banana | bottle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| chocolate | clothes | computer |

7) Listen and check. Then repeat.

## GRAMMAR have got -

1 Read the blog in Exercise 2 again and complete the table.

| I | haven't got | my scarf. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| You | haven't got | your water bottle. |
| Nicolas | hasn't got | $\mathbf{1} \quad$ phone. |
| Pia | $\mathbf{2}$ | her water bottle or <br> her gloves. |
| We | haven't got | $\mathbf{3} \quad . \quad$ phones. |
| You | haven't got | your hats. |
| Sylvain and <br> Pia | $\mathbf{4}$ | their gloves. |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 140

2 Listen to the sentences. Choose the words you hear.
0 (1haven't got/ / I've got my things.
1 He hasn't got / He's got a coat.
2 You've got / You haven't got a sister.
3 They haven't got / They've got a TV in the kitchen.

4 She's got / She hasn't got a new bag.
5 I haven't got / I've got my banana.
6 We've got / We haven't got a clock in the classroom.
3 Complete the sentences.
0 My little brother hasn't got
a hat. He 's got a coat.

1 My sister $\qquad$ a football.
She $\qquad$ a guitar.


2 We $\qquad$ a bath in our house.

We $\qquad$ a shower.

3 They $\qquad$ pet fish.
They $\qquad$ a television.

4 My sister $\qquad$ a banana.

She $\qquad$ some chocolate.

5 You $\qquad$ a key.
You $\qquad$ a phone.

6 $\qquad$ a hat in my bag.
I $\qquad$ some books.


4 What have the students in the blog on page 26 got in their bags? Write down all the things you can remember.

You've got one minute!
Work with a partner. Compare and talk about your lists.

I've got 'phone' on my list. You haven't got it.
You've got 'drink'. I haven't.
Now work in small groups. Compare and talk about your lists.
You've got 'pencil case'. We haven't got it. We've got 'keys'. You've got 'keys', too.


1
Look at the picture and find these things.
EP
a long yellow ruler
a new green coat
a dark red coat

a dirty red and yellow football

2 Look at the picture and find these things.

(1) 3 Listen and number the sentences.

It's a dirty dark brown bag. $\square$ $\square$
It's a clean light blue bag.
It's a long new ruler.
It's a short red ruler.
It's a dark blue coat.
It's an old grey coat.
${ }_{40}^{71)}$ Listen again and check. Then repeat.
4 Work in pairs. Talk about the picture in Exercise 1.

There are four bags in the picture. This bag is light brown and it's small and dirty.


5 Talk about your things. Use the picture in Exercise 1 to help you. Think about things in your bedroom and things in your classroom.
I've got a new school bag. It's dark green and yellow. It's big. I've also got a new coat. It's ...

6 What hasn't Emma got? Listen and tick ( $\checkmark$ ). She hasn't got her ...

| coat. | $\square$ | ruler. | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| pencil. | $\square$ | football things. | $\square$ |
| bag. | $\square$ | hat. | $\square$ |

$\square_{41}$ Listen again and check.


7
Now look at the picture in Exercise 1 and find Emma's things.

1 Read the examples. Choose the correct words to complete the two sentences.

1 In questions, the pronoun (he, she, we, etc.) is before / after the words have or has.
2 The word got is / is not in the short answers.


## Short answers

Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.
Yes, you have. / No, you haven't.
Yes, he/she/it has. / No, he/she/it hasn't.
Yes, we have. / No, we haven't.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 140

2 Complete the sentences.
0 A: Has he got a pet fish?
B: No, he hasn't .
1 A: $\qquad$ Emma got her bag?
B: No, she $\qquad$ .
2 A: $\qquad$ Sylvain and Pia got their hats?
B: Yes, they $\qquad$ .
3 A: I got your phone?
B: Yes, you
$\qquad$

4 A: $\qquad$ you got your water bottle?
B: No, I $\qquad$ .
5 A: $\qquad$ your bag got my football things in it?
B: Yes, it $\qquad$ .

Listen and check. Then repeat.
3 Ask and answer with your partner.
A: Have you got a clock on your kitchen wall?
B: Yes, I have.
... a clock on your kitchen wall?
... a shower in your house?
... your keys in your bag?
... a chair in your bedroom?
... your English books on your desk?
... photos on your bedroom wall?
Now make some more have got questions to ask your partner.

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 03 Watch the video. Ask and answer the question with a partner.
What have you got in your bag?

## WRITING

1 Do a questionnaire.
Write six have you got questions using ideas from Grammar Exercise 3.

QUESTIONNAIRE

Have you got brothers and sisters?
Have you got a blue coat?
Have you got a desk in your bedroom?
Have you got ...?

Ask four students your six questions. Write their short answers.

Now write about the students.
Svitlana has got two brothers and one sister. She's got a new red school bag and she's got a pet fish. She hasn't got a chair in her bedroom.

## TVIOMATOS

## BADIM GREATIVE MID BAING YOU

1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.
1 What's your favourite room at home? Describe it.
2 What's your favourite colour?
3 What colour are the walls in your bedroom?
4 What things have you got in your bedroom?
2 Read the title and look at the pictures in the interview below. Guess the answers.

1 What room is the interview about?
2 What is Tristan Deever's hobby?
3 Read the interview. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?

Interview with pop star

TRHSTAN DEEVER

## Look inside Tristan Deever's musical home!

Tristan: Welcome to my home! Interviewer: Thank you. So, what's your favourite room?
Tristan: The living room is my favourite room. Look! There's a long sofa for me and for my friends. The sofa is colourful - it's lots of different colours. There's a TV and there are music posters on the walls.
Interviewer: And the sofa is on a rug.
Tristan: Yes. It's my favourite rug. The rug looks like a guitar. It's cool! Interviewer: Music is everywhere in your living room.
Tristan: Yes. I love music. Music is my hobby. I've got three guitars. And I've got books about music, too. The books are on a blue shelf. I've got a pet fish. His name's Fran. He's in his fishbowl, on the table. Interviewer: Hello Fran!

Tristan: There's a big light in my living room. Interviewer: Your living room is a happy room with lots of colours in it. Tristan: Yes, it's a happy room and I'm a happy person. And it's a musical room and I'm a musical person.

4 Read the interview again. Underline the wrong word in each sentence. Write the correct words.

1 Tristan Deever is a teacher.
2 The kitchen is his favourite room.
$+\quad+\quad+$

3 His music posters are on the table.
$+$

4 He's got six guitars.
5 The fish's name is Frank.
6 Tristan Deever is a sad person.
5 Label the photos. Look at the highlighted words in the interview again and check.

| fishbowl | light | rug | shelf |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sofa |  |  |  |



6 Write true sentences about your living room. Use all the words from Exercise 5.

In my living room, there's a sofa. There isn't a rug.

7 Listen to Anna on TV. Answer the questions (choose a or b).

1 What room is Anna talking about?
a a new bedroom b a new living room
2 Is Daisy happy with her new room?
a yes
b no

Listen again. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

| bed <br> clock | board games <br> computer | books <br> posters |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |

1 There are football $\qquad$ on the wall.
2 There are $\qquad$ on the bookcase.

3 There's a $\qquad$ on the table.

4 There are $\qquad$ on the shelf.
5 There's a $\qquad$ on the shelf.

6 There's a $\qquad$ in the bedroom.

## taLKING POINTS

What is your favourite hobby?
What do you think is good about Daisy's new bedroom?

9 Match the sentences 1-3 to the pictures A-C.

## (1) useful language

1 I love football.
2 The clock looks like a football.
3 It's cool.


Look at the interview on page 30 again. Use the underlined words in Exercise 9 and answer.

1 What does Tristan Deever say about music?
2 What thing looks like a guitar?
3 What does Tristan Deever say is cool?

## A plan for a

 new bedroomDraw a picture of your new bedroom and write about it. Think about these questions:

- What's your favourite colour?
- What colour are the walls in your new bedroom?
- What's your favourite hobby?
- Are there things from your hobby in your room?
- Where is your bed and other things in your room?

Tell your partner about your new bedroom.

## Risulisw 1 unis l-4

## VOCMBULII

1 Match the words to the photos A-J.

| bag | camera | chair | clock <br> guitar | hat |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | gloves |
| :---: |
| keys |$\quad$ phone | watch |
| :--- |

2 Put the letters in the right order to make family words.

| 0 tressi sister | 6 torbrhe |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 bhsunda | 7 drnhicle |
| 2 uhtdraeg | 8 hrtemo |
| 3 fwei | 9 frheta |
| 4 nos | 10 ybba |
| 5 rtnepas |  |

3 Match the adjectives to the people. Close your book and ask and answer with a partner.

| bored <br> hungry | funny <br> sad | happy <br> tired | hot |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

A: Is Joe funny?
B: Yes, he is.

12.

These ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ my $\qquad$ really nice!
This ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ Paolo. ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ 13. ${ }^{6}$ dad's Italian. This ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ Rosa. ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ 13. ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ camera's new! ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ in a photo club. ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ fun!

2 Look at the picture and write five sentences.


The computer is Stella's.

## SPEAKING

1 Play this game. Write six things in your bag. Ask and answer with your partner.

A: Have you got a phone?
B: Yes, I have.
A: Have you got a ruler?
B: No, I haven't.
You get one point when your partner says Yes, I have. Count your points. Who is the winner?

## LISTENING

1 Listen and complete the boxes about the two students.

| Name: | Tabitha | Darcy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Surname: |  |  |
| Age: |  |  |
| Nationality: |  |  |
| Phone number: |  |  |

## READING

My name's Keira and I live in a flat with my mum and dad. We've got five rooms - a kitchen, a living room, a bathroom, two bedrooms - and a small hall. We haven't got a dining room. In the kitchen, there's a table with six chairs. There's also a TV and a clock. In the living room, there's a desk and a computer. There are three pictures on the walls. In the bathroom, there's a shower. We haven't got a bath. My favourite room is my bedroom. I've got a desk, a chair and a small table in here.

0 There are five rooms in the flat.
1 There's a dining room.
2 There's a table in the kitchen.
3 There's a computer in the kitchen.
4 There are four pictures in the living room.
5 There's a bath in the bathroom.

## WRITING

1 Write these sentences with capital letters and full stops.

0 my name's gabby and i'm 14
My name's Gabby and I'm 14.
1 my mum's from brazil and my dad's from mexico
2 my friend ling is chinese
3 they aren't from turkey
4 he isn't spanish, he's argentinian
5 my teacher's called mr brown

## WHAT GAN YOU DO?

## ABOUT YOU

What's in your bag today? Say five things. Compare with your partner.

## VOGABULARY AND LISTENIVG

## Activities and skills

1
Look at the photos A-J. Use the verbs in the box to
EP
complete the phrases.

| cook | paint | play | remember | ride |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sail | sing | skate | speak | swim |


a horse

the guitar

underwater

spaghetti

a boat


Italian

special dates

a picture

ice
$\bigvee_{47}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat.
${ }_{48} 2$ Look at the big photo at the top of the page and listen. Write yes or no.
0 The friends are in the park. yes
1 This week's photo club project is called 'Every day'.
2 Rosa's camera is old.
3 The new boy is called José.
4 He's got a very nice camera.

## GRAMMAR

can / can't

1 Read the Grammar box. Then listen again. What can Joelle, Rosa and Paolo do? Look at Exercise 1 on page 34 and write $J$ (Joelle), R (Rosa) or P (Paolo) on some of the photos.

## $\oplus$

I / You / He / She / It / We / They can swim.

I/ You / He / She / It / We / They can't (cannot) swim.
(2)

What can you do?
Short answers

> Can you swim? Yes, I can. No, I can't.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 141

2 Complete the sentences with can or can't.
0 Joelle can ride a horse.
1 Rosa swim underwater.
2 Paolo sing or ride a horse.
3 Paolo paint a picture? No, he
4
Paolo speak Italian? Yes, he $\qquad$PRONUNCIATIONcan / can't

ل1)
49
3


No, I can't.

Well, can you take photos?
Yes, I can. And I can speak Italian. Oh, good!

4 Listen and choose the word you hear.
0 I can / can't take good photos.
1 We can / can't see the TV.
2 I can / can't remember her name.
3 My sister can / can't play the guitar.
4 Can / Can't your little brother read?
5 My mother can / can't speak Chinese.

5 Put the words in order and make questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

1 dictionary / you / Can / use / a / ?
2 good / you / photos / take / Can / ?
3 draw/Can/a/you/horse / ?
4 dad/Can / sing / your / ?
5 swim / you / 25 metres / Can / ?
6 Can / remember / name / your / teacher / your / ?
6 What can you do? Put a $\checkmark$ (yes) or a $X$ (no) in the me column of the table in Exercise 7.

7 Ask and answer with your partner. Use can and can't. Complete the table for your partner.

| Can you ... | me | my partner |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| play the guitar? |  |  |
| ride a bike? |  |  |
| cook spaghetti? |  |  |
| ice skate? |  |  |
| remember your friends' <br> birthdays? |  |  |
| speak Spanish? |  |  |



8 Read the sentences in the table. Then write three sentences about you and three sentences about your partner. Use and, but and or in your sentences.

|  | sing | play the <br> guitar |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I can sing and play the <br> guitar. | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| I can't sing or play the <br> guitar. | $x$ | $x$ |
| I can sing, but I can't play <br> the guitar. | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |

[^1]1 Look at the photos. Match the parts of the body
EP A-L to the words in the box.

| arm ear eye face foot/feet <br> hair  <br> nose  | hand <br> tooth/teeth |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\underset{51}{\square 1)}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.

2 Listen. Point to the parts of your body when you hear them.

3 Play the game in Exercise 2 with your partner.
4 Read the article and answer the questions.
1 What is Rubberboy's real name?
2 Where is he from?
3 What is he famous for?
4 Where can you see Rubberboy?

This is Rubberboy! of course, that's not his real name. His real name is Daniel Browning Smith and he comes from the USA. He is famous for the things he can do with his body. For example, he can stand on his hands and put his feet behind his head. Can you do that? It's really difficult! He can also get into a very small box - only $34 \mathrm{~cm} \times$ $40 \mathrm{~cm} \times 50 \mathrm{~cm}$. You can read about Daniel in a book called Guinness World Records and you can also see him on TV or on your laptop.


## GRAMMAR

Prepositions: in, on, behind, under


## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 142

1 Match the sentences to the pictures A-G. Then complete the sentences with in, on, behind or under.

0 His hands are behind his head.

## SPEAKING

1 Walk around the class. Ask and answer questions. Use the phrases in the box.
move your ears paint with your toes put your toes in your mouth walk on your hands write with your feet

Hi, Sonia. Can you paint with your toes?


2 My bag is in / on the chair in my bedroom.
3 I can't open my eyes under / behind the water.
4 Look! The dog is on / behind the door.
5 Is that chocolate you've got in / under your mouth?

## talking points

(D) 04 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
Can you ...
get into a small box?
head a ball?
do a cartwheel?
stand on your head?

2 Choose the correct words.
1 There are some nice pictures behind / on the wall.

促
1 The guitar is the door.
2 There are lots of books the table.
3 She is the table.
4 His head is the desk.
5 The dog isn't her bed!
6 The ruler is $\qquad$ the pencil case.

## ABOUT YOU



## VOCABULARY

AND LISTENING

## Food and drinks

1
Match the photos A-P to the words in the box.
EP

| biscuits | bread | butter | cakes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cheese | chicken | chips | eggs |
| juice | lemonade | milk | pasta |
| potatoes | rice | soup | tomatoes |

$\underset{54}{510)}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Put the food in Exercise 1 in the right columns. Then work with your partner and put more food words in the columns.

| fruit | vegetables | meat |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| drinks | sweet snacks | other |
|  | biscuits |  |

3 Talk to your partner about the food and drinks you like and don't like.

I like vegetables. I don't like eggs.

4 Look at the table and listen to the teacher talking about the class party. Match the names of the students to the food.
class Party what food can you bring?

| Name | Food |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jessica |  |
| Kim |  |
| Hugo |  |
| Lily |  |
| Nina |  |
| Alfie |  |
| Tom |  |
|  | bread and butter <br> oranges <br> apples <br> bananas <br> tomatoes <br> biscuits <br> cakes <br> lemonade <br> Juice |

## GRaMMAR

Countable and uncountable nouns

1 Read the sentences about countable and uncountable nouns.

There are things you can count (countable):
an apple ten apples
There are things you can't count (uncountable): rice
You can add $s$ to countable nouns, but you can't add $s$ to uncountable nouns:
apples rices
(Be careful: potato - potatoes tomato - tomatoes)

Which of the food and drinks words on page 38 are countable and which are uncountable?

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 143
2 Write the words in the box under the correct shopping basket. For countable words, add $a$ or an.

| apple <br> meat <br> soup | banana chip <br> milk pasta <br> vegetable | egg <br> potato | fruit <br> rice |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


countable
an apple
-
$\square$

uncountable rice

## some, any, lots of

3 Read the sentences from Listening Exercise 4. Then match them to the rules in the box.
a We haven't got any food for the class party tomorrow.
b I can bring some bread and butter.
c I can bring some biscuits. We've got lots of biscuits at home.
d Can you bring some tomatoes?
e I haven't got any fruit at home.
f We need some fruit.
g We haven't got any tomatoes at home.
h Have you got any tomatoes at home?

1 We use some and lots of in positive sentences.
b
2 We use any in negative sentences.

3 We can use some or any in questions.
$\square$

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 143

4 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

0 Have you got any/a soup?
1 I've got any / some biscuits in my bag.
2 There isn't a / any milk in the kitchen.
3 There are lots of / an eggs here.
4 I've got some / a bananas and oranges for the party.
5 There's lots of / an orange under the table.
6 James can't bring any / some cheese.
7 There's any / lots of food for the party.

## PRONUNCIATION <br> some

${ }_{6}$
Listen to five sentences with some. Then listen again and repeat.

6 Look at the picture of the party food and write sentences. Use a / an, some, any or lots of.

They've got some oranges.
They haven't got any bread.
There's ...


7 Write a shopping list for your party.
8 Tell the people in your class about the food at your party.

I've got lots of fruit. I haven't got any chocolate.
l've got some cakes.

## Telling the time (1)



C
Daniel invites
you to come to his Swimming Pool Party!

Games in the water and lots of nice food It's on Saturday, 1st April, at 2.15.

## Call Daniel -01386928704 for more information.

(1) 2 Listen to the conversations 1-4 and match them to the invitations A-D.

Conversation 1
Conversation 2
Conversation 3
Conversation 4



1 Read the invitations and find ...
1 two different days. Saturday
2 four different months.
3 three different places.
4 four different times.
5 two email addresses.
6 two phone numbers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Look at the pictures A-G. Match the times
to the clocks.
0 It's six twenty.
1 It's 9 am.
2 It's one ten.
3 It's three thirty.
4 It's two fifty.
5 It's four o'clock.
6 It's 7 pm.


Listen and check. Then repeat.
Listen and complete the clocks.


5

## taLKING POINTS

Do you like parties?
How often do you go to parties?
What is your favourite party food?
What are your favourite party activities?

1 Read the invitations again. Underline on, at, from and until. Then complete the table with on, at, from and until.

| Days | on | Wednesday, | Saturday |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Times | 3.30 | 5.30, | 2.15 |
| Dates | 1st August, | 2nd March |  |
| Places |  | Rebecca's house, | the park |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 143

2 Complete the sentences with on, at, from and until.

0 Tom's party is on Tuesday at 4.30.
1 Is your party 1st July?
2 The party is $\qquad$ my house, $\qquad$ 2 pm 5 pm.
3 See you $\qquad$ the park $\qquad$ Sunday!
4 My party is $\qquad$ the swimming pool. It's 3 pm .

3 Practise the conversations about parties from Vocabulary Exercise 2 with your partner. You can find them on page 124. Change the days, times and places.

## WRITING

1 Look at the invitations on page 40 again. Now write an invitation to your party. Put:

- the day
- the date
- the time
- the place
- your phone number and email address

Invite people to come to your party.


# CULTUR <br> <br> TOLIDAYS TI <br> <br> TOLIDAYS TI TIIE USA 

 TIIE USA} FAGIFIIE Holidays in the USA
(1)

1 Look at the photos 1-4. Listen and repeat the words.

the American flag


2 In pairs, talk about the questions.
1 What colours is the American flag?
2 Are there parades where you live? When?
3 Are there fireworks where you live? When?
4 Do you have barbecues? When?
3 Read the web page and look at the calendar. For this calendar, what date is:

Martin Luther King Day?
Thanksgiving?

What day is: Independence Day?

| JANUARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | T | W | T | F | S | S |  |
| 31 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |  |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |  |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |  |
| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |  |



| NOVEMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | T | W | T | F | S | S |
| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |

On public holidays, schools and offices close. There are about ten public holidays in the United States of America (the USA).
People do different things to celebrate these holidays. People also eat different food on different holidays.
Some public holidays in the USA are:
$\star$ Thanksgiving $\quad$ Independence Day

* Labor Day
* Martin Luther King Day


## 4) Hi, everyone.

Can you help me with my school project on American holidays? What are your favourite holidays?

Hi, I'm Megan. My favourite holiday is Thanksgiving. It's
on the fourth Thursday in November. On Thanksgiving, we say thank you for the things we've got. We have a big family meal. We eat lots of food together. We eat turkey, potatoes and vegetables. And we eat pumpkin pie for dessert.


4 Read the web page again. What happens on these days? Tick $(\checkmark)$ columns 1-3 of the table.

|  | 1 Martin Luther King Day | 2 Independence Day | 3 Thanksgiving | 4 Labor Day |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a family meal |  |  |  |  |
| a barbecue |  |  |  |  |
| a parade |  |  |  |  |
| fireworks |  |  |  |  |



Hello, I'm Jake. My favourite holiday is Independence Day. It's on 4th July. On Independence Day, we celebrate the birthday of the USA - the declaration of independence on 4th July, 1776. Some people go and see parades and hold American flags. In my family, we have a barbecue with friends. We eat burgers and corn on the cob. At night, there are fireworks.
 celebrate Martin Luther King's birthday and we remember his ideas. We sometimes help other people on this day. For example, we visit and talk to old people. In my family, we have a family meal. We eat chicken and sweet potatoes. And we eat pecan pie for dessert.

## PROJECT

## A web page

In small groups, write a web page about a holiday in another English-speaking country. Use the questions as headings. Answer the questions on the web page. Find photos or draw pictures for your web page.

- When is the holiday?
- What is the holiday for?
- What special things do people do?
- What special food do people eat?

Present the web page to the class.

# GULTURE 

 EACIFIIE Holidays in Ukraine
## FOLIDAYS Th UXRITIE


to wear vyshyvankas

to wear fancy dress

2 Match the photos 1-4 from Exercise 1 to the holidays:
a New Year's Day
b Christmas $\qquad$
c International Women's Day
d Ukrainian Independence Day
3 What dates are New Year's Day, Women's Day, and Ukrainian Independence Day? Read the web page and check.
4. Read the web page again and write the holidays from the posts.

1 People decorate New Year trees on ...
2 People celebrate ... at home or go to a café.
3 People see beautiful fireworks on ... and on
4 We say 'Thank you' to all women on ...
5 People have parties on...
6 People go and see parades on ...

On public holidays in Ukraine, people don't go to work or school. Some people stay at home, and some visit their friends and relatives and have fun. Some go to concerts and festivals. Also, Ukrainians may cook special meals and wear special clothes.
The popular public holidays in Ukraine are:

- New Year's Day
- Christmas
- International Women's Day
- Ukrainian Independence Day


## Hi boys and girls!

My friend from the UK is asking about public holidays in Ukraine. Can you write about your favourite Ukrainian holidays?


Hi. I'm Andrii. My favourite holiday is New Year's Day. It is on 1st January, but we start to celebrate it in the evening on 31st December. People celebrate this holiday with family or friends. They wear fancy dress and have parties. In my family, we usually decorate the New Year tree and put presents under it. In the evening, we have a big meal together. At midnight, we say 'Happy New Year!' to each other and have fun. Oh, and there are fireworks all over the place!


5 Write the missing letters in the words. 1 s __e ____s
2 the $\mathrm{N}_{\text {_ }}$ _ $\qquad$ a t $\qquad$
3 a u $\qquad$
$\qquad$ f c_f $\qquad$ e 4 p ____s____ 5 $\qquad$ a rs
Look at the highlighted words on the web page and check your answers.

Hi. I'm Mykola. My favourite holiday is Ukrainian Independence Day. It's in summer, on 24th August. On this day, my country celebrates its birthday. In the morning, a lot of people go and see parades in their towns and cities. They wear vyshyvankas and hold Ukrainian flags. There are concerts and holiday fairs on squares and streets. In the evening, you can see beautiful fireworks in the sky.


Hello. My name is Olena and my favourite holiday is International Women's Day. We celebrate it on 8th March. Why do I like it? Because on this day, we say 'Thank you' to our mothers, grandmothers, sisters, and all women for their hard work, love and care! Women and girls get flowers from their families, friends, and colleagues. People can celebrate this day at home or go to a café for a nice cup of coffee with sweets.


## INTERESTING FACT!

People in Ukraine can celebrate Christmas on 25th December and 7th January. December 25th is a public holiday in Ukraine now, like in the UK and the USA.

6 Listen to Kate and put the photos in the correct order.

$\square_{66} 7$ Listen to Kate again. Answer $a$ or $b$.
1 Ukrainians start to celebrate Christmas on ... a 6th January b 7th January
2 Ukrainians have a Christmas meal with ... . a their friends b their family
3 There are ... dishes on the holiday table. a twelve b twenty
4 Young people and children sing carols and get ... a money and sweets b kutia

## PROJECT

## A web page

In small groups, write a web page about your favourite public holiday in Ukraine. Use the questions as headings. Answer the questions on the web page. Find photos or draw pictures for your web page.

1) When is the holiday?
2) What is the holiday for?
3) How do people celebrate it?
4) What special food do people eat?

Present your web page to the class.

## ABOUT YOU

What is your favourite food in the morning? What can you eat for lunch at school?
What food can't you take to school?

vocabulary
AND LISTENING

## Daily activities

1 Look at the things you do every day. Match the EP photos A-J to the words in the box.
catch the bus to school
get dressed get up go to bed have a shower have breakfast have dinner have lunch walk to school wash your face
$\left.{ }_{67}{ }^{7}\right)$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Work with a partner. Talk about the photos. Take turns.

Picture F catch the bus to school

3 Who can you see in the big photo? Where are they? Who has got a camera in their hand?

ل.l $_{68} 4$ Listen and answer these questions.
1 Is Rosa happy?
2 Is José good at taking photos?
3 What day is the photo club?
4 What has José got at five o'clock.

$\square_{68} 5$ Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Then listen again and check.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { can can't elothes } \\
& \text { different every day shower }
\end{aligned}
$$

0 José's clothes are new.
1 The next photo club project is 'Things we do
$\qquad$ $\therefore$
2 You have a in the morning.
3 José $\qquad$ go to the next photo club with his friends.
4 José go for a drink.
5 José's day is $\qquad$ from Rosa's day.


6 Listen to Rosa and José and read. Two things are different from the recording. What are they?

Rosa: On Mondays, I get up, wash my face and have a shower. Then I have breakfast with my dad. Then I put my things in my school bag and catch the bus to school. I go to school at eight thirty.
José: On Mondays, I get up and wash my face. I have a drink in my room and then I have a shower. At two o'clock, I put my things in my bag and leave the hotel. I go to school at five o'clock.

## GRAMMAR Present simple ©

1 Read about the friends and then choose the correct answer to complete the sentence.


We use the present simple to talk about things we do one time / every day.

2 Make sentences. Use the words in the box.
I walk to school.

I
You
He
She
We
You
They
catches the bus to school. go to bed in the evening. gets up at seven o'clock. has lunch at one o'clock. get dressed in the morning. walk to school. wash my face.

## PRONUNCIATION Present simple endings

3 Listen to the -s and -es sounds. Sometimes we add another syllable when we say the -s or -es. Sometimes we don't.

| goes <br> rides | leaves <br> swims | paints <br> walks | plays <br> watches |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Then put the verbs in the box in the correct column.

| gets: - s is NOT an <br> extra syllable | washes: - es IS an <br> extra syllable |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

「1) Listen and check. Then repeat.

4 Talk to your partner about things you do in your day.

I get up and have a shower. Then I get dressed. I catch the bus to school and at twelve o'clock I have lunch at school.

Now tell the class about your partner.
Myroslava gets up and washes her face.
Sashko has a shower and then he goes to bed.

5 Write about what your partner does every day.
Ruslana gets up at eight o'clock. Then she washes her face and gets dressed. She has lunch at one o'clock.

## Telling the time (2)



1 Look at the clocks 1-7. What's the time?
EP It's half past nine.
$7_{72}$ ) Listen, check and repeat.
2 Draw six clocks in your notebook. Listen and draw the time on the clocks.

3 Read Yevheniia's blog and answer the questions.
What does Yevheniia do at ...
1 ten past four in the afternoon?
2 half past five in the afternoon?
3 half past nine in the evening?
4 quarter past five in the morning?
5 quarter to six in the morning?


4 Read the blog again and complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

$$
\begin{array}{lccc}
\text { at night } & \text { Brazit } & \text { goes in the evening } \\
\text { looks for names } & \text { Ukraine } \quad \text { sleeps } \\
\text { tired to bed } & &
\end{array}
$$

0 Yevheniia is from Ukraine, but now she is in Brazil.
1 She studies $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ , and she $\qquad$ in the day.
2 She $\qquad$ into the forest and $\qquad$ birds and night animals.
3 She writes the $\qquad$ of the birds and the night animals in her notebook.
4 After dinner she goes $\qquad$ She is very $\qquad$ .


## MY BRAZIL BLOG

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Hi. My name's Yevheniia and I'm from Ukraine. But I'm not in Ukraine now. I'm in Brazil and I study animals. My life here is very different from my life in Ukraine!

Here in Brazil, I study in the evening and at night, and I sleep during the day! I get up at about 4 pm and at 4.10, I have a shower and then have a drink and have breakfast with the other students. At about 5.30 in the afternoon, we put our things into our bags. At 6 pm , we go into the forest and look for birds. We write their names in our notebooks. We don't talk because we
don'twant the birds to hear us.
At 9.30 in the evening, we stop and eat sandwiches, and drink water or juice. We don't stop for a long time to eat our lunch. At about 10.15, we look for night animals.

We finish at about 3 am . Before we eat our dinner, we write the names of all the birds and animals on the computer. We have dinner at 5.15. At 5.45 in the morning, I'm very tired. I'm ready for bed! I don't see the sun because I sleep all day, but l'm very happy.

1 Read about Yevheniia and then complete the sentences 1-3.

In Brazil, Yevheniia sleeps during the day. She doesn't sleep at night. The students don't see the sun.

Here in Brazil, I study in the evening. I don't study in the evening in Ukraine.

We don't stop for a long time to eat our lunch.

1 We use don't / doesn't to make the present simple negative for I, you, we, they.
2 We use don't / doesn't to make the present simple negative for he, she, it.
3 We add / don't add 's' or 'es' to the main verb to make the present simple negative for he, she, it.

## 2 Listen and repeat.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 144

3 Talk about things Yevheniia does in Brazil and doesn't do in Ukraine.

0 have a shower
In Brazil, Yevheniia has a shower at ten past four.
She doesn't have a shower at ten past four in Ukraine.
1 get up
2 have lunch
3 have dinner
4 go to bed
4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets ().

0 You don't live (not live) in Brazil.
1 My sister (not wash) her hair in the
morning.
2 My mum and dad $\qquad$ (not make) sandwiches for lunch.
3 I $\qquad$ (not do) my homework in the morning before school.
4 James $\qquad$ (not get) the bus to school.
5 We $\qquad$ (not go) to school on Sundays.
6 My teacher $\qquad$ (not work) at night.

1 Read about Lesedi's day. Tell your partner what Lesedi does at:

1 quarter past six in the morning.
2 quarter past ten in the evening.
3 quarter to ten in the morning.
4 quarter past four in the afternoon.
5 half past seven in the evening.


## AFTERNOON

12.00 have lunch
12.45 go to school for lessons
4.15 have a drink and a sandwich
4.30 play football with friends in the park
6.30 eat with my family

## EVENING

7.30 do homework
10.15 go to bed

2 How is your day different to Lesedi's? Tell your partner what you do and don't do.

I don't get up at quarter past six in the morning. I get up at seven o'clock. I have lunch at ... I do homework at ...

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 06 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with your partner.
What time do you get up?
What do you do in the morning?
What do you have for breakfast?
How do you get to school?


## School subjects

1 Match the school subjects to the objects in the EP picture A-J.

```
art English French geography
history IT maths music
PE science
```

Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 What subjects are in your school timetable? What time are they? Ask and answer.

```
When is maths?
```

At 10 o'clock.
3 Listen to the teacher talking about changes in the school timetable. Write the subjects you hear.

4 Listen again to the teacher talking about the timetable changes and complete the table.

|  | no change | new subject |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Monday: <br> double maths | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |
| Tuesday: <br> art |  |  |
| Tuesday: <br> IT |  |  |
| Wednesday: <br> maths |  |  |
| Wednesday: <br> PE |  |  |
| Thursday: <br> geography |  |  |

5 What are your favourite school subjects? Tell your partner.

1 Look at the table and then choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

| Do we have double maths in the morning? | Yes, you do. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Do we have PE in the afternoon? | No, you don't. |
| Does he teach art on another day? | Yes, he does. |
| Does she teach music after school? | No, she doesn't. |
| Do you play an instrument? | Yes, I/we do. |
| Do they have English on Tuesday? | No, they don't. |

> 1 We use do / does to make questions and short answers with he and she.
> 2 We use do / does to make questions and short answers with I, you, we, and they.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 145

2 Look at Lara's school timetable. Complete questions and answers 1-3.

0 A: Does Lara have geography on Tuesdays?
B: Yes, she does .
1 A: $\qquad$ science on Wednesdays?
B:
2 A: $\qquad$ art on Fridays?
B: $\qquad$
3 A: $\qquad$ history on Mondays? B: $\qquad$
Listen and check. Then repeat.
Now answer questions 4-5 with information about you.
4 A: Do you have English on Thursdays? B: $\qquad$ .

## 5 A: Do you have maths on Wednesdays? B:

3 Make questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

0 you / go to school / on Saturdays / ?
A: Do you go to school on Saturdays?
B: Yes, I do.
1 you / do homework / in the morning / ?
2 you / understand / your maths lesson / ?
3 you / use IT / in English lessons / ?
4 your dad / help you / with homework / ?
5 your school / have / a photo club / ?
6 your teacher / walk / to school / ?
7 your friend / like / PE / ?
8 your mum and dad / speak / English / ?

## NAME: LARA

|  | MONDAY | TUESDAY | WEDNESDAY | THURSDAY | FRIDAY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 09.15 | science | art | IT | geography | PE |
| 10.05 | art | music | English | maths | science |
| BREAK |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11.20 | history | PE | history | science | maths |
| LUNCH |     <br> 13.30 English geography maths <br> 14.20 French history maths |  |  |  |  |

1 Read the interview with Lowanna. Where is her school? Does she have lessons every day?

Interviewer: What's your name?
Lowanna: My name's Lowanna.

Interviewer: Where do you come from?
Lowanna: I come from Australia.
Interviewer: Where do you go to school? Do you catch the bus?

Lowanna: I don't catch the bus to school. School comes to me.

Interviewer: Why does school come to you?
Lowanna: Because there isn't a town or a school near my house. I learn with School of the Air.

Interviewer: What's School of the Air?
Lowanna: It's learning on the internet.
Interviewer: When do you start your lessons in the morning?

Lowanna: Well, my first lesson starts at eight o'clock.

Interviewer: Tell me more about your lessons.
Lowanna: I can see my teacher on my computer screen. I can hear and see her, and she can hear and see me. There are other students, too. I can see and hear them.

3
Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What do you think of the School of the Air?
Do you want to learn at home like Lowanna or do you like learning at school with your friends?

Interviewer: How often do you


Lowanna: I have them five days a week. I don't have them in the holidays.

Interviewer: Do you get homework? Who helps you with it?

Lowanna: Yes, I do! My mum and dad don't help me, but I can ask the other students from School of the Air for help.

Interviewer: Do you ever meet the other students? Lowanna: Yes,I do.

Interviewer: When do you meet them?
Lowanna: We meet in the summer. We go to camp for a week.

Interviewer: So, do you like your school?
Lowanna: Yes, I think it's great.

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 07 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What's your favourite subject?
What subjects are you good at?
Do you go to school on Saturdays?

4 Some words in English have more than one meaning. Look at the example catch.

I catch the bus to school at 7.30 every morning. In PE, can you catch the ball?

How do you say these sentences in your language? Do you use the same word for both sentences?

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
EP
catch come get meet think

1 a Lowanna and her family from Australia. b My friends sometimes to my house.
2 a What do you of my new school bag?
b I the bus leaves at 9.15.
3 a My brother and I the bus to school every day.
b Our dogs in the park.
4 a I often $\qquad$ my friends in town.
b Hello, Sam. Nice to $\qquad$ you.
5 a What time do you home?
b I lots of presents on my birthday.
6 Now find the words from Exercise 5 in the interview. Do the words have meaning a or meaning b ?

## GRAMMAR wh-questions

1 Match the question words to the answers.

| question words | answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Who? | A thing |
| What? | A place |
| Where? | A person |
| When? | A reason |
| How often? | Every day / every week, etc. |
| Why? | A time / a day, etc. |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 145

2
Now find the question words from Exercise 1 in the interview. Underline the questions and answers.

3 Complete the questions. Use all the question words.

1
2 's your best friend?
3
4 $\qquad$ do you clean your bedroom?
5 's your favourite subject?
6 do you like football?

4 Read the answers and then write the questions. Use a different question word for each question. 1

I like history because it's interesting.
2
I have guitar lessons one day a week.
3
I come from Madrid.
4
Oh, that's my dad.
5
It's one o'clock.
6
The bus leaves at quarter to five.

## PRONUNCIATION <br> Wh- questions <br> ${ }_{80}{ }_{80} 5$ Listen to the Wh- questions from Exercise 3. Which words are stressed? Underline them. <br> 1 Where do you live? <br> 2 Who's your best friend? <br> 3 When do you have breakfast? <br> 4 How often do you clean your bedroom? <br> 5 What's your favourite subject? <br> 6 Why do you like football? <br> ${ }_{\text {so }}^{\text {(1) }} 6$ Listen again and repeat. Then ask and answer the questions with your partner. <br> WRITING

 school. Use the questions in the interview with Lowanna to help you.Write one question for each of the question words.

| Who $\ldots$ ? | What ...? $\quad$ Where ...? |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| When ...? | How often ...? Why ...? |

What's your name? My name's Viktor.
Where do you go to school? I go to school in my town.
Ask your friend the questions and write the answers.

2 Now use the answers and write about your friend.
Viktor comes from Ukraine.
He goes to school in his town...

## LFE SKILIS stuoy sxuls

## LEARINITH EIMLISH

## FORUM FOR STUDENIS Where students share ideas:

## LIFE SKILLS

Learning English
We can all be good learners of English. There are lots of different ways to learn English at school and at home.


## We learn English at school. This can help us speak to other people in English. How can we be GOOD learners of English? Here are five top tips! <br> I read in English. I read comics in English. Comics are good because they are short and they've got pictures. I think reading helps me learn new words and phrases.

I watch TV in English. When I watch TV in English, I can also put on English subtitles so I can read what they say, too. This helps me understand more.
1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.

1 What's your favourite school subject? Why?
2 What languages can you speak?
3 Who's your English teacher?
4 Where do you do your English homework?
5 What is your favourite part of an English lesson: reading, listening, writing or speaking?

2 Tick $(\checkmark)$ the things you do. read in English listen to English write in English speak English learn and remember new vocabulary

3 Read the messages on the online forum. Which of the ideas from Exercise 2 can you see?

I've got an English pen pal, a friend I write to. Every month I write letters to him in English and he writes
letters to me. He's a friend of my family. He lives in England.

I listen to music in English. There is lots of pop music in English and I like pop music. I listen to music on my way to school in my wheelchair. Sometimes, I read the words and listen, too. And I usually sing in English!

At home, I do my English homework in my bedroom. My brothers and sisters speak and watch TV in the living room, so I can't work in the living room. When I do homework, I stop and take a break every 15 minutes.

4 Read the messages again. Read the sentences below and tick ( $\checkmark$ ) or cross ( $X$ ).

To be a good English learner, you can ...
1
2 ... listen to your own language.
3 ... write to an English friend.
4 ... dance to English pop music.
5 ... learn the words to English pop music.
6 ... watch TV when you do your homework.

5 Make phrases. Match the verbs 1-5 to the words a-e. Look at the messages again to check.

1 read a homework
2 watch
b letters
3 write
c TV
4 listen to
d comics
5 do
e music
6 Label the picture. Use the phrases from


## TALKING POINTS

How do you remember new vocabulary in English?
What's your favourite idea from the listening?
$\varlimsup_{82}$ ) 9 Complete the sentences in the Useful Language box. Use the phrases below. Listen again and check.

- put words on things
- learning words in groups is
- making vocabulary cards


## USEFUL LANGUAGE

## Suggestions

1 What about ?

2 You can $\qquad$
3 $\qquad$ a good idea.

10 Put the words in order. Use the Useful Language box above.

1 vocabulary / having / notebook / What / a / about / ?
2 dictionary / good / a / is / Using / idea / a
3 word / You / a / sentence / in / write / the / can

## PROJECT <br> A plan for learning English

Help a friend learn more English. Make a plan. Write four top tips!
Give an idea for:

- reading in English
- listening in English
- writing in English
- learning vocabulary in English

Speak to your friend. Take turns and say your ideas.
Have you got a favourite idea? What is it? Tell the class.

## isylaw 2 uniss-s

## VOGABULARY

1 Circle the odd word out.
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}0 & \text { cakes } & \text { pasta } & \text { juice }\end{array}\right)$ rice 1 (

2 Label the pictures with the parts of the body.


## GRAMMAR

1 Put the words in order and make questions. Then ask and answer.

0 your / English / dad / speak / Does / ? Does your dad speak English?
1 go / Do / an / you / club / Tuesdays / on / after-school / to ?
2 teacher / Does / your / school / to / walk ?
3 phone / you/a/have/in/bag/your / Do ?
4 Do / parents / your / the / guitar / play?
5 Do / get/parents/you/up/your / before / seven / o'clock?

12

| 4 geography | sing | history | science |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 tomatoes | milk | cheese | butter |
| 6 foot | mouth | teeth | hair |



2 Look at the food in the picture and correct the sentences. Use some, any or lots of.

0 They've got lots of potatoes.
They haven't got any potatoes.
1 They've got some chocolate biscuits.
2 They haven't got any tomatoes.
3 They haven't got any drinks.
4 They haven't got any bread.
5 They haven't got any meat.
6 They haven't got any fruit.
7 They've got lots of cheese.


3 Look at the table and make sentences. Use can or can't and and, but or or.

Jamie can paint, but he can't play the guitar.

|  | play <br> tennis | swim | run fast | cook | paint | speak <br> Ukrainian | speak <br> French | play the <br> guitar |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jamie |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Maria |  | $X$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| Sara |  | $X$ | $\chi$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rose |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Callum | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $x$ |  |  |  |  |

## SPEAKING

1 Use the pictures to talk about your daily routine.


## ISTENINE

1 Listen to the interview. How many questions do you hear?

Listen again and correct the sentences.
0 Imogen lives in London. Imogen doesn't live in London. She lives in Los Angeles.
1 Imogen goes to school with her sisters.
2 Imogen likes history and geography.
3 Imogen sees her friends every day.
4 Imogen watches sport on TV.
5 Imogen goes ice skating on Sundays.

## READING

1 Read the message from a pen pal website and answer the questions.

## penpalchatter.com <br> 41) <br> HOME FIND_A_PEN_PAL JOIN_PEN_PALS CHAT WHO'S_ONLINE MY_ACCOUNT

## Hi everyone

My name's Rodrigo and I come from Spain. I'm 14 years old and I go to school in Madrid. My favourite subjects are maths and science. I love all sports and I play football for my school.
In my free time after school, I play computer games or go out with my friends. At weekends, we go to see a movie or go to a café for a drink. I don't watch much TV, but I listen to a lot of music. I also like to play the guitar and sing.
What about you? What's your name? How old are you? What things do you like? What kind of things do you do at weekends? Write to me soon!

1 How old is Rodrigo?
2 Where does he go to school?
3 What are his favourite school subjects?
4 What sport does he do?
5 When does Rodrigo visit a café?
6 What does Rodrigo want people to do?

## WRITHE

1 Write an email to Rodrigo. Answer his questions and tell him all about you.

## FEELING GOOD

## 



ABOUT YOU
What activities do you like?
What activities do you do with your friends?

## Sports and activities

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.
©
badminton baseball basketball dancing football hockey running swimming tabletennis tennis
$\left.\mathrm{F}_{87}\right) 3$ Listen to Joelle, Paolo and Rosa talking about their sport project photos 1-3. Write the names.
1
's photo
3 $\qquad$ 's photo
2 $\qquad$ 's photo
${ }_{87}{ }_{87} 4$ Listen again and complete the sentences.
Then match the sentences to the pictures.


1 Joelle: I'm not very good at $\qquad$
2 Rosa: I'm good at

## $\partial$ PRONUNCIATION Word stress

5 Underline the stress in the words.

| 0 | basketball |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 computer | 6 badminton |
| 2 address | 7 bedroom |
| 3 television | 8 vegetables |
| 4 potatoes | 10 tennis |
| 5 guitar |  |

$\overbrace{88}^{71)}$

${ }_{85}$ 1) Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 We use 'play' with some of the activities in Exercise 1. Which ones?

We play badminton.
${ }_{86}{ }_{81}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.


1 Read the sentences.
I like your photo.
I don't like your computer.
I like swimming.
I don't like playing tennis.
Now choose the correct words to complete the sentence.

## After

$\qquad$ and $\qquad$ we use a noun or the -ing form of the verb.

2 Complete the table with the -ing form of the verbs in the box.

| clean <br> walk | play <br> watch | ride swim take |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| catch - <br> catching | dance - <br> dancing | run - <br> running |
|  |  |  |

Now match the two parts of the sentences to make the rules.

1 When verbs end in two or more consonants,
2 When verbs end in an $e$,
3 When short verbs end in a vowel and a consonant,
a we double the consonant and add ing.
b we add ing.
c we cut the vowel and add ing.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 146

3 Complete the sentences with the -ing form of the verbs in brackets ().
$\because=$ like $/ E==$ not like
0 Ben likes running in the park ( - run) in the park.
1 Mary $\qquad$ ( $==$ dance).
2 I $\qquad$ ( - play badminton).
3 Alison and Gemma $\qquad$ (E) eat potatoes or bread).
4 You $\qquad$ (*) stand on your head).
5 Paul $\qquad$ ( $=$ swim).
6 We $\qquad$ ( (earn English).

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 08 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What activities do you like doing?
What activities are you good at?
What activities are you not so good at?

4 Do you like doing these activities? Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the table for you. Then add two more activities.


5 Talk to two friends about the table in Exercise 4. Remember to use the -ing form.

I like playing tennis, but I'm not very good at it. I don't like running.
I like watching football, but I don't like playing it. I'm good at dancing.
6 Now write about your friends.
Yuliia likes playing tennis, but she doesn't like running. She isn't very good at computer games.
Nazar doesn't like running and he isn't very good at it. He likes playing basketball.

## Health

1 Read the letters to the doctor 1-2. Match them to the doctor's answers A-B.

## AW- ASK THE DOCTOR

## Dear Doctor

I'm 15 years old. My friends like going to the park and playing football. I'm always tired. I like watching sport on TV and I like playing computer games, too. Is it good for me to stay at home?
Can you help me?
Tom

Lots of sweet things aren't good for us. They aren't good for our teeth! Eat more fruit and vegetables. You'll feel fine.
DR SMART

It isn't good for you to stay at home all day. Go to the park with your friends and play football with them. It's good to be outside. You'll feel better.
DR SMART

## Dear Doctor

I'm 13 years old and I like eating chocolates and cakes. My mum isn't happy and gives me lots of fruit and vegetables, but I don't like them. Lots of my activities are good for me. I like playing football and I'm very good at it. Is it OK for me to eat lots of sweet things? Sophie

2 Read the letters and answers again. Now look at the sentences. Write yes or no.

0 Tom likes playing football. no
1 Sophie likes eating apples.
2 Sophie likes doing sport.
3 Tom likes going to the park.
4 Tom is very tired.
5 The doctor thinks it's good for Tom to stay at home.
6 The doctor thinks it's good for Sophie to eat sweet things.

3 Read Dr Smart's 'Tip of the week'. Look at the five breakfasts. Tick $(\checkmark)$ three breakfasts which are good for you. Check your answers on page 124.
4. Complete the sentences with the words from the

EP texts.
1 It $\qquad$ people to eat a lot of biscuits.
2 Eat fresh fruit and vegetables and you'll

3 Spend time with your friends and you'll

4 I like doing sport and it's $\qquad$ me.
5 Eat a good breakfast and you'll
5 Work in pairs. Complete the table with the words and phrases in the box. Add four of your ideas.

| biscuits | bread | butter $\quad$ cake |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| chocolate | dancing | oranges |
| playing computer games | vegetables |  |
| walking to school | water |  |



6 What do you eat for breakfast? Tell your partner.

## GRAMMAR

1 Read the letters and answers on page 60 again. How many of the phrases in the box can you find?

```
at it forher forhim forme
for us foryou with them
```

2 Complete the table with the pronouns in Exercise 1.

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 146

3 Complete the sentences.
0 Eat a good breakfast. It's better for you .
1 They like playing basketball. It's good for $\qquad$ .

2 I like drinking milk. It's good for $\qquad$ .
3 She doesn't like eating ice cream. It isn't good for

4 We don't like eating a lot of chocolate. It isn't good for $\qquad$ .
5 He likes walking to school. It's good for $\qquad$ .
6 I don't like playing table tennis. I'm not very good at $\qquad$
4 Write a letter to Dr Smart. Use Tom's and Sophie's letters to help you.

5 Read your partner's letter and answer it. Use Dr Smart's answers to help you.

## SPEAKING

1 Think of five things you like doing at the weekend. Discuss them with your partner. Are all these things good for you? Why? / Why not?


## ABOUT YOU

Do you have any after-school clubs at your school?

What are they? Which ones do you go to?


After-school activities

1
Match the pictures A-J to the after-school clubs on
EP the form below.
$\bigvee_{90}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.

## PARK AC'ADEMY

 ATrP®R-SCFIOOT CIUBS: FebruaryーJunePlease choose the After-School Clubs you want to do and tick $(\checkmark)$ the boxes. You can choose one for each day.

Hand the form to your teacher. Don't forget to write your name and your class.
Name:
Class:

| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| athletics club $\square$ | yoga club $\square$ | board games club $\square$ | coding club $\square$ | horse riding club $\square$ |
| cookery club $\square$ | drama club $\square$ | Italian club $\square$ | judo club $\square$ | film club $\square$ |

3 Listen to Freya telling Mike about her after-school clubs. What day is her favourite club?

4 Listen again and match the photos 1-5 to the days. Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday
Thursday Friday

5 When do you go to after-school clubs? Tell your partner.

2 Look at the after-school clubs at Park Academy and choose $(\checkmark)$ three clubs for the week. Then work in groups of three. Talk about your after-school clubs. Take turns.

I've got board games club on Wednesday.
What have you got?
I've got Italian.
I haven't got anything on Wednesday.
I've got drama on Tuesday.

1 Look at the examples from the listening. Match examples a-b to sentences 1-2.
a I'm looking at some photos.
1 This describes something in a picture.
b I'm making a cake for my mum.
2 This is happening now.
c I'm not making a pizza.
d We're practising on the running track.
e We aren't running a race.

Now look at examples a-e and choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 To make the present continuous, we use the verb be plus the 'ing' form / infinitive form of the main verb
2 We use the present continuous when something is happening now / happens every day.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 147

2 Make sentences from the words in the circles. Compare your sentences with your partner.


3 Look at the picture and listen to the sentences.

Write yes or no for each sentence.

| 0 yes | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 |  |
| 3 | 7 |
| 3 |  |

Now talk to your partner about what's happening in the picture.


4 Work in groups of three. Look at the activities in the box. Student A mimes an activity. Students $B$ and $C$ ask questions to guess the activity.


| draw $\quad$ open the window | sit | stand | stand on one leg | touch your toes | write |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## vocabulary <br> AND <br> READING

## Jobs around the house

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-H.
E
carry the shopping clean the bath cook dinner do the washing-up feed the cat make your bed tidy your room walk the dog

make your bed tidy your room

$$
0-0
$$


${ }_{93}{ }_{9}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Read the story. What kind of shopping has Maria got?

## (4) What are you doing?

Maria: Tomás? Can you help me carry the shopping?
Tomás: Sorry, Mum, I can't. I'm in my bedroom.
Maria: Are you tidying your room?
Tomás: Yes, I am.
Maria: Don't forget to make your bed.
Tomás: OK!

Maria: Jason? What about you? Can you help me carry the shopping?
Jason: Sorry, Maria, I can't. I'm in the kitchen.
Maria: What are you doing? Are you doing the washing-up?
Jason: No, I'm not. I'm cooking the dinner. I can help you in a minute.
Maria: OK. Thanks. l've got a lot of shopping. Oh, where's Esther? Is she doing her homework?
Jason: No, she isn't. She's walking the dog.


Maria: Lyra? Can you help me carry the shopping?
Lyra: Sorry, Mum, I can't.
Maria: Are you in your bedroom, too? Are you doing your homework?
Lyra: No, l'm not. I'm in the bathroom. I'm cleaning the bath.
Maria: OK. Well, don't forget to feed the cat. He's hungry. Lyra: He's always hungry. He can wait a minute!

Esther: Hi, Mum. What are you doing?
Maria: I'm carrying the food shopping into the house. But I can't carry the big box. Can you carry it into the house for me?
Esther: Sure. What's in it?
Maria: A new television.
Esther: Wow!

3 Read the story again. Are the sentences right ( $\checkmark$ ) or wrong ( $X$ ) ? Correct the wrong sentences.

1 Tomás is making his bed.
2 Lyra is in her bedroom.
3 She's feeding the cat.
4 Jason is in the kitchen.
5 He's doing the washing-up.
6 Esther is carrying the shopping.
4 Complete the table with the words in the box.

| breakfast <br> homework | a cake <br> lunch | the cleaning <br> the washing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| make | do |  |
| your bed | the washing-up |  |

## TALKING POINTS

Which things do you help with at home? Which things don't you help with?

## CRAMMAR

Present continuous 3

1 Look at examples from the story.

|  |  | $=こ$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Are you tidying <br> your room? |  | No, I'm not. |
| Is she doing her <br> homework? | Yes, she is. | No, she isn't. |

Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences about the present continuous.
1 We use do and does + a pronoun / be + a pronoun for questions.
2 We use a pronoun + do and does / a pronoun + be for short answers.
(Remember that pronouns are words like he, she,I and you.)

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 147

2 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets ().


2
No,
3 $\qquad$ (eat) lunch?
No,
4 Ollie (feed) the cat?
Yes,

## PRONUNCIATION Yes / No questions

3 Listen and repeat the questions.
A: Are you cleaning the bath?
B: No, we aren't.
B: Is she helping in the kitchen?
A: Yes, she is.

4 Look at the story again for one minute. Then close your book. Ask and answer with your partner.
A: Is Tomás doing his homework?
B: Yes, he is.
A: No, he isn't. He's tidying his room.
5 Role play the story in small groups.

## WRITING

1 Read Ihor's blog for the week. What's he doing now?

Day: Friday 14 October
Time: 18:43

I've got new activities after school this term. I like film club. It's really cool. It's my favourite club. I don't like swimming club. I want to change to cooking. Then I can eat lots! I'm always hungry.

Send me an email. I'm at home and I'm bored. Are you doing your homework? I'm not. I'm sitting on my bed and l'm writing to you!

Ihor

## 2 Write a blog about you. Use Ihor's blog to help you.

## Spelling

cook + -ing $=$ cooking $\rightarrow$ He's cooking.
sit $+\mathrm{t}+$-ing $=$ sitting $\rightarrow$ He's sitting on his bed.
make + -ing = making $\rightarrow$ He's making a film.

## CULTURE

## YOUII CLIES TIT THE UK

Some young people go to youth clubs after school or at the weekend.
Youth clubs are places where all young people can go. They don't cost a lot of money and some youth clubs are free (you pay no money). At a youth club you can:
$\star$ plan the things you want to do

* meet other young people
* learn new things
* do fun activities

1 Work in pairs. Talk about the questions.
1 What do you do after school?
2 Where do you go after school?
3 What do you like doing with your friends?

## CTTY YOUTH CLU:



Are you 10-18 years old? Open Monday to Friday, 5 pm-8 pm. Only $£ 5$ a year.

## WELCOME TO THE CYC BLOG. FIND OUT WHAT'S GOING ON!

I'm Tom. There's a living room area at the club. I like sitting on the sofas and talking to friends. I've got lots of friends at the club. I'm happy here.

I'm Sam. There's a skateboard park at the club and I love skateboarding. I haven't got a skateboard, but that's OK. The club's got skateboards for people to use.

I'm Lily. I like doing arts and crafts. We can paint pictures and make things, too. Mark is a helper in the arts and crafts room. He's really nice.People talk to him about their problems.

I'm Kate. There's a coffee shop and you can buy food and drink there. I help in the coffee shop on Fridays.

I'm Rose. I like rock climbing and there's a big climbing wall at the club. You can do rock climbing on Mondays and Wednesdays.

I'm Mark. I work at the club on Tuesdays and Thursdays. I'm a volunteer - I don't get money for my work. I like helping people.

2 Read the City Youth Club blog. Are the sentences right ( $\mathcal{J}$ ) or wrong $(X)$ ?

1 The City Youth Club is for young and old people.
2 There are lots of different things you can do at the youth club.
3 You have to pay money for every activity.
3 Read the blog again. Write the names.
1 Who works at City Youth Club on Tuesdays and Thursdays?
2 Who feels happy at City Youth Club?
3 Who is at the club on Mondays and Wednesdays?
4 Who hasn't got a skateboard? $\qquad$
5 Who likes painting pictures?
6 Who helps in the coffee shop on Fridays? $\qquad$
4 Match the highlighted activities in the blog to
E
the sentences.
1 I like being creative and making things.
2 Ido this on a special wall.
3 Teachers are good at this when students have got problems.
4 Some people can jump when they do this.
5 I like doing this on the phone, or when I meet people.

5 Write true sentences about you. Use the activities in Exercise 4.

Start with:
I like ... I don't like ... I don't know if I like ...

## TALKING POINTS

Which youth club do you prefer, City Youth Club or Fun Zone Youth Club? Why?
What activities are good to do at a youth club? What do you like about them?

দ1) 6 Listen to Sophia talking about her youth club. Underline five activities she talks about. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { basketball } & \text { board games coding football } \\ \text { music } & \text { running } & \text { table tennis }\end{array}$

7 Listen again. Choose the correct words and phrases.

1 What do some people like doing in the living room area?
a playing board games b painting pictures
2 What does Jack like playing at the club?
a tennis b table tennis
3 What sport can you do on Mondays and
Wednesdays?
a basketball b badminton
4 What sport can you do on Tuesdays and Thursdays?
a football
b baseball

5 What is Sophia's favourite room at the club?
a art room
b music room

6 What can Sophia do?
a sing
b play the guitar

## PROJECT

## A blog page

Imagine there's a youth club near your school. Work in small groups and write a blog page about the youth club. You can use the colourful headings and questions below. Then find some photos or pictures for your blog.
Information
-What's the name of your youth club?

- When is it open?
- Who can go there?

Things you can do

- What different activities can people do there?

Places at the club

- What different rooms/areas are there?

Present your blog to the class. Take turns to talk. One person says the name of the club, when it's open and who can go. Another person talks about something you can do there and the room. Another person talks about another thing you can do.

## ABOUT YOU

What are you doing now?
What is your teacher doing?


## VOGABULARY AND MISTENING

## Entertainment

1 Look at the photo and answer the questions.
1 Who can you see in the photo?
2 What's happening?

2 Read the sentences about José. Then listen to José answering questions on TV. Write yes or no.
1 José is watching TV.
5 José often uses the internet.
2 José is famous in Brazil.
6 José likes watching movies.
3 José is living in Britain now.
7 José watches a lot of TV.
4 José plays tennis every day.
8 José answers all the emails from his fans.

3 Match the words to the meanings. You can use a dictionary to help you.

EP 1 fans
2 band
3 TV show
4 newspaper
5 famous (person)
6 songs
7 movies
8 concert
a you can watch this every week
b some people read this every day
c lots of people know about (him or her)
d these people make music together
e another word for films
f you go to this and see people making music
g these people like a person or a sport a lot
h music and words
${ }_{99}$ Listen and repeat.
4 Listen to the conversation with José again. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the words in Exercise 3 when you hear them. Which word don't you hear?

5 Ask and answer with your partner.


## ARAMMAR Adverbs of frequency: always, often, sometimes, never

1 Read the examples from the recording. Complete the table with the words.
I like watching tennis and football, but I don't play them. I never do any sports.
I love taking photographs. I always have my camera with me.
I like using my computer. I often go on the internet.
I don't watch much TV. But I sometimes watch a music show.

|  |  |  | $(0)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{a}$ | $\mathbf{b}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{d}$ |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 148

2 Now choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

> We put always, often, sometimes and never before / after most verbs.

3 Write the adverbs of frequency in the correct places. Use the symbols.

0 My brother sleeps until half past eleven. My brother always sleeps until half past eleven.
1 My dad helps me with my science homework.
2 I play board games after school.
3 My friend sends me very long text messages.
4 I take my phone to school.
5 I go to judo club at the weekend.
$\underset{100}{\square}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.


4 Complete the sentences with always, often, sometimes or never.
Compare your answers with your partner.
1 help my mum in the kitchen.
21
3 I $\qquad$ get up before 7 o'clock.
4 I $\qquad$ do the washing-up at the weekend.
5 I $\qquad$ remember my friends' birthdays.
61 $\qquad$ do my homework in bed.
7 I clean the bathroom.
8 । $\qquad$ forget to clean my teeth at night.


## vocabulain <br> AND <br> READNG

## Technology

1 Match the words in the box to the things in the photos A-F.
EP
digital camera fitness tracker laptop smartphone smart speaker tablet

F1) Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Match the activities to the things in the photos. Some things have more than one answer.
1 play music
5 read and send texts
2 look at websites
3 read and send emails
6 take photos
4 watch films
7 play games
8 count your steps

3 Read the speech bubbles. What things from Exercise 1 are the people talking about?

A



Tia-tablet


Bruno: I've got one of these. I use it to help me with my homework. When we do projects, I go on different websites and find information. I also play games on it.

4 Read the speech bubbles in Exercise 3 again and complete the table.

|  | Tia | Bruno | Daniela | Victor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| plays music |  |  |  |  |
| looks at websites |  |  |  |  |
| sends emails |  |  |  |  |
| watches films | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| sends texts |  |  |  |  |
| takes photos |  |  |  |  |
| gets information |  |  |  |  |
| plays games |  |  |  |  |



5 Tell your partner about your things. What do you use them for?

I've got a smartphone. I send texts to my friends. I sometimes phone my family.

1 Read the questions. Are the words countable or uncountable? Then complete the sentences below with how much or how many.

1 How many texts do you get in a day?
2 How much TV do you watch in a week?

| $\mathbf{1}$ | We use | with countable nouns. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | We use | with uncountable nouns. |

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 148
$2 \gg$ Go to page 125 .

## PRONUNCIATION /w/ and /v/

## $\square_{103}{ }^{103}$ Listen and repeat.

/w/ website watch week well weekend wait want
/v/ very never love TV visit have movie favourite

Now make sentences using the words. Practise saying them with your partner.

I watch my favourite movie every week.

## TALKING POINTS

How much TV do you watch?
How many TVs are there in your house?

## SPEIKING

1 Look at the table below. Make a table for you and three friends.
Make six questions from the words in the boxes and write them in the table.


2 Complete the me column of the table in Exercise 1 for you. Then ask your three friends your questions. Put their names at the top of the table and write short answers.

You: Yurii, how many emails do you send in a week?
Yurii: I'm not sure. I send lots of emails.
You: OK. How many emails do you send, Vasyl?
Vasyl: I send about four emails in a week.
You: Right. How many emails do you send, Tetiana?
Tetiana: I don't know. I send some.

3 Tell the class about your friends.
Yurii sends lots of emails in a week, but he doesn't visit any websites.
Vasyl sends about four emails in a week and plays some computer games at the weekend.
Tetiana sends some emails and she also takes lots of photos.

## 12 woxmar lif




## Jobs

## ABOUT YOU

What jobs do people in your family do? What jobs are you interested in?

5 Listen again and complete the table with the people's jobs.

|  | picture | job |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Megan's dad | 4 |  |
| Megan's mum |  |  |
| Tony |  |  |
| Amanda |  |  |
| Jamie |  |  |

## ARAMMAR Present simple and present continuous

1 Look at sentences $A$ and $B$.
A He helps people at work every day. (present simple)
B She's eating a big ice cream now. (present continuous)

Read the sentences from the listening. Match sentences 1-8 to sentences A and B.

1 He's teaching her how to swim.
2 She isn't playing her guitar now.
3 He drives all over Europe.
4 He sometimes goes to Africa.
5 Today he's trying to catch a fish!
6 She works in a restaurant every evening.
7 She isn't working now.
8 She's taking a photo of Tony.
2 Complete the sentences with present simple or present continuous.

1 We use the do every day.
2 We use the $\qquad$ to talk about what we always/sometimes/never do.
3 We use the $\qquad$ to talk about what we are doing now.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 149

3 Complete the conversations with the verbs (in brackets). Use the present simple or present continuous.


Amy: Has your brother got a job?
Dan: Yes, he has. $\mathrm{He}^{1}$ (drive) a taxi.

Amy: Really? ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ he $\qquad$
(drive) you to school every day?
Dan: No, of course not!


Serhii: What does your dad do?
Vitalii: $\mathrm{He}^{3}$ $\qquad$ (work) in a restaurant.
Serhii: That's interesting.
Vitalii: But he ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ (not work) now. $\mathrm{He}^{5}$ $\qquad$ (cook) our dinner.
Serhii: Oh, good!


Jess: Hi, Millie. It's Jess here. I'm in Jamaica. What ${ }^{6}$ you $\qquad$ (do)?
Millie: I'm in bed!
Jess: Oh, sorry! $I^{7}$ $\qquad$ (sit) on the beach and ${ }^{8}$ (eat) a big ice cream.
Millie: Lovely!

## 106

Listen and check.
4 Practise the conversations in Exercise 3 with your partner.

5 What jobs do people in your family do? What do you think they are doing now.

## In a café

## 1 Read the story. Choose the correct words.

Picture 1: Hannah thinks it's easy / not easy to be a waitress.
Picture 3: Hannah thinks it's easy / not easy to be a waitress.


3 Match the words in the box to the photos A-K.

| bottle bowl cup fork glass <br> knife pepper plate salt spoon <br> sugar    ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


$7_{108}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
4 Look at the pictures on page 74 again. Then close your books. Now work in pairs and talk about the pictures.

A: There's a cup in picture 1.
B: Yes, that's right.
A: There's a spoon in picture 1.
B: No, I don't think so.

## TALKING POINTS

What do you like on the menu in picture 1 ?
What's your favourite café called?
What do you have when you go to a café?

## GRAMMAR

can: requests and permission

1 Match questions 1-3 to sentences a-c.

```
1 Can I have some
    coffee, please?
2 Can I go home now, please?
3 Can you clean this table, please?
```

a She wants to do something.
b He's asking for something.
c He's asking a person to do something.

2 Complete A's questions with Can I or Can you. Then write B's answers. Use Sure, no problem. / OK. / Yes, of course.

0 A: Can you buy me a new football, please?
B: OK .
1 A: watch TV, please, Dad?
B:
2 A: $\qquad$ use your digital camera? I want to take a photo of your baby brother.
B: $\qquad$
3 A: $\qquad$ put these books on the table, please?
B: $\qquad$
4 A: $\qquad$ help me with my homework?
B:
5 A: $\qquad$ have an egg for breakfast, Mum? B: $\qquad$

## PRONUNCIATION Intonation

3 Listen and repeat. Then practise with your partner.

Yes, of course. Sure, no problem.
Yes, please. OK.

4 Choose the correct answers to complete the conversation.

Waiter: Good afternoon.
Woman: Oh, hello. Can I have a cup of coffee, please?
Waiter: ${ }^{1}$ Yes, of course. / Yes, please. Would you like some sugar with that?
Woman: ${ }^{2}$ Yes, please. / OK.
Waiter: And would you like anything to eat?
Woman: ${ }^{3}$ Yes, please. / Sure, no problem. Can I have an egg sandwich?
Waiter: ${ }^{4}$ Yes, please. / Yes, of course.
Now practise the conversation in pairs.

## WRITING

1
Work with a partner. Write a new menu for your own café.

Now write a conversation in the café with your partner. Use your menu and ask for food and drink. Role play the conversation in pairs.

## 

## BATIG GAREFUL OS THE TITERNET

## LIFE SKILLS

## Being careful on the internet

We can use the internet and be safe. Look at these safety tips:

- Don't tell people your name, address or phone number.
- Remember there are age limits when you use social media sites.
- Ask adults for help.

1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with your partner.
1 How often do you use a computer each week?
2 Where do you use computers?
3 Do you use a phone every day?
4 Do you send messages? Who to?
5 How often do you look at websites each week?
2 What do you think? Do this internet quiz.
Answer a or b.

I've got lots of photos of me and my friends. Is it a good idea to put these photos online?
a Yes, it is. Everyone likes looking at photos.
b No, it isn't. Put photos online and lots of people can see them. So, always ask your parents first. Before you put photos of other people online, ask them.

1 I often use the internet. Is it a good idea to write my real name?
a Yes, it is. You can write your name and age.
b No, it isn't. Don't write your name, address or phone number.


Do you use a computer? Are you safe on the internet? Do this quiz and see.

I've got a new 'friend' on the internet. Is it a good idea to meet this person?
a Yes, it is. Meet this person in a café or at their home.
b Never. You don't really know this person. Be safe. Don't meet someone you don't know.

I like surfing the internet. Are all websites good for me?
a Yes, they are. All websites are good for young people.
b No, they aren't. Some websites are not good for young people. Ask your teacher or parents. They can help you find good websites.

3 I'm 12 years old. Can I join social media sites?
a Yes, you can. You can join all social media sites when you are 10 .
b No, you can't. You can join most social media sites when you are 13.

3 Listen and read the answers at the bottom of the quiz and answer the questions.

1 Are your answers in Exercise 2 correct? How many?
2 Are you safe on the internet?
4 Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 It is / isn't a good idea to use your name on the internet.
2 Always / Never meet people you 'know' on the internet.
3 There are / aren't age limits on social media sites.
4 All websites are / aren't good for young people.
5 It's a good / bad idea to put photos of you and your friends on the internet.

5 Look at the quiz again. Find and match the verbs 1-5 to the words a-e.
1 use
a safe
2 be
b the internet
3 join
c the internet
4 surf
d photos online
5 put
e social media sites

6 Use the phrases in Exercise 5 to complete the sentences.

1 Be careful and $\qquad$ on the internet!
2 When you $\qquad$ lots of people can see them. 3 on your computer. It can help you do your homework.
4 You can $\qquad$ when you are 13 years old.
5 to find information about your hobbies and learn new things.

7 Listen to a short conversation. Is cyber bullying good or bad?

8 Listen to a talk on cyber bullying. Then complete the sentence with $a, b$ or $c$.
When someone isn't nice to you on the internet, speak to $\qquad$ .
a no one
c an adult
b a friend
${ }_{113} 9$ Listen again. Match the questions to the answers.
c They can put bad emails or photos of you online. $\qquad$

## TALKING POINTS

Do people feel good or bad when they get horrible emails or text messages?
What do you and your friends think about cyber bullying?

## 10 Complete the table.

## USEFUL LANGUAGE

DO

- show bad emails
to your parents
talk to an adult

DON'T

- answer bad messages
- put photos online
messages
$\qquad$


## 10 Complete



With a partner, make a Be safe on the internet poster. Write the headings dos and don'ts, and put your ideas under them.

Write ideas for:

- what you do
- what you don't do
- who you ask for help

Find pictures on the internet and illustrate your ideas.
Talk to the class about your poster. Then display your poster in your school's computer room or in your classroom.

## vocabulariy

1 Match the verbs to the nouns and make phrases for jobs around the house. Some verbs have more than one answer.


| verbs | nouns |
| :--- | :--- |
| carry | the bath |
| clean | the cat |
| cook | the dog |
| do | the lunch |
| feed | the shopping |
| tidy | the washing-up |
| walk | your bedroom |

2 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

| athletics better bottle <br> fan knifebowl <br> newspaper |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 Can I have a $\qquad$ of vegetable soup, please?
2 I'm a big $\qquad$ of that singer. I try and go to every concert.
3 My parents buy a $\qquad$ every day. They like to read about what's happening in the world.
4 Please can I have a $\qquad$ to cut my apple?
5 Eat more vegetables. You'll feel $\qquad$ .

6 We can join the $\qquad$ club. I love running.
7 Can I use your $\qquad$ , please? I need to check something on the internet.
8 I always take a $\qquad$ of water with me when I go running.

3 Put the letters in the right order and make job words.
1 rroly rierdv
5 wiatre
2 ujlosaritn
6 egrteirihff
3 nesur
7 htaroogphrep
4 ocodtr
8 ismcunai

## GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences. Use the present simple or the present continuous.

|  | Say cheese! They 're taking our photo! | e taking (take) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Hey! You (sit) | (sit) on my bag. |
| 2 | She $\qquad$ (do) her evenings. She | (do) her homework in the (not watch) TV. |
| 3 | he | (help) his |

dad? No, he $\qquad$
4 What $\qquad$ they
(eat) for breakfast at the weekend?
5 We $\qquad$ (not play) now. We (make) a film.
6 Listen! My brother
the piano.
$7 \quad$ your new T -shirt?
8 They (wear)
the moment. They
(not ride) their bikes at
(walk).

2 In pairs, play O and X . Make a correct question and put O (Player 1) or X (Player 2) in the box. Try to make a line of three Os or three Xs.

| How much $\ldots ?$ | Who $\ldots ?$ | What kind <br> of ...? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Where $\ldots ?$ | How many $\ldots ?$ | What time ...? |
| When ...? | What ...? | How often ...? |

3 Ask and answer with a partner. Ask with How often and answer with always, often, sometimes or never.

0 play board games?
A: How often do you play board games?
B: I never play board games.
1 go to drama club?
2 clean the bathroom?
3 eat biscuits in bed?
4 help your friends with their homework?
5 make cakes in cookery club?
6 watch a movie with your parents?

## LISTENING

## ${ }_{114} 1$ Listen to Daniel's phone calls. Where's Daniel? What's he doing?


14

Listen again and complete the table.

|  | Can he/she talk to Daniel? | What is he/she doing? | Is Daniel happy? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ Jane |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ Jim |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ Paul |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ Isabella |  |  |  |

## READNG

1 Read about Andrii. Then read sentences 1-8 and write yes or no.

Andrii is fifteen. He's got one brother and one sister. Andrii's brother is seventeen and his name's Dmytro. His sister is ten and her name's Lina. Andrii's sister likes reading and doesn't like using smartphones. His brother doesn't like reading, but he likes using smartphones. He likes cooking and playing the guitar. Andrii isn't very good at cooking, but he likes playing tennis.

0 Andrii is ten. no
1 There are three children in Andrii's family.
2 Dmytro is seventeen.
3 Andrii's sister is called Lina.
4 Lina and Dmytro are brothers.
5 Lina likes using smartphones.
6 Dmytro doesn't like reading.
7 Dmytro likes cooking.
8 Andrii doesn't like playing sport.

## SPEAKING

1 Look at the pictures in a café and the words in the box. Something is missing from each picture. Ask the waiter for it. Take turns to be the waiter or waitress.

| bottle | bowl | cup | fork |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| glass | knife | pepper |  |
| plate | salt | spoon | sugar |



## WRIING

1 Look at the Speaking exercise again. Write a short conversation between a customer and a waitress. The customer asks for things. They are not there.
(?) ABOUT YOU
Where do you go at the weekend in your town or city?

Our
town
by Rosa


PRONUNCIATION
/s/ and /k/
3 Look at the words beginning with the letter $c$. How do you say them?
café camera
cinema
city coffee colour computer cup
1 Look at Rosa's photos for a project called 'Our EP town'. Match the places in the photos A-J to the words on the word map.


Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Work in pairs. Take turns to ask and answer.
Photo C.
It's a bank.

4 Complete the sentences with the places in a town or city.

0 You stay in a hotel on holiday.
1 You go to $\qquad$ to study science.
2 You go to a $\qquad$ to play sports outside.
3 You visit a $\qquad$ to learn about the history of a town.
4 You go to a $\qquad$ to get some money.
5 You wait at the $\qquad$ for a train.
6 You go to a $\qquad$ to buy food and things.
7 You meet at the $\qquad$ and see a film.
8 You go to a $\qquad$ to have a meal.
9 You stay in $\qquad$ to get better.

5 What other places can you think of in a town or city? Make a list with your partner.

Then make a word map of your town like the one in Exercise 1. Talk to your partner about your town.

There's a swimming pool and a station in our town. There are also some cafés, but there aren't any cinemas!

6 Look at the photos and answer the questions.
1 Do you remember the TV interview with José? What do Rosa and her friends learn about José from the interview?
2 Who can you see in the photos?
3 Where are they?
4 Why do you think the photographers are there?
${ }_{118} 7$ Lis 7 Listen. What do the photographers want to do?

${ }_{118}^{\square} 8$ Listen again. Who says these sentences?
1 We've got lots of questions for him.
2 We're waiting to take pictures of you.
3 Are there any photographers in the park?
4 I don't want to go back there now.
5 Come with us.
6 This way, José. RUN!

## CRMWMAR

Is there a ...?
Are there any ...?

1 Look at the table and complete the sentences with words and phrases from the box.


2 Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 We use Is there a ...? to ask questions about singular / plural nouns.
2 We use Are there any ...? to ask questions about singular / plural nouns.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 150

3 Look at the Grammar box and complete the questions and short answers.
0 Is there a café in this street? No, there isn't.
$\mathbf{1} \quad$ cinema in the town? No,
2 $\qquad$ restaurants in this street? Yes, $\qquad$ .
3 $\qquad$ university here? No, $\qquad$ -

4 $\qquad$ banks in the town? Yes, $\qquad$ .

5 $\qquad$ museum here? Yes, $\qquad$ .

6 $\qquad$ parks in the town? No, $\qquad$ .
${ }_{119}^{5}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat.
$4 \gg$ Work in pairs. Go to page 125.

## Adjectives: places

1 Look at the photos. What can you see?
2 Read the texts and match them to the photos.


## $\stackrel{4}{120}$ favourite place

## Tell us about your favourite place in 50 words.

## Kate

I live in Odesa, Ukraine and my favourite place is the water park. It's really near the sea. It's big and it's always very clean. I often meet my friends there and we have a great time! It's a very safe place to swim. It's beautiful and it's cheap, too!

## Ruby

I live in Bath, England and my favourite place is Longleat Safari Park. It's great to go there, but it's expensive! You can see lots of different animals. There are tall animals and very small animals. I like the giraffes best. They're very funny. You can see them from outside!

## Arturo

I'm from Rosario, Argentina and my favourite place is a little restaurant below our flat. It's a great place to eat and it's famous for its fish. The food is always good and it's not expensive. I go with my family every weekend. I love living above a restaurant!

## Jan

I'm from Bruges in Belgium and my favourite place is the chocolate factory. Belgium is famous for its chocolate! You can go inside the factory and watch people making the chocolate. It's really interesting. The factory is very important for our town. I want to work there one day.

3 Read the texts again and answer the questions.
1 Where does Kate live?
2 Where is the chocolate factory?
3 Which animals does Ruby like?
4 When does Arturo go to the restaurant?
5 Who wants to work in a factory?
6 Who likes the water?
4 Find the adjectives in the texts.

| beautiful <br> great | cheap | important | expensive |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| interesting |  |  |  |$|$| little | safe | tall |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\underset{121}{71}$ Listen, check and repeat.

## 5 Read the example and answer the question.

The factory is very important for our town.
What is very important?
Now choose the correct word.
Adjectives tell us more about nouns / verbs.
6 Write the opposite of the adjectives.

| big |
| :---: |
| cheap |
| short |
| boring |

Now look at Exercise 4 and find them.

7 Read the four texts on page 82 again. Which place do you like best? Why? Tell your partner.

Now talk about your town. Use the adjectives in Exercises 4 and 6 to help you.
My town is called ... It's big / small ..

## GRAMMAR Prepositions: inside, outside, above, below, near



1 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the prepositions above, below, inside, near, outside.

A The clock is $\qquad$ the door.
B The pet fish is $\qquad$ the house.
C The cat is $\qquad$ the house.
D The dog is $\qquad$ the door.
$E$ The ball is $\qquad$ the window.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 150

2
Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the prepositions in Exercise 1.


0 The supermarket is near Jack's flat.
1 Jack's flat is $\qquad$ the restaurant.
2 Jack is $\qquad$ his flat.

3 The supermarket is $\qquad$ the café.
4 There's a car $\qquad$ the supermarket. It's not in the supermarket!
5 The café is $\qquad$ the supermarket.

3 Write questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

0 What / is / that box / ? (inside)
A: What is inside that box?
B: A sandwich is inside it.
1 What / is / the window / ? (outside)
2 What / have / you / got / on / the wall / your bed / ? (above)
3 Is / there / a cinema / your house / ? (near)
4 Are / there / any exercises / this one / ? (below)

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 10 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What's your favourite place?
Why do you like it there?
What's your favourite thing to do there?

## SPEAKING

1 Use a word map to make some notes about you.
What street do you live in?
What is there in your street?
What can you do there?
Do you like it? Why? / Why not?
I live in Dniprovska street. There is a park near the river. I meet with my friends in the park. I like it there. We can swim, walk or talk, and it's never boring.

Ask and answer the questions with your partner. Compare your answers. Underline similar things, circle different things.

ABOUT YOU
How do you get to school?
Do you walk with your friends?

Transport

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-L.
EP
bike boat bus trolleybus car coach plane taxi train funicular tram Underground

Listen, check and repeat.
2 Read the text about transport in London and Kyiv. Complete the sentences with the words from Exercise 1. Use each word once.

Transport systems in Kyiv and London are not very different but interesting in their own ways.

- There are 3 lines and 52 stations in the Kyiv metro. The London ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ , or Tube, has got 11 lines and over 200 underground stations. In Kyiv and London, you need a contactless card to pay for journeys on a metro train. You can also use a contactless card to travel by 2 $\qquad$ and bus in Kyiv.In London, you can use a contactless card to travel up and down the River Thames. In Kyiv, there are also short ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ journeys on the Dnipro River.People in Kyiv and London can get on a ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ and go to some parts of the cities. They are fast and carry a lot of people.It's possible to drive your own ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ in London or Kyiv, but it's very easy to use public transport.


3 Read the text again. Are the sentences right $(\checkmark)$ or wrong ( $X$ ) ?

1 You can use a contactless card in the Kyiv metro.
2 There are under 200 Tube stations.
3 Trams can take you to all parts of London and Kyiv.

- If you don't want to use your own car, you can get a 6 $\qquad$ on the street. Drivers know every part of Kyiv and London, but this transport can be expensive.If the weather is warm and you have time, rent a 7 $\qquad$ . It's healthy and there are places in Kyiv and London to ride with no cars.Do you want to travel outside London or Kyiv?
Then get a ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ or a ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ or a ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ Information centres can tell you which station or airport is best for you.
- The ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ is not only transport in Kyiv but also a popular and cheap tourist attraction. It can take you up and down the Volodymyr Hill.
- In London, you can travel on a red double-decker 12 $\qquad$ . They are great because they have two floors and you can see famous buildings from the top floor.

4 Taxi drivers only know the streets in the centres of Kyiv and London.
5 Journeys by funicular are expensive.
6 Buses with two floors are called double-decker buses.

## 4 Ask and answer with your partner.

Which kind of transport from Exercise 1 do you have in your town or city?
Which kind of transport do you usually use?
Which kind of transport do you never use?

## GRAMMAR

## because, and, but, or

1 Look at the sentences from the text. The words join two ideas to make a sentence.

They're great because they have two floors. Drivers know every part of Kyiv or London, but this transport can be expensive.
It's healthy and there are places in Kyiv and London to ride with no cars.
Information centres can tell you which station or airport is best for you.

> Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
> 1 We use because / and / but / or to give a different, possible idea.
> 2 We use because / and / but / or to give a reason.
> 3 We use because / and / but / or to give more ideas and information.
> 4 We use because / and / but / or to add a different and opposite idea.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 151

2 Use the table to make sentences with because. Compare your sentences with your partner.

I always walk to school because it's good for me.

- I drink lots of $\quad$ because I I like her. milk
- I always walk to school
- I often help my teacher
- I want to be a doctor

I like helping people. we don't have a car. I like it.
it's good for me. I'm good at science. she asks me. I live in the same street.

3 Complete the sentences with and, but or or.
0 We can get a double-decker bus in the morning and travel on the Tube in the afternoon. We have time to do both!
1 Do you want to visit the Tower of London go to Buckingham Palace? We only have time to see one famous place today.
2 I like visiting cities I try and see all the famous places.
3 I love going out $\qquad$ I don't have a bike. I use my sister's.
4 We can go to the cinema $\qquad$ we can go shopping. Which would you like to do?
5 You can ask Sara to come to the park please don't ask her brother. He isn't nice to me.
6 Can you get the Kyiv metro map, please? Oh, don't forget to bring your contactless cards.
7 I've got your hat $\qquad$ I haven't got your gloves. Sorry!
8 I can come to your house now $\qquad$ we can meet in the park later. I don't mind.

4 Complete the sentences with your own ideas using because, and, but or or. Remember to add another phrase and use a verb. Compare your sentences with your partner.

0 I like watching films and TV shows.
1 Have you got a blue pen ?
2 London is an interesting city $\qquad$ .
3 I don't have a lot of time $\qquad$
4 I want to ask all my friends to my party $\qquad$ .
5 My mum helps me with my homework $\qquad$ .
6 Would you like to get a sandwich ?
7 There's a train at 5 o'clock $\qquad$ .

PRONUNCIATION Final $/ \mathrm{m} /$ and $/ \mathrm{n} /$ sounds

## 5 Say the words with your partner.

| film | London | museum |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| musician | plane | station |
| train | tram |  |

[^2]
## Phrases: going out

1 Ania wants to meet her friends at the weekend.
125 Listen to the four conversations and write the names in her diary. You don't need all the names.

| Alex Ali Eva <br> Hugo Clara  <br> Poppy Sara  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 conversations to help you.


4 Match the phrases 1-6 to the phrases a-k.
EP There is more than one answer.

| 1 | go | a a museum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | go out with | b at eight o'clock |
| 3 | go to | c running |
| 4 meet | d a famous person |  |
| 5 see | e swimming |  |
| 6 visit | f shopping |  |
|  | g friends |  |
|  | h the park |  |
|  | i in the afternoon |  |
|  | j a restaurant |  |
|  | k a film |  |

$\underset{126}{\text { 71) }}$ Listen, check and repeat.


taLking Points
What do you like doing at weekends?
Where do you like going?

1 Complete the table with Let's or Shall we.

| 1. | meet on Saturday. <br> go to the cinema. | Yes, that's a <br> good idea. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | visit Bruno? <br> go shopping? | l'd love to. <br> Sorry, I can't. |

Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

3 We use a question mark after Let's / Shall we.
4 Let's and Shall we have different / similar meanings.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 151

2 Complete this part of Ania's conversation with Poppy. Use the Grammar box to help you.

Ania: ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ go swimming on Saturday.
Poppy: Oh, sorry ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ go on Saturday but Sunday morning's OK.
Ania: That's OK for me, too.
Poppy: ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ meet at the swimming pool?
Ania: $\qquad$ . At quarter to ten?

Listen and check.
3 Practise the conversation in Exercise 2 with your partner. Change the times and places.

4 Make a diary like Ania's. Then look at the adverts and choose two activities. Write the activities and times in your diary.

5 Talk to three friends. Make plans for Saturday and Sunday. See page 125 for an example conversation.

## Maria's

## DO YOU LIKE ITALIAN FOOD?

Come and try our pizzas. We have all your favourites.

Open all day Saturday and Sunday.

1 Read the email from Jason to his new friend Mark. When is Mark's visit?

```
- <<>
Hi Mark,
Thanks for your email. I am very happy about your visit. We can do lots of things when you come. In the morning, we can go to the park because it's near my house and we can meet my friends in the shopping centre in the afternoon. In the evening, we can see a film or listen to some music. I hope you like my ideas, but please tell me what other things you like doing and we can do them, too.
See you next weekend.
Jason
```

Read the email again and underline because, and, but and or.

2 Now write an email to your new friend and give ideas for things to do when he/she visits. Remember to use because, and, but or or in your email. Use the email from Jason and the phrases in the box to help you.

```
go go out with go to meet see visit
```



# CULTURE 

FACTFIIE

## Museums around

 the world
## musaums niouid THE WORLD

## 1 Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.

1 Which adjectives do you think of when you hear the word 'museum'? Tick $(\sqrt{ })$ them.

| beautiful |
| :--- |
| boring cheap exciting |
| interesting new old |

2 Is there a museum near where you live? What type of museum is it?
3 How often do you visit museums? Often, sometimes or never?
4 Do you like visiting museums? Why / Why not?

We can find museums in countries all over the world. There are museums for all types of people: museums about animals, sport, art, culture, science, the past and lots more.
Here are four great museums, in four different
countries. Young people everywhere can enjoy them:
$\star$ the Hockey Hall of Fame

* Questacon
* the Pyrohiv Open-Air Museum
$\star$ the Natural History Museum

2 Look at the photos on the web page and the names of the museums in the Factfile. Which museums do you think are in the text? Tick $(\checkmark)$ them.

A science museum
A history and culture museum $\square$
An art museum
A sports museum
A toy museum
3 Read the web page quickly. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?


I'm Karen. I'm from Canada. My favourite museum in Canada is the Hockey Hall of Fame. It's a museum about ice hockey. Ice hockey is Canada's national winter sport! $\sim$ 敌 The museum is in Toronto. I really like this museum because I love sport. My favourite thing is Shoot Out. You play ice hockey with a famous hockey player. It isn't a real person. It's the size of an adult and it's on a computer. It's cool!


I'm James. I'm from Australia. My favourite museum in Australia is Questacon. It's a museum about science and technology. Questacon is in Canberra, the capital city of Australia. I like this museum because I love science. You can do experiments. But my favourite activity is robot hockey. You can play air hockey Io. Youplayagainstarobot.It's awesome!


I'm Tetiana and I'm from Ukraine. My favourite museum in Ukraine is the National Museum of Folk Architecture and Life, or the Pyrohiv Open-Air Museum. The museum is in Kyiv. I like this museum because I love Ukrainian history and culture. There are a lot of old buildings from different regions of Ukraine. When you visit the museum, the guides can answer questions about Ukrainian traditional homes. You can even ride a horse there. 棌 That's my favourite activity!

4 Read the web page again. Complete the table for the first three museums.

| Name of <br> museum | Hockey Hall <br> of Fame | Questacon | the Pyrohiv <br> Open-Air Museum | Natural History <br> Museum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Country |  | Australia |  |  |
| City | Toronto |  |  |  |
| Type of museum |  |  |  | history and culture |

5 Complete the phrases with the verbs.

| answer | do ride play play visit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | ice hockey | 4 | a horse |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 5 | questions |  |
| experiments | 6 | the |  |
| 3 | air hockey | museum |  |

Now check your answers. Look at highlighted words on the web page.

6 Listen to Beth. She is giving a presentation about her favourite museum. Answer the questions.

1 Why does she like this museum?
2 Why can anyone visit this museum?


## G1) 7 Listen to Beth again. Complete the table in Exercise 4.

## TALKING POINTS

Which museum in the table is your favourite? Why do you like this museum?

## PROJECT <br> A poster about a museum

In pairs or small groups, make a poster about a museum in your town / city. Use photos or draw pictures on your poster. Remember to write:

- the name of the museum
- where it is
- what it is
- why you like it
- what you can do there

Finally, present your museum poster to the class. Take turns to talk. One person says the name of the museum, where it is and what type of museum it is. Another person says why they like the museum. Another person says what you can do there.


| always plural | add $-s$ | add - es | change $-y$ to - ies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| clothes | coat $\rightarrow$ coats | watch $\rightarrow$ watches | party $\rightarrow$ parties |
| jeans | shoe $\rightarrow$ shoes | dress $\rightarrow$ dresses | factory $\rightarrow$ factories |
| hotel $\rightarrow$ hotels |  |  |  |
| trousers | box $\rightarrow$ boxes |  |  |
| glasses | cakes |  |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 152

1. Look at the table in the Grammar box. Write the plural of the words.

| 0 shirt shirts | 6 house | 12 sandwich |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 body | 7 museum | 13 university |
| 2 dictionary | 8 doctor | 14 shop |
| 3 skirt | 9 drink | 15 movie |
| 4 waiter | 10 cinema |  |
| 5 address | 11 sentence |  |

## PRONUNCIATION Plurals

1
2 Listen to the words in the table and repeat.

| /s/ | /z/ | /Iz/ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| coats | shoes | watches |
| cakes | jeans | dresses |
|  |  |  |

3 Now listen and write the words in the table.

```
addresses cinemas doctors
drinks houses museums
sandwiches sentences shirts
shops skirts waiters
```

Listen and check. Then repeat.

4 Talk about the differences between pictures $A$ and $B$ with your partner.

A: In picture $A$, there's one laptop and in picture $B$, there are two laptops.
B: Oh yes! You're right!
5 Write six sentences about the differences in the pictures.


## TALKING POINTS

(D) 12 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What are you wearing?
What do you wear to school?
What do you wear when it rains?
What do you wear when it's hot?
What do you wear to a party?


VOOLBULIRY

## AND READNG

## Phrases: people

1 Look at the picture. The people are going to a carnival. What are they wearing? Use the words in the boxes to make sentences.

Adjectives Colours Nouns

| little <br> long | blue red <br> yellow <br> white | coat dress <br> hat <br> shirt <br> skirt <br> trousers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Person A is wearing a long blue skirt and a white shirt.

2 Match the words and phrases to the people in the EP picture.
beautiful eyes big ears a brown beard dark hair fat long hair old a red nose short shorthair slim tall young

3 Read the messages about the picture. Complete the sentences.

Mike's mum is person A. Mike's uncle is person $\qquad$ Mike's dad is person . Mike's aunt is person .

## 4 Complete the sentences with words from the conversation.

1 Mike's mum is wearing a long blue $\qquad$ and a white $\qquad$
2 She's got long dark $\qquad$ .
3 She's $\qquad$ .
4 Mike's dad's got a big red $\qquad$ and red $\qquad$
5 Mike's uncle is wearing a red $\qquad$ .

6 He's got a big $\qquad$

Freddie, look at this photo of me and my family! We're at the bus stop on our way to the carnival.

Mike

Freddie


Yes, of course! Can't you see them? Mike Freddie $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l}\text { I'm not sure. No, wait! Don't tell me. } \\ \text { I know your mum's tall and slim. Is } \\ \text { she the one wearing the red dress? }\end{array} \\ & \text { No, that's my aunt. Mike }\end{aligned}$


That's right.
Mike


Don't ask! He's got a big red nose and red hair. He always chooses a terrible costume. Mike


Has he got big ears or a big beard?
Mike

## Freddie A big beard.

That's my uncle. I don't know who the other one is! Mike

1 Copy the table into your notebook. Then complete it with the words and phrases from Vocabulary Exercises 1 and 2.

| He/She's (has) got ... | He/She's (is) ... | He/She's (is) wearing ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| long hair | tall | big shoes |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 152

2 Look at the 's in these sentences. Write is or has.

0 She's tall and beautiful.
$\qquad$

1 He's wearing my new jeans!
2 She's got lots of shoes.

3 He's very old and he's got grey hair.
4 She's got blue eyes and a small nose.
5 He's wearing a beautiful new digital watch.

3 Work in pairs. Look at the photos A-D and describe a person. Your partner says the person.

A: She's got long hair and she's wearing jeans.


B: Is it person A?


4 Write three sentences about a person in your class. Read your sentences to the class. The class says the person's name.

This person has got short brown hair. She's tall and slim. She's wearing jeans.

## SPEAKING

1 You're going to a carnival. Draw a picture of you. You're wearing carnival clothes.

2
Work in pairs. Student A, describe your picture to your partner. Student B, listen to your partner and draw the picture.

Don't look at each other's pictures!


3 Compare your pictures. Are they the same or different?

## 15 auvir



## ABOUT YOU

Do you like going shopping? Why / Why not?


## VOGABULARY AND LISTENING

## Shopping

1
Match the words in the box to the photos A-L.
EP

| birthday card | diary | paint | paper |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| perfume | plant | scissors | stamps |
| sweets | rucksack | toothbrush |  |
| umbrella |  |  |  |

${ }_{135}^{51)}$ Listen and check. Then repeat.
$\square_{136} 2$ Listen to the conversation. Why is Dad going shopping? Who is going with him: Ryan or Ava?

3 Listen again. Tick $(\checkmark)$ the things in Exercise 1 that are on Dad's shopping list.

1 Look at the example sentences from the conversation. Think about the difference between need and want.

I want to do a picture for Mum, but I need some blue paint.
I want to go to a party tonight and I need some new clothes.
She wants a plant for the living room.
I need to write a list.
2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 I've got nothing to wear! I need / want some new clothes.
2 I like having lots of clothes. I need / want some new clothes.

3 Complete the sentences with need, needs, want or wants.

0 This football is old. I need a new ball.
1 My friends are outside. They $\qquad$ to play football with me.
2 We $\qquad$ to watch TV. Our favourite film is on tonight.
3 I haven't got any money. I $\qquad$ to go to the bank.
4 A: Can I go out with my friends? B: No, you $\qquad$ to do your homework.
5 My tooth hurts! I $\qquad$ to go to the dentist.
6 It's hot today! My little brother $\qquad$ to go for a swim.
7 My friend $\qquad$ to finish her homework today.

4 Match sentences 1-4 to sentences a-d.

1 I want to go to the cinema.
a I need some new balls.
2 I want to do my homework.
3 I want to play tennis.
4 I want some new jeans. d I need to buy a ticket.
5 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 We always / never use to with a verb after need and want.
2 You can / can't use a noun after need and want.

6 Complete the sentences with to, some or a.
1 I want $\qquad$ get my sister a nice present.
2 I'm thirsty! I need $\qquad$ drink of water.
3 Ineed $\qquad$ finish my homework.
4 My sister wants $\qquad$ sweets.
5 Dad needs $\qquad$ new umbrella.
6 I want $\qquad$ go to my friend's house today.

7 Listen to the conversations. Which shops do the speakers need?

Conversation 1
a toy shop
Conversation 2
b music shop
Conversation 3
c supermarket
Conversation 4
d clothes shop
Conversation 5
e bookshop

8 In pairs, choose an activity.

- have a party for your friends
- go to the park
- go to a football match

Talk about what you need.


## vocabulary <br> AND <br> READING

## Money and prices

1 Read the conversations 1-4 and match them to the pictures A-D.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (138 \\
& 138
\end{aligned}
$$



Excuse me. I really like this hat. How much is it, please?


Bye.


2 Write the numbers.
1 This person doesn't buy anything. Conversation and Conversation $\qquad$
2 This person pays with a card. Conversation
3 This person buys two things.
Conversation
4 This person buys something to eat. Conversation

4 Match the words to the symbols.
cent dollar euro pence pound hryvnia


5 Work in pairs. Write prices for the things in the box. Ask your partner to guess them.

```
dress football jeans rucksack
smartphone watch
```

6 Find and underline buy and pay in the conversations in Exercise 1. Then complete the sentences with buy or pay.

1 These trousers are nice, but I don't want to $£ 50$ for them.
2 Come shopping with me. I need to $\qquad$ a present for Sophie.
3 Wait here a moment. I need to $\qquad$ for my drink.
4 How much money have you got? Shall we some flowers for Mum?
5 I need to $\qquad$ a new rucksack for school.
6 Let's $\qquad$ the waitress and go home.
I'm tired.

## TALKING POINTS

How often do you go shopping?
What do you usually buy?
Who do you go shopping with?
Where do you go shopping?
What's your favourite shop?

## PRONUNCIATION / $\mathrm{s} /$ and $/ \mathrm{s} /$

$\exists_{140} 7$ Listen to the words and complete the table.

| cinema | place shopping <br> stamp <br> conversation sugar <br> sweets |
| :--- | :--- |
| toothbrush |  |


| $/ s /$ | $/ 5 /$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| see | shop |

1 Look at the conversations on page 96. Match the questions to the answers.
1 Why doesn't the
woman want the hat?
2 Why doesn't the boy want the jeans?
3 Why doesn't the girl want the ice cream?
a It's too expensive.
b It's too big.
c They're too long.

2 Look at the answers a-c in Exercise 1. Then choose the correct word(s).

We use too + adjective when something is correct / not correct.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 153

3 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
too cold too dirty too hard too hot
too short

0 He can't go on the ride. He's too short .

1 He can't talk. He's $\qquad$
2 He can't walk on the beach. It's $\qquad$ .

3 She can't do the test. It's $\qquad$ .

4 He can't see out of the bus. The window is $\qquad$ .

4 Practise the conversations on page 96 with a partner.


## WRITING

1 Work in pairs and write a shopping conversation. Use the conversion on page 125 or your own ideas. Practise the conversation and then read it to another pair.

## MFE SKILLS SOCHIL RESPOISIBILITY

## LOOKNIG AFIER OUR WORLD

## LIFE SKILLS

Looking after our world
Lots of people put old clothes in the rubbish.
This makes our world dirty.
You can help our world and other people. You can think about your clothes. It's good to be responsible and:

- give some clothes to other people
- make something new with old clothes
- not buy too many clothes

1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with your partner.
1 Do you wear all your clothes?
2 Do you need or want to keep all your clothes?
3 Are some of your clothes too small?
4 What do you do with your old clothes?
2 Write three things you can do with your old clothes.
1
2
3


3 Read the article. Which of your ideas in Exercise 2 are in it?

## Are you responsible with your clothes? h

Do you throw away your clothes? Do you put old clothes in the rubbish?
These clothes go into landfills. This is bad for our world.
Here is how YOU can help!

## STOP AND THINK!

(-) Don't buy lots of clothes.You don't need five jackets!
© Keep your clothes a long time. Don't wash them in very hot water.

## REUSE YOUR CLOTHES!

© Give your short trousers or jeans to a young person. They can use your clothes again.
(艹) Exchange clothes with friends. For example, you give a friend a hat and
 they give you a T-shirt.
(®) Make your clothes good again. Repair your favourite shirt or jeans!


## TAKE YOUR CLOTHES TO BIG SHOPS

Some big shops help:
(-) give old clothes to other people who need them.
(:) make old clothes into other things.

## DO YOU KNOW?

- We can make playground floors with old shoes.
- We can make paper with old T-shirts.


## FUN IDEA!

- We can make new things from old clothes!
- Make something different and cool.
- How about a bag from old jeans?

4
141

##  

 $\rightarrow$ ?

4 Look at the article again. Read the sentences and write right $(\mathcal{\checkmark})$ or wrong $(X)$.

Ways to help look after our world
1 You can buy lots of new clothes.
2 Other people can wear your old clothes.
3 You can put your old clothes in the rubbish.
4 Shops can help make old clothes into other things.
5 You can make something new from old clothes.

5 Look at the highlighted words in the article. Label the photos.


1


3


5


2


4


6

6 Complete the sentences. Use the words in Exercise 5.

1 I help look after our world. I don't $\qquad$ old clothes.
2 I $\qquad$ my small clothes to my little sister.
3 I $\qquad$ old clothes to a big shop in my town.
4 Do you want to $\qquad$ your blue T-shirt for my red T-shirt?

5 I my water bottle. I put new water in it every day.
6 I can $\qquad$ this shirt and wear it again.

7 Listen to Megan and Jack. What is their plan?
a Take clothes to a shop
b Throw clothes away
c Exchange clothes with friends
71) 8 Listen again. Choose a or b.

1 What does Megan want to give Jack?
a a shirt
b a T-shirt

2 What does Jack want to give Megan?
a a shirt
b a T-shirt

3 Who do they decide to invite?
a friends
b parents

4 When do they decide to invite them?
a on Tuesday
b on Thursday

5 Where do they decide to invite them? a to Jack's house b to Megan's house

## TALKING POINTS

Do you like Megan and Jack's plan? Why / Why not?
Can you think of clothes to give to a friend?
$\square_{142} 9$ Match the two parts of the sentences. Listen and check.

## (1)

## USEFUL LANGUAGE

1 We can exchange a tell our friends.
2 Let's
b idea!
3 What a great
c clothes with our friends.

Look at the Useful Language box and then put the words in order.

1 water / can / bottles / reuse / We / .
2 give / clothes / Let's / people / to / .
3 great / a/What/idea /!

## PROJECT <br> A presentation

In small groups, plan a presentation called 'Look after our world'.

Think about:

- old things at home and at school
- what we can do with these things. We don't want to throw them away!

Write your ideas and add pictures. Then give your presentation to the class.

## UNIIS 18-16

## VOHIBULIAI

1 What can you see in the picture? Talk about it with your partner. How many sentences can you make?

A: There is a bank and a cinema.
B: Yes, and there are some tall buildings.


2 Label the things in the bedroom.


3 What are you wearing? Stand with your back to your partner. Say what he or she is wearing. Then describe your partner. Use 'is' and 'has got'.

```
glasses blue/green/brown eyes
dark/long/short hair tall/short
```



## GRAMMAR

1 Write the plurals of the words. Then tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct spelling rules.

|  |  | plural | -s | -es | -ies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | dollar | dollars | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | city |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | watch |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | shoe |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | dress |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | sandwich |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | taxi |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | nationality |  |  |  |  |

## 2 Choose the correct words.

0 I haven't got a coat. I need / want to buy one.
1 That film is interesting and / but I don't want to go and see it today.
2 I want to wash my hands and / because they are dirty.
3 We can go to the park but / or we can go swimming.
4 The new swimming pool is great. I need / want to go swimming.
5 José is a famous singer and / but I would like to meet him.

6 We've got a test tomorrow. I need / want to do my homework now.

## LISTENING

1 Listen to the conversations. Write the prices next to the pictures.


## SPEAKING

1 You are going with your friends to the cinema. Talk to your partner about things you want to buy.

Let's get some chocolate.
Good idea. Shall we buy some water, too?

## READING

1 Read the messages. Complete them with the words in the box.


Hi Mike
me at the new café at 5.30. I haven't got my mobile!
Lizzie

Hello Georgia
Your sandwiches are on the table. I've got to your dad in hospital.

Mum

## Hi Daniela

There's no fish food! Please $\qquad$ some from the shop.

Dad

Hi Tom
Shall we $\qquad$ shopping later? Wait for me! Julia

2 Read the sentences. Write yes or no.
0 Tom is at the shops now. no
1 The fish need some food.
2 There's some food for Georgia.
3 Tom wants Julia to wait for him.
4 Mike can send Lizzie a text.
5 Georgia's dad is in hospital.
6 Daniela's dad wants her to buy something.

## WRITING

1 Write a note for your mum or dad. You can
choose what to write about.

DIFFERENT PLIOES

ABOUT YOU
Do you live in a town or a city, or do you live in a village?
What is your home like?

The natural world

1 Match the words in the box to the things 1-9
EP in the photos.

| beach <br> garden | countryside |  | flowers | forest |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| grass | river | sea | tree |  |

Listen, check and repeat.
2 Write the words in Exercise 1 next to the meanings.

1 You can swim in this. It's salty.
2 You can see lots of trees here.
3 You can walk here because there are no towns.
4 You can play football on this.
$\qquad$
5 You can sit under this to keep out of the sun.
..................................

6 You can grow these. They are very pretty. $\square$
7 You can find this around a house. $\qquad$
8 You can sit on this. Sometimes it is sand, sometimes it is small stones.
9 You can swim in this. It is water and it moves.


3 Listen to part 1 of the conversation and answer the questions.

1 Where's José?
2 Where are the photographers? Why?
3 What does José invite Paolo to do?


4 Listen to Part 2. Write yes or no. Then change the no sentences and make them true.

0 The friends are in José's house.
No. The friends are in José's hotel room.
1 Rosa wants to look at photos of José's family.
2 José's house is in the city.
3 José gives the friends some tickets for his concert.
4 The concert is tomorrow evening.
5 Paolo needs to wash some clothes.
5 Look at photos A-D. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) José's house.
Listen to Part 2 again and check.
6 Look at photos A-D again. Where would you like to live? Why? Tell your partner.

## GRAMMAR <br> Comparatives: short adjectives

1 Complete Rosa's sentences with the words in the box.

| newer |
| :--- |
| older |



Now complete the sentences.
3 We add -er to short adjectives / nouns to make the comparative form.
4 We write than / that after the comparative.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

2
Look at the examples.

| adjective | comparative | spelling |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| big | bigger than | double letter +er |
| dirty | dirtier than | $y \rightarrow i+e r$ |
| new | newer than | $+e r$ |
| nice | nicer than | $+r$ |
| old | older than | $+e r$ |
| small | smaller than | $+e r$ |

Now complete the table below. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

| clean <br> long | fat <br> sad | happy <br> safe | hot <br> tall | hungry <br> young |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $+e r$ | $+r$ | double letter +er | $y \rightarrow i+e r$ |  |
|  |  | fatter |  |  |

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

3 Complete the sentences. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.


## PRONUNCIATION than <br> ${ }_{148}^{71)} 4$ Listen and repeat. <br> 1 Rosa's house is older than José's house. <br> 2 The sea in Brazil is bluer than the sea in England.

5 Compare your home with the photos of houses on page 102. Make sentences and then tell your partner.

6 Look at the photos A-F. Talk about them with your partner. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

| big | clean | dirty | happy | hot |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| long | new | nice | old | sad |
| short | slow | small | tall | young |

The beach in picture A is cleaner than the beach in picture B.
The cars in picture $C$ are older than the cars in picture D.


## Adjectives: opinions

1
EP
Complete the words 1-7 in the text using the adjectives in the box.

| amazing | attractive | exciting | fantastic |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| popular | unusual | wonderful |  |

Listen, check and repeat. 149

## Kyiv Zoo

Come and have a ${ }^{4} f$ $\qquad$ family day out with us.

You can:

- go on an excursion around the zoo
- learn about all the wild animals
- have animal therapy

- help look after the animals in the zoo ... and more. There are always new animals to see. We're open every day all year round! Look at the website for prices and times. We're very ${ }^{5} p$ $\qquad$ , so there are always a lot of visitors at the zoo!


## GRFAT Days out

## The Eden Project

Come and have a great family day out.
'The Eden Project is more ${ }^{1} \mathrm{u}$ than Alton Towers.' * Gemma 14

See our:

* huge biomes
* wonderful flowers from around the world * ${ }^{2}$ w $\qquad$ buildings * a real rainforest ... and more.

There's always lots to do and see. We're open all year round. Look at the website for prices and times.


VISIT A VERY OLD UKRAINIAN CASTLE.
Come and:

- walk around the outside
- visit the ${ }^{7}$ at $\qquad$ rooms inside the castle
- learn about the history of the castle - watch a play at night ... and more.

You won't be bored at Kamianets-Podilskyi Castle! We're open all year round.
Look at the website for prices and times.

3 Read about the days out again and answer the questions.

1 Which places can you visit in December?
2 Where can you see animals?
3 Where can you visit a water park?
4 Where can you find wonderful gardens?
5 Where can you learn some history?
4 What other places like these can you visit in Ukraine? Tell your partner.

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 13 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
Which of the four places would you like to visit? Why?
What places in your country do you want to visit? Why? What places outside your country do you want to visit? Why?

1 Look at the examples from page 104 and then complete the sentences.

The Eden Project is more unusual than Alton Towers.
Kamianets-Podilskyi Castle is more exciting than Kyiv Zoo.

1 We add more / -er to long adjectives when we compare things.
2 We write 'more' before / after a long comparative adjective.
3 We write 'than' before / after a comparative adjective.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

2 Write sentences. Use the Grammar box in Exercise 1 to help you.

0 Houses / expensive / cars.
Houses are more expensive than cars.
1 The president of the USA / famous / my mum!
2 Science / interesting / maths.
3 The school garden / popular / the park.
4 Tennis / exciting / football.
5 This idea / unusual / that one.
6 Some animals / attractive / others.
3 Make sentences with nouns from Box A and adjectives from Box $B$, or use your own ideas. Make some sentences true and some false.

## Box A: nouns

computers Edinburgh English
geography history London maths
my dad my sister my teacher New York
school smartphones Sydney the beach
the park Kyiv

## Box B : adjectives

exciting expensive famous fantastic important interesting popular unusual

I think maths is more interesting than English.
4 Work in pairs. Read your partner's sentences. Which sentences do you think are true? Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) them and then compare answers with your partner.

5 Read about four families and then read the texts on page 104 again. With your partner, compare the days out for the different families and give reasons. Use the adjectives on pages 104-105.

I think the Eden Project is more interesting than Alton Towers for the Smith family because ...

Tom Smith is a doctor and his wife, Miriam, is a teacher. They haven't got any children. Tom likes animals and history, but Miriam thinks flowers are more interesting than animals.

The Edwards family are from a small village in Wales. Caroline works in a hospital and the twins, Clara and Jack, are ten. They think history is boring, but Caroline loves it. She also likes gardens.

The Hordiienko family live in Nizhyn, a town in the north of Ukraine. Oleksandr works in a bank and Olha works in a shop. Their son Ihor is six. He loves animals and thinks safaris are very exciting.

The Field family are from the UK. Roger is a bus driver and he's got three children: Lucy, age 8, Liam, age 12, and Ben, age 15 . Roger likes visiting old castles. The children want to do something more exciting and to have a good time.

## SPAMKING

1 In pairs, ask and answer the questions.
Which places in your country do you want to visit for a family day out? Why?
Which places outside your country do you want to visit to do family activities? Why?
Are there any places you don't want to visit? Why?
2 Together, choose one place you both want to visit. Tell the class about it and say:

- where it is
- what kind of place it is
- what you can do there
- what you can see there
- when the best time to visit is
- what is unusual/attractive/exciting about it.


## What do you think <br> about the ueather?

## ABOUT YOU

What's your favourite time of year? Why?

## Messages

Some people love talking about the weather. What about you? Send us a message. Answer one of these questions.
1 How do you feel when it's raining?
2 What sports do you do in the winter?
3 Do you like summer more than winter?

Hannah, 11, Oxford
I play football every autumn and winter in the rain, wind and snow. The cold weather doesn't stop me!

Kellie, 13, Southampton
I feel bad when it rains in the holidays. I like doing things outside. I don't want to stay inside reading or watching TV. And you can't go to the cinema every day - it's too expensive.

Libby, 12, Newport
I love sports, but it's harder to do them outside in winter. I play tennis in the summer and spring, but not in winter. I often go swimming with my friends on Saturdays in winter.

Josh, 12, Aberdeen
Rain is just water - it's not a problem. I put on a coat and I go outside. It's fun!

David, 13, Suffolk
I have a horse and I ride it every day - in the winter and in the summer. Cold weather's not a problem, but we don't like the wind!
It's not nice!
Ethan, 11, London
No, I don't like hot sun at all - my favourite kind of weather is snow. It's much better to play in.

Finn, 10, Hull
Sad! I want to go on a day out with my parents and my brother, but we can't go because it's raining.

Sarah, 14, Derby
Of course! I love the sun. It's my favourite kind of weather. I feel happier when it's warm. I love going to the pool with my friends. When I'm on holiday, I spend time at the beach and swim in the sea.

## VOGABULARY AND READING

## Weather

1
Match the pictures A-K to the words.

| autumn | cold | hot | rain snow |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spring | summer | sun | warm |
| wind | winter |  |  |

$\underset{151}{\text { 4.) }}$ Listen, check and repeat.

4 Read the messages again. Who says this?
1 I like the snow more than the sun.
2 It's not easy to do sports in winter.
3 I don't stay inside when it's raining.
4 I can't go out today because of the weather.
5 I like being outside, but not in the rain.
6 Warm weather is better than cold weather.
5 Match the words with the same vowel sound.

| A | B | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| snow | sport | fun | where |
| wind | stay | find | stop |
| rain | live | watch | love |
| warm | coat | wear | ride |

Fi) $_{153}$ Listen, check and repeat.
153

## TALKING POINTS

(D) 14 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
What do you eat when it's hot?
Do you like summer or winter?
What do you do when it's raining?

## GRAMMAR it

1 Look at the examples from page 106 and complete the sentences.

I feel bad when it rains in the holidays.
I have a horse and I ride it every day.


Read the messages on page 106 again and find more sentences with it.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 155

2 Put the words in order and complete the sentences.
0 really / It's / outside / hot
It's really hot outside - let's go to the beach.
1 play / It's / to / fun
in the snow.
2 hot / when / good / it's I don't feel $\qquad$ .
3 it's / but / really / hard I like maths
4 wear / it / you / can
That's my hat but $\qquad$ .
5 but / it / / / play / can't
I've got a guitar
3 Look at the questionnaire. Complete questions 5, 6 and 7 with your own ideas. Then ask and answer with your partner.

1. What do you do when it's raining?
(2) How do you feel when it's hot?
(3) What kind of clothes do you wear in summer?
2. What kind of food do you eat when it's cold?
(5) What do
3. How do you feel
?
(7) What kind of
?

4 Tell the class about your partner.
Eva stays at home when it rains. She loves it when it's hot. She likes eating soup and bread when it's cold.

5 Choose a question from the web page and write
a message about you.

AND LISTENING

## Holidays

1 Look at the photos A-C. These people are all on holiday. Describe what they are doing.

2 Listen to three phone messages. Match the messages to the photos.

3 Listen to the messages again and answer the questions.

## Message 1

1 What country is the girl in?
2 What does she say about the weather?

## Message 2

3 Who is the boy camping with?
4 What day is he coming home?

## Message 3

5 What kind of sports does the boy do every day?
6 What day is he coming home?
7 Who do you think is having the best holiday?



4 Complete the sentences with information about you. Then compare your answers with your partner.

1 The best place for a holiday in Ukraine is

2 The best time to go on holiday in Ukraine is
3 The best people to go on holiday with are

4 Exciting things to do on holiday are

5 Complete the table with the words in the box.
EP

| eatch | come | drive fly | get |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| leave | stay | tent | travel | visit |


| places to stay | travel verbs |
| :--- | :--- |
| hotel | catch |

6 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 Hurry! The bus is leaving / catching in a minute.
2 Let's come / get the train to the city centre.
3 We're staying / visiting at a really nice hotel this week.
4 Dad doesn't like flying so we travel / drive by train when we go on holiday.
5 My brother and I catch / go the bus to school every morning.
6 Come / Visit to my house in the morning, and then we'll go out.
7 Look at the different meanings of get. Match them to the sentences.

```
a bring b buy c arrive d catch
```

1 What time do you get home every evening?
2 I need to get some new tennis shoes.
3 Let's get the bus. I don't want to walk.
4 I'm thirsty. Can you get me a drink?

## CRAMMAR Prepositions: with, for, until

I'm with Sofia.

We're staying here for three days.

We're here until Friday.


GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 155

1 Complete the postcard. Choose the correct prepositions.

Hi Lara
We're staying on a farm ${ }^{1}$ for / with some friends of my parents. The weather's great. It's warm, but it's not too hot. We're here ${ }^{2}$ until / for Sunday. Every day we walk in the countryside ${ }^{3}$ for/ until three or four hours. I'm always hungry!
See you soon
Mykhailo


2 Complete the sentences with for, with and until.
1 Sam and I are going to Tom's party. Do you want to come $\qquad$ us?
2 I play football about two hours every Saturday.
3 My music lesson doesn't finish $\qquad$ three o'clock.
4 I can come to the park $\qquad$ an hour this afternoon.
5 I want to go on holiday $\qquad$ my friend this year.
6 You can stay at my house Saturday.

## WRITING

1 You are on holiday in one of the places in the photos. Write a postcard to your friend. Then read your postcard to the class.

- Say where you are and who you're with.
- Say what the weather is like.
- Say what you do every day.
- Say how long you are staying.



## CULTURE

## BEACH OULTURE TD AUSTRMLIA MDD NEW ZAILIND

1 Work in pairs．Discuss the questions．
1 How often do you go to the beach？
2 When do you go to the beach？
3 What do you like doing at the beach？

Beach culture is very important in Australia ana New Zealand．When it＇s sunny and hot，people go to the beach at the weekend and for holidays． There are lots of summer camps in Australia and New Zealand．Young people stay at the beach with their friends and do fun activities．They can：
＊do activities in the water
$\star$ do activities on the beach
$\star$ have barbecues and eat on the beach
＊learn about safety in the water and on the beach

2 Read the web page quickly．Are the sentences right $(\mathcal{J})$ or wrong $(X)$ ？

1 The Kiwi Summer camp is in Australia．
2 The Kiwi Summer camp is on the beach．$\square$

Welcome to KIWI SUMMER CAMP！

Do you know？People from New Zealand are called＇New Zealanders＇． Some people call them ＇Kiwis＇．A kiwi is also a bird，and a fruit．
－Spend a week with other young people．
－Do exciting activities at the beach．
－Enjoy campfires every night．


## GO SNORKELLING IN THE SEA！

You need a special board．You can stand，sit or lie on the board． Climb to the top of the sand dune $木 木$ ，and go down．It＇s fast and exciting！

## GO KAYAKING IN THE SEA！

You need a boat called a＇kayak＇，and you need a paddle．When we go in the sea，we use a special kayak called a＇sit on top＇kayak．It＇s amazing！

You need a snorkel mask．Some people also wear special swimming shoes called＇fins＇$A$ ． You can go on a boat and jump into the sea or you can snorkel near the beach．Swim under water and see fantastic fish．

3 Read the web page again. Complete the sentences.

| hats <br> young | jackets night one swimming |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 The Kiwi Summer Camp is for $\qquad$ people.
2 People go to the camp for $\qquad$ week.
3 At the summer camp, there are campfires every
4 For activities on the beach, people wear sun

5 People who are good at $\qquad$ can go snorkelling in the sea.
6 For activities on boats, people wear life $\qquad$ .

4 Read the sentences and write the words. Use the highlighted words on the web page.

1 You do this under the water.
2 You do this on the water. $\qquad$
3 You do this on the beach.
4 You stand or sit on this.
5 You wear this on your face. It helps you see fish.
6 You use this to move through the water.
5 Complete the table. Use the words in Exercise 4.

| Things we do |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Places | under the <br> water | on the <br> beach | on the <br> sea |
|  | bhings we use |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

6 Write the countries.


7 Listen to Shane talking about a surfing camp. Which activities does he talk about? Underline them.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { kayaking sandboarding snorkelling } \\
& \text { surfing } \quad \text { swimming }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 8 Listen again. Choose the correct words.

1 Where is this summer camp?
a Australia
b New Zealand

2 What activity do they do in the morning?
a snorkelling
b surfing

3 What equipment do they need to do this activity?
a a paddle
b a board

4 What other activities can they do in the afternoon?
a snorkelling and swimming
b snorkelling and kayaking
5 What do they wear to be safe in the sun?
a trousers and a shirt b a hat and a shirt
6 What do they have in the evening?
a a barbecue
b a party

## TALKING POINTS

Do you like the idea of staying at a summer camp on the beach?
Which is your favourite summer activity?

## PRO, FT A summer camp leaflet

In small groups, write a leaflet for a summer camp at the beach in Ukraine. Find photos or draw pictures to put on your leaflet. Make it look fun. Remember to write:

- the name of the summer camp
- where it is
- how long young people can stay there
- what activities you can do in the morning, afternoon and evening
Present your summer camp
leaflet to the class.

What do you like to do when you go out with your friends? Where do you like to go?


A
Going home in the car.


VOCABULARY AND
Adjectives (1)

1 Look at the photos A-F. They tell a story. Try to put them in the right order with your partner.

2 Listen and check your ideas.
3 Match some of the adjectives in the box to things in the photos. Make sentences with your partner.

| difficult | easy | excited | fast |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| friendly | late | loud slow |  |

The music's loud.
Picture C
Paolo's a bit late.
Picture F
Listen to the story again and check.


Paolo's looking at his watch.

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## GRAMMAR

1 Look at the examples from the recording.

| $\oplus$ | $\boldsymbol{\oplus}$ | ( | Short answers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I was late. | Paolo wasn't | Were you tired? | Yes, we were. |
| It was fantastic! | there. | Was the music good? | Yes, it was. |
| We were really excited. | We weren't late. | Where were you? |  |
| They were really friendly. |  |  |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 156

Now answer the questions.
Are Paolo, Rosa and Joelle talking about last night or every night?
Do we use was and were to talk about now or the past?

2 Look at the examples. Complete the table with was, wasn't, were and weren't.

|  | I / he / she / it was / wasn't |  | you / we / they were / weren't |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | 1 । $\qquad$ happy. <br> 2 She $\qquad$ tall. |  | 10 You $\qquad$ late. <br> 11 They $\qquad$ good. |  |
| $\Theta$ | 3 I $\qquad$ tired. <br> 4 It $\qquad$ in my bag. |  | 12 You $\qquad$ at school. <br> 13 We $\qquad$ cold. |  |
| (2) | 5 $\square$ she nice? <br> 6 $\qquad$ it interesting? <br> 7 Where $\qquad$ it? | 8 Yes, she $\square$ <br> 9 No, it $\qquad$ | 14 $\qquad$ they good? <br> 15 $\qquad$ you bored? <br> 16 Where $\qquad$ your friends? | 17 Yes, they $\qquad$ <br> 18 No, we $\qquad$ . |

3 Correct the sentences. Use was, wasn't, were and weren't.

0 Paolo, Joelle and Rosa were at the concert last week.
They weren't at the concert last week. They were at the concert last night.
1 Rosa was late for the bus.
3 The concert was at nine o'clock.
4 It was easy to take a photo of the band.
5 Paolo, Joelle and Rosa were tired before the concert.

## PRONUNCIATION

5 Write five questions. Begin Where were you ...? Use the words below or your ideas. Then ask and answer with your partner.

Where were you on Monday evening?
I was at my dance class. It was a lot of fun.


## Adjectives (2)

1 Read the first part of the article and look at the photo. Answer the question.

What does Sandy Berry do?

SANDY BERRY has an exciting job. She's a sound engineer, and she travels around the world with bands on tour. Here, she tells us about her life, and why she loves her job so much.

## A

It's difficult to choose. I work with my favourite thing in the world - music. I travel all over the world. I was in Europe last month, and in the USA the month before that. I'm always meeting new people and learning new things. And I see brilliant shows every night. It's great fun.

B
His name was Mr Royce and he was my music teacher when I was 11. His lessons were great. He was a sound engineer before he was a teacher. He was so pleased to help me make my dream come true.

## C

By bus! After each show, we pack all the equipment up and then drive to the next place. When we arrive, we get the stage ready for the show that night. We need to be quick, because often there isn't much time.

## D

Not much! There is only space for each of us to have a very small bag. I take good shoes, because I'm on my feet a lot. And one set of nice clothes for going out on our day off. I don't take a book because there's no time to read.

## E

Well, the days are very long and I get tired sometimes. I work 16 hours some days. And you need to be strong because the equipment is heavy. It's not an easy life. But I have no plans to change it!

2 Read the other parts of the article - paragraphs A-E. Answer the questions.

1 How do you think Sandy travels when she is working?
2 What do you think Sandy puts in her bag when she travels?
3 Match the questions 1-5 to the paragraphs A-E in the interview.

1 Who was your favourite teacher?
2 What do you always take with you when you travel?
3 How do you travel?
4 What's the best thing about your job?
5 How difficult is your job?
4 Find these words in the article and underline them.
EP
Then complete the sentences with the correct words.

| brilliant <br> quick | fun <br> ready | heavy <br> strong | new | pleased |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |

1 These bags are really $\qquad$ I I can't carry them! new / heavy / strong
2 The concert was $\qquad$ . I was sad at the end! pleased / new / brilliant
3 Learning the guitar is $\qquad$ . I'm really enjoying it. quick / ready / fun
4 My dad can move big pieces of furniture. He's really
$\qquad$ . strong / ready / heavy
5 We're moving into our house soon.
new / quick / pleased
6 I'm really you can come to my party. pleased / fun / brilliant
7 I'm so tired. I'm to go to sleep. ready / new / quick

## TALKING POINTS

Do you enjoy going to concerts? What do you think about Sandy's job? Does it sound exciting to you?

## GRAMMAR

Wh- questions in the present and past

1 Match the questions to the answers.
1 Where was Sandy last month?
2 Why does Sandy need good shoes?
3 How long are Sandy's work days?
4 How many bags does Sandy take with her on tour?

5 Who was Mr Royce?
6 What does Sandy like about her job?
A Sandy's music teacher.
B 16 hours.
C Working with music.
D She's on her feet a lot.
E One.
F She was in Europe.
2 Read the questions in Exercise 1 again. Complete the list of question words.

How? What?

3 Now read the questions again. Complete the sentence with can or can't.
You answer Wh- questions with Yes or No.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 156

4 Put the words in order and make questions. Start the questions with question words.

0 How / in / old / were / 2016 / you / ? How old were you in 2016?
1 What / your / is / English / name / teacher's / ?
2 Who / was / student / best/ the / today / ?
3 How / your / last / long / was / holiday /?
4 Where / Saturday / were / you / on / ?
5 What/you/do/school/after/do/?
6 How / this / was / difficult / exercise / ?

## SPEAKING

1 Ask and answer the questions in Grammar Exercise 4 with your partner.

2 Work in pairs. Write five questions in the present or past. Use the prompts to help you. Then ask your partner the questions.

- What colour / first schoolbag?
- What / put in your bag when you travel?
- Where / you in 2018?
- What / favourite book when you / young?
- How / travel to school every day?

How many similar answers do you have with your partner?
Complete the sentence: We both

ABOUT YOU
What are your favourite animals? Are they wild animals, farm animals or pets? Have you got any pets?


VOGABULARY AND
READING

Wild animals

1 Match the animals to the photos EP A-J.

| bear | crocodile |
| :--- | :---: |
| elephant | giraffe |
| kangaroo leopard <br> monkey snake <br> tiger zebra |  |

Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Work with your partner. Describe an animal. Ask your partner to guess what it is.

It's got a very long neck.
A giraffe.

3 Read about Alessandro's summer holiday and choose the best title.
a Weekend work
b Helping my aunt
c My fantastic summer!

Now you're back at school, write about your summer for the school website. Were you at the beach? Were you at home?

It was the beginning of the school holidays and I was bored! Then my mum's friend Jess phoned. She has a small safari park, and she needed some help for a day. At 7 am the next day, Jess walked with me around the safari park and showed me all the different animals. I liked the giraffes best with their amazing dark blue tongues. After that, I started work.

First, I carried food to the different animal houses. I waited outside and watched the workers feed the animals. The tigers and the bears were very hungry and finished all their food quickly. The monkeys played a noisy game with their food. They weren't hungry! Next, I cleaned some of the animal houses. I even cleaned the snake house!

After lunch, the safari park opened for visitors. I worked at the ticket office - I took money from the visitors and gave them information about the safari park. Most people wanted to know the crocodile feeding time because that's fun to watch. The safari park closed at 5 pm . I really enjoyed my day and Jess asked me to go back and help the next day. In the end, I helped in the safari park for two weeks and it was fantastic.


4 Read Alessandro's text again. Are the sentences right $(\checkmark)$ or wrong $(X)$ ? Correct the wrong sentences.

1 Alessandro's dad's friend wanted help at the beginning of the holidays.
2 Parts of the giraffes' bodies were blue.
3 There were several animal houses at the safari park.

4 The monkeys were hungry.
5 There weren't any snakes in the safari park.
6 Alessandro was busy with the animals all day.
7 The crocodiles were very popular with the visitors.
8 Alessandro was very happy working at the safari park.

5 What do you think was Alessandro's favourite part of the day? Discuss with your partner. Which jobs would you like to do? Can you think of any other jobs at a safari park?

## GRAMMAR

## Past simple ${ }^{\oplus}$

1 Look at the examples. Choose the correct words to complete sentences 1,2 and 3 .

After that, I started work.
I worked at the ticket office.
After lunch, the safari park opened for visitors.
We liked the giraffes best.
You all helped a lot today.
The monkeys played a noisy game.

1 We add -ing / -ed to the verb to make the past simple.
2 The verb ending for the past simple is the same / not the same for I, you, he, she, it, we and they.
3 We use the past simple to talk about actions at a point of time in the past / present.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 157

2 Look at Alessandro's text on the web page. Find the past simple of the verbs.

| ask earry clean close enjoy finish |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| help like need | open | phone play |  |  |  |
| show | start | wait | walk | want | watch |
| work |  |  |  |  |  |

3 Now put the verbs into the correct columns in the table.

| +ed | +d | $\mathbf{y}=\mathrm{ied}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| started | phoned | carried |

4 Complete the sentences with one of the verbs from Exercise 2.

1 Last summer, I with my dad in his shop.
2 She $\qquad$ with toy animals when she was a child.

3 I $\qquad$ to school with my friends yesterday morning.
4 They some TV yesterday evening.
5 My brother one of my bags of shopping for me.
6 I the window because it was hot in the room.
7 We a long time for the bus. It was very late!
8 I ... to go shopping because there wasn't any bread in the house.

## PRONUNOIATION Extra syllable

$\emptyset_{162} 5$ Listen and repeat the verbs. Which ones have an extra syllable when we add -ed? Complete the table.

| earry | like | need | paint | start |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| show | talk | visit | wait | want | wash |


| extra syllable | no extra syllable |
| :--- | :--- |
| need - needed | carry-carried |

What do you notice about the verbs with an extra syllable when we add -ed?

6 Work with a partner. Talk about last weekend using the verbs in box $A$ and the time phrases in box $B$.

Box A

| carry | clean | cook | dance | enjoy | kick |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| like | listen | paint | play | practise |  |
| study | travel | visit | walk | wash |  |

## Box B

On Saturday morning, ...
On Sunday evening, ... Last weekend, ...
Last Saturday morning, / Last Sunday afternoon, ...

On Saturday, I watched a film with my friend. I liked it a lot.

## vogabulary and Listening

## Pets and farm animals

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-H.
EP

| bird cat cow | dog |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| mouse | puppy | rabbit | | donkey |
| :---: |
| sheep |$\quad$ kitten

${ }_{163}{ }^{7}$ ) Listen and check. Then repeat.
2 Write the plural form of the animals in Exercise 1.
$\underset{164}{\square}$ Listen and check.
3 Put the animals from Exercise 1 into the right columns. Some animals can go in both columns. You can add other animals.
pets
animals on a farm


## taLking Points

Have you or your family got any pets? What are they?
Do you live on a farm? What farm animals have you got? to Jim Clark, the host, about her and her family's animals. How many animals does Zara have? What members of her family does she talk about?


5 Listen to the interview again and answer the questions.

Which animal(s):
1 is / are three years old?
2 lives / live in her bedroom?
3 was / were a present?
4 is / are better than watching television?
5 is / are white?
6 looks / look sad.
7 lives / live in the fields?
8 likes / like the sheep now?

## GRAMMAR Past simple

1 Look at the examples. Choose the correct words to complete sentences 1 and 2.

No, I didn't ask you - sorry.
You didn't ask me.
The dog didn't like the sheep at first.
We didn't talk about farm animals.
My friend didn't want them.

> 1 We use didn't / don't and a verb to make the past simple negative for I, you, he, she, it, we and they.
> 2 We add / don't add -ed to the main verb to make the past simple negative.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 157

2 Write the past simple negative of the verbs.
1 practised
4 studied
7 remembered
2 stopped
5 changed
3 loved
6 used

Listen and check. Then repeat.
3 Complete the sentences with the past simple negative of the verbs in brackets ().

1 You $\qquad$ (not show) me your new kitten yesterday. Can I see it now?
2 I'm unhappy because Felix $\qquad$ (not invite) me to his party last week.
3 We $\qquad$ (not visit) the safari park yesterday because it was closed.
4 Last summer, the Jones family $\qquad$ (not travel) by train. They used their car.
5 The school bus $\qquad$ (not wait) for me yesterday so I was late for school.
6 My dad $\qquad$ (not cook) pizza last night. He cooked fish and chips.

4 Read the story and underline all the verbs. Then write the story in the past tense.

Maksym lives with his parents in the city. He doesn't enjoy living in the city. Once a month, Maksym visits his parents' friends in the country. They don't live in a village; they live on a farm by a river. Maksym always enjoys his time there.

Maksym talks to his parents. There is a good school near their friends' house. He wants to go to that school and to live with his parents' friends and to help them on the farm.

So Maksym changes schools and helps his parents' friends on the farm every day. His parents decide to move to the country, too. Now Maksym, his parents and their friends all live together on the farm.

## WRITING

1 Write a review of your school year for the school website.

Think about the school year and write about:

- school trips you enjoyed
- your favourite subjects and why you liked them
- the best after-school clubs and what you did there


## LIFE SKILLS gollaboariton

## DEGDINE THITAS TOCETHER <br> AT YOUR CINEMA THIS WEEK!

## LIFE SKILLS

Deciding things together
It can be difficult to make decisions as a group. Friends want to do different things.

So, we need to:

- tell friends what we think
- listen to friends. What do they want to do?
- use their ideas and our ideas
- find answers together

1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.

1 Where do you like going with friends?
2 What food do you like eating with friends?
3 What is your favourite film? Why?
5 Do you find it difficult to choose a film with friends? Why / Why not?

2 Read the film posters. Answer the questions.

1 What film do you want to see? Why?
2 What other films do you know that look like these three films?

3 Read the conversation. What film do you want to see? Why?

4 Read the film posters again. Match the films 1-3 to the words a-c.
1 Looking for Gold a funny
2 Wizard Academy 3 b exciting
3 Planet Aliens
c magic

5 Read the messages again. Answer the questions.
1 What film does Clare want to see? Why?
3 What film doesn't Tom want to see?
4 What film does Tom want to see?
5 Does Beth want to see the same film as Tom?
6 What film does Beth want to see?
6
Label the pictures 1-6 with the highlighted words in the messages. Then, match the words to the meanings a-f.


1


2


3
a They can do magic.
b They go on adventures and find things.
c They don't live on our planet.
d They are like you and me.
e Crocodiles and kangaroos are other examples.
f They can do special things and they stop bad people.

7 Listen to Clare, Tom and Beth. Answer the question.

What three things do they have on their pizza?

8 Listen again and complete the table. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) for likes and cross ( $X$ ) for doesn't like.


|  | Clare | Tom | Beth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| tomato |  |  |  |
| cheese |  |  |  |
| egg |  |  |  |
| tuna (fish) |  |  |  |
| vegetables |  |  |  |

## TALKING POINTS

What do you like on your pizza?
What don't you like on pizza?

9 Match the phrases 1-3 to the pictures a-c.

## USEFUL LANGUAGE

1 I really like vegetables.
2 I really don't like fish.
3 I think egg is $O K$.


10
Look at the pictures and write three sentences. Use the phrases in Exercise 9.


2


3


## PROJECT

A plan for a Saturday afternoon with friends

Imagine you are going to the cinema and then for a pizza with your friends. In groups, decide what film to see and what to have on one big pizza. Talk about:

- the films you can see at the cinema at the moment
- the films you and your friends like / don't like

Choose a film together and then talk about:

- the things you can put on a pizza
- the things you and your friends like / don't like on pizza
Tell the class what you decide and why.


## VOGABULAMY

## 1 Complete the sentences with the words in

 the box.| beach <br> river | countryside <br> sea trees |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | flowers garden

0 I love swimming in the sea on holiday.
1 I love lying on the $\qquad$ when I go on holiday.
2 There are lots of fish in the $\qquad$ behind my house.
3 You have some beautiful flowers in your $\qquad$ .
4 The forest has a lot of tall $\qquad$ in it.
5 My dog loves running in the $\qquad$ .
6 I love it when there are lots of $\qquad$ in summer.

2 Read the sentences and complete the words.
0 This is a very young dog. pup py
1 These animals are often white and live on a farm. s
2 This animal often carries things for people. d
3 This animal lives in water and has a lot of teeth. C
4 You can get milk from this animal. c $\qquad$
5 This kind of animal can fly. b $\qquad$
6 This animal is a kind of cat and comes from Africa. 1

## GRAMMAR

1 Make sentences with the adjectives in the box. There is more than one answer.

| big clean cold | dirty | easy |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| exciting | expensive | famous |  |
| important | interesting | nice | old |
| young |  |  |  |

[^3]1 your school bag / my school bag
2 José da Silva / our teacher
3 a visit to the safari park / a trip to a museum
4 writing English / speaking English
5 films/books
6 going on holiday / staying at home

## 2 Complete the conversations with the words in the

 box.for in on on until with with

1 A: Did you go to Sam's party on Saturday
evening?
B. Yes. I went $\qquad$ Paulina.
2 A: I waited for you $\qquad$ two o'clock! Where were you?
B: I was in my guitar lesson. I always have a guitar lesson Monday.
3 A: Were you at this school last year?
B: No, I wasn't. I started here $\qquad$ September.
4 A: Where did you go on holiday last year?
B: I stayed $\qquad$ my friend in Spain two weeks.

3 Read and complete the story. Use the past simple. Logan ${ }^{\circ}$ lived (live) in a flat in New York. Every day he ${ }^{1} \quad$ (travel) to school by bus. $\mathrm{He}^{2}$
(not walk) to school because the school ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ (be) a long way from his house. One day, Logan ${ }^{4}$ (want) to get to school before his friends. He ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ (start) to walk because it ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ (be)
too early for the bus. $\mathrm{He}^{7}$ $\qquad$ (walk) and
$\qquad$ (walk) for an hour. Where ${ }^{9}$ (be) the school? He ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ (ask) a man in a shop, 'Do you know where Main Street School is?' 'Yes,' the man 11 $\qquad$ (answer). 'It's only five minutes from here.'
When Logan ${ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ (arrive) at school he
13 (be) very happy because he ${ }^{14}$ $\qquad$ (not be) late for class.

## LISTENING

1 Gavin travelled to a lot of places this year．What was the weather like？Listen and draw a line．

| January | February | March | April | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| wind $\cong$ | cold | rain © | hot 㮩㴡 | warm 漟 | wind $\cong$ |
| rain © | warm 泳 | hot 湮嚓 | wind $\cong$ | rain O | cold |
| warm 漟 | hot 槚嚓 | cold | warm 澡 | wind $\fallingdotseq$ | rain－ |
| hot 禁救 | wind $\xlongequal{\circ}$ | warm 漟 | rain © | cold |  |
| cold | rain－ | wind $\cong$ | cold | hot 漟漟 | warm 漟 |
| warm 漟 | hot 濴澟 | wind $\because$ | cold | snow－ | rain O |



## SPEAKING

1 Do an interview with an explorer．Write questions in the past and the present．Ask and answer with your partner．

Where ．．．
What kind of clothes／food ．．．
How long／cold ．．．
Why ．．．
Who ．．．


## READING

1 A haiku is a short poem with three lines．Haikus are often about the weather．Read the haikus 1－5 and match them to the pictures A－E．

Snow on the cold glass，but inside it＇s warm．


2
Summer night－in bed not but sleeping，listening to the rain．


3
Long summer days，there＇s no school for months．
Why am I sad？


4 The beach in winter， cold wind in my face， water in my shoes．


First snow of winter， all the trees have new clothes．


## WRITING

1 Choose one of the haiku pictures and write your own haiku．

## extra agTIVITILES

## UXIT 2

GRAMMAR, PAGE 17

5 Write short answers to these questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

- Are you bored today?
- Is your teacher nice?
- Is the classroom hot today?
- Are your parents funny?
- Are you Brazilian?
- Is your friend sad today?


## UNII 6

## GRAMMAR, PAGE 41

## 3

## Conversation 1

Daniel: Pedro, can you come to my swimming pool party?
Pedro: Yes! When is it?
Daniel: It's at 2.15, and it's at the big swimming pool.
Pedro: Great. Thanks!

## Conversation 2

Hannah: Would you like to come to my party, Melissa?
Melissa: I'd love to! When is it?
Hannah: It's on August 1st*.
Melissa: What time?
Hannah: From eight until late.
Melissa: Cool!

## Conversation 3

Andrew: Sam, would you like to come to my sports party?
Sam: I'd love to. Is it at the park?
Andrew: Yes, it is. It's on Saturday at 10 o'clock.
Sam: I can't wait!

## Conversation 4

Rebecca: Can you come to my birthday party, Ella? It's on Wednesday, at my house.
Ella: I'd love to, but what time is it?
Rebecca: It's from 3.30 until 5.30.
Ella: Oh, l'm sorry, I can't. I've got a guitar exam on Wednesday afternoon.
*August the first

## UIII 9

VOCABULARY AND READING, PAGES 60-61

## 3

Answers:
1,3 and 5 are good breakfasts.
2 and 4 aren't good breakfasts. It isn't good for you to eat chocolate, cake, chips or ice cream for breakfast.


## USII 11

GRAMMAR, PAGE 71

Choose the correct words to complete the questions. Then tick $(\checkmark)$ the answers for you.

1 How many / How much fruit do you eat in a week?
1 l eat lots.
2 I eat some.
3 Idon't eat any.
2 How many/How much books have you got in your bag?
1 I've got lots.
2 I haven't got any.
3 I've got some.
3 How many / How much bread do you eat in a day?
1 I don't eat any.
2 leat some.
3 leat lots.

4 How many / How much tennis do you play in a week?
1 I play some.
2 I play lots.
3 I don't play any.
5 How many / How much board games have you got?
1 I've got lots.
2 I haven't got any.
3 l've got some.
6 How many / How much cooking do you do at home?
1 Ido lots.
2 Ido some.
3 Idon't do any.

## DIVI 14 GRAMMAR, PAGE 87

## 5

Danni: Hi, Suzie.
Suzie: Hi, Danni. How are you doing?
Danni: Fine, thanks. And you?
Suzie: I'm great!
Danni: Can you meet me this weekend?
Suzie: I'd love to.
Danni: Let's go shopping. There's a sale on at the shopping centre.
Suzie: Good idea! Shall we go on Saturday at 10 o'clock?
Danni: Yes, that's great. See you then.
Suzie: And do you want to go swimming with me on Sunday morning?
Danni: Sorry, I can't.

## UNI 16

WRITING, PAGE 97

1
A: Can I help you?
B: I need some / a $\qquad$ .
A: Yes, of course.
B: Sorry. This is / These are too
A: OK. Do you like this / these?
B: How much $\qquad$ ?

A: It's / They're $\qquad$ .
B: Here you are.
A: Thank you.
A: Would you like ?
B: Yes, please.

## EP VOCABULARY LIST

## UNIT 1

## OBJECTS AND PEOPLE

bag /bæg/ сумка, шкільний ранець
camera /'kæmrə/ фотoanapam
chair /tfeә/ стілець
dad /dæd/ mamo
friends /frendz/ друзі
phone /fəun/ телефон
photo /'fəvtə兀/ фотографія
students /'stju:dənts/ учні
table /'teibl/ стіл
watch /wDtf/ наручний годинник

## COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES

Argentina /,a:dzən'ti:nə/ Аргентина
Argentinian /,a:dзən'tiniən/ аргентинець (-ка)
Brazil /brə'zil/ Бразлія
Brazilian /brə'zıljən/ бразилець, бразилійка
China /'tJainə/ Kumaŭ
Chinese /tfai'nizz/ китаєць, китаянка
Italy /'itali/ Італія
Italian /I'tæljən/ італієць, італійка
Mexico /'meksıkəv/ Мексика
Mexican /'meksıkən/ мексиканець (-ка)
Ukraine /ju:'krein/ Україна
Ukrainian /ju:'kreiniən/ українець (-ка)
Spain /'spein/ Іспанія
Spanish /'spænif/ іспанець (-ка)
Turkey /'t3:ki/ Туреччина
Turkish /'tzikiJ/ турок, туркеня

## UNIT 2

## FAMILIES

baby /'beibi/ немовля
brother /'br^ðә/ брат
brothers /'br^ðəz/ брати
child /tfaild/ дитина
children /'tfildrən/ dimu
dad /dæd/ mamo
daughter /'dэ:tə/ донька
father /'fa:ðә/ батько
husband /h^zzbənd/ чоловік
mother /'m^ðә/ мати
mum /m^m/ мама
parents /'peərənts/ батьки
sister /'sistə/ cecmpa
son /s^n/ син
wife /warf/ дружина

## ADJECTIVES: FEELINGS

bored /bэ:d/ знудьгований
clever /'klevə/ розумний
funny /'f^ni/ смішний
happy /hæрі/ щасливий
hot/hot/ жарко
hungry /'h^ŋgri/ голодний
nice /nais/ приємний
sad/sæd/ сумний
tired /taıəd/ втомлений

## UNIT 3

## ROOMS

bath /ba: $\theta$ / ванна
bathroom /'ba:Өru:m/ ванна кімната
bedroom /'bedru:m/ спальня
dining room /'dainiy ru:m/ столова
door /dכ:/ двері
floor /flэ:/ підлога
hall /hכ:I/ передпокій
kitchen /'kitJin/ кухня
living room /'İviŋ ruim/ вітальня
shower /'Javə/ душ
toilet /'tıilət/ туалет
wall /woil/ стіна
window /'wində兀/ вікно

## THINGS IN MY ROOM

bed /bed/ ліжко
board games /boxd ,geimz/ настільні ігри
bookcase /'bvkkeis/ книжкова шафа
clock/kldk/ годинник
computer /kəm'pju:tə/ комп’ютер
clothes/kləঠðz/ одяг
guitar /gr'ta:/ zimapa
poster /'pəustə/ nocmep
pet fish /pet fiJ/ акваріумна рибка
television /'telivizən/ телевізор
TV /,tǐ'vi:/ телевізор
toys /tכız/ іграшки

## UNIT 4

## THINGS IN MY SCHOOL BAG

banana /bə'na:nə/ банан
chocolate /'t[jpklət/ шоколад
coat/kəขt/ пальто
football /'fvtbjil/ футбольний м’яч
gloves/glıvz/ рукавички
hat /hæt/ шапка
keys/ki:z/ ключі
scarf /skarf/ шарф
wallet /'wblit/ гаманець
water bottle /'wo:tə 'bptəl/ пляшка для води

## ADJECTIVES: THINGS

big/big/ великий
blue /blu:/ синій
clean /kliin/ чистий
dark/da:k/ темний
dirty /'dз:ti/ брудний
light blue /lait blu:/ блакитний
long /loŋ/ довгий
new /nju:/ новий
old /əuld/ cтарий
short /Jэit/ короткий
small/smכil/ малий

## EP VOCABULARY LIST

## UNIT 5

aCTIVITIES AND SKILLS
cook /kuk/ готувати (їжу)
paint /peint/ малювати фарбами
play /plei/ гpamu
remember /ri'membə/ запам'ятовувати
ride /raid/ їздити верхи
sail /seil/ плавати на човні
sing /sin/ cniватu
skate /skeit/ кататися на ковзанах
speak /spizk/ розмовляти
swim /swim/ плавати

## PARTS OF THE BODY

arm /a:m/ рука (від зап'ястка до плеча)
ear /уә/ вухо
еуе /аі/ око
face /feis/ обличчя
feet /firt/ cmonu
foot /fut/ cmona
hair /heә/ волосся
hand /hænd/ рука (кисть)
head /hed/ голова
leg /leg/ нога
mouth /mavӨ/ pom
nose /nəuz/ Hic
teeth /ti: $\theta$ / зуби
tooth /tu: $\theta$ / зуб

## UNIT 6

## FOOD

biscuits /'biskits/ печиво
bread /bred/ хліб
butter /'bıtə/ вершкове масло
cakes /kerks/ тістечка
cheese /tji:z/ cup
chicken /'tJikın/ курятина
chips /tJips/ картопля фрі
drinks /drıŋks/ напої
eggs /egz/ яйця
fruit /fru:t/ фрукти
juice /dzu:s/ сік
lemonade /lemə'neid/ лимонад
meat /mi:t/ м'ясо
milk /milk/ молоко
pasta /'pæstə/ макаронні вироби
potatoes /pə'teItəuz/ картопля
rice /rais/ puc
soup /su:p/ cyn
sweet snacks /swist snæks/ солодкі снеки
tomatoes /tə'martəuz/ помідори
vegetables /'vedztəbəlz/ овочі

## TELLING THE TIME (1)

am /,er'em/ години від півночі до полудня
o'clock/ə'klpk/ прислівник на позначення годин
pm /,pis'em/ години від полудня до півночі
fifty /'fffti/ n'ятдесят
forty /'fo:ti/ сорок
sixty /'siksti/ шiстдесяm
thirty /'Өз:ti/ тридиять

It's four o'clock. /Its fo: ə'klok/ Зараз четверта година.

It's 9 am. /tts nain ,er'em/ Зараз 9 година ранку.
It's one ten. /Its w^n ten/ Зараз 10 хвилин на другу.

It's 7 pm. /Its 'sevən „pi'iem/ Зараз 7 година вечора.

It's three thirty. / Its Өri: 'Өз:ti/ Зараз пів на четверту.

It's two fifty. / Its tu: 'fifti/ Зараз за 10 хвилин третя.

## UNIT 7

## DAILY ACTIVITIES

catch the bus to school /kæt\{ ðə b^s tə skuil/ сідати на автобус до школи
get dressed /get drest/ одягатися get up /get $\wedge p /$ вставати з ліжка go to bed /gəv ta bed/ ŭmu cnamu have a shower /hæv ә јашә/ приймати душ have breakfast /hæv 'brekfəst/ снідати have dinner /hæv 'dinə/ вечеряти have lunch /hæv lıntf/ обідатu walk to school /work tə skuil/ йти до школи пішки
wash your face /wd jə feis/ вмиватися

## TELLING THE TIME (2)

It's half past ... /its haif pa:st/ Пів на ....
It's ... o'clock /its ə'kldk/ Зараз ... година
It's quarter past ... /tts 'kwortə parst/
Зараз чверть на ...
It's quarter to ... /Its 'kwortə tv/ За чверть ...
It's ten to ... /its ten to/ За 10 хвилин...

It's twenty-five past ... /Its 'twenti farv paist/ 25 хвилин на ...
past /pa:st/ «після» - для хвилин від 1 до 30 to /tv/ «до» - для хвилин від 31 до 59

## UNIT 8

## SCHOOL SUBJECTS

art/ait/ мистецтво
English /'ınglif/ англійська мова
French /frentf/ французька мова
geography /dzi'bgrəfi/ географія
history /histəri/ історія
IT /,аг'tiz/ інформатика
maths /mæӨs/ математика
music /'mju:zık/ музика
PE /pi:'iz/ фізичне виховання
science /'saгәns/ природознавство

## WORDS WITH TWO MEANINGS

catch /kæt// ловити, сідати (на автобус)
come /k^m/ nриходити, бути родом (з певної країни)
get/get/ отримувати, добиратися
meet /mixt/ зустрічати, знайомитися
see /si:/ бачити, бачитися
think /Өiŋk/ думати, вважати

## EP VOCABULARY LIST

## UNIT 9

## SPORTS AND ACTIVITIES

badminton /'bædmıntən/ бадмінтон
baseball /'beisbכil/ бейсбол
basketball /'ba:skitb $\mathbf{I} /$ баскетбол
dancing /'da:nsin/ танці
football /'futbosi/ футбол
hockey /'hbki/ хокей
running /'r^niŋ/ бiz
swimming /'swimin/ плавання
table tennis /'teibl tenis/ настільний теніс
tennis /'tenis/ тeніс

## HEALTH

biscuits /'biskits/ печиво
bread /bred/ хліб
butter /'bıtə/ вершкове масло
cake /keik/ торт, тістечко
chocolate /'tfoklət/ шоколад
dancing /'da:nsıy/ танці
feel better /fiil 'betə/ почуватися краще
feel fine /fiil fain/ почуватися добре
feel well /fiil wel/ мати гарне самопочуття
good for /gud fэ:/ корисно
not good for /nvt gud fэ:/ не корисно
oranges /'mrind3ız/ апельсини
playing computer games /'pleiın kəm'pju:tə
,geımz/ гра у комп’ютерні ігри
vegetables /'ved3təblz/ овочі
walking to school /'wo:kin tə skuil/ nima ходьба до школи
water /'wכitə/ вода

## UNIT 10

## AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

athletics /æӨ'letıks/ легка атлетика
board games /bכ:d ,germz/ настільні ігри coding /'kəvdin/ кодування
cookery /'kukəri/ кулінарія
drama /'dra:mə/ театральне мистецтво
film /film/ фільм
horse riding /'hכ:s , raidin/ верхова їзда
Italian /I'tæljən/ італійська мова
judo /'dzu:də兀/ дзюдо
yoga /'jəvgə/ йога

## JOBS AROUND THE HOUSE

carry the shopping /'kærі бə 'føpiŋ/ нести куплені продукти
clean the bath /kliin ðә ba: $\theta$ / мити ванну cook dinner /kvk 'dinə/ готувати вечерю do the washing-up /du: ðә 'wdfiŋ $\wedge p /$ мити посуд
feed the cat /fiid ðә kæt/ годувати кота make your bed /meik jə bed/ заправляти ліжко tidy your room /'taIdi jə ru:m/ npuбupamu y кімнаті
walk the dog /wo:k ðə dpg/ вигулювати собаку

## UNIT 11

## ENTERTAINMENT

band /bænd/ музичний гурт
concert /'kbnsət/ концерт
famous person /'feiməs 'pз:sən/ відома людина
fans /fænz/ фанати
movies /'musviz/ кінострічки
newspaper /'nju:z_регрә/ газета
song/spy/ пісня
TV show /,ti''vi: fəu/ TB-moy

## TECHNOLOGY

digital camera /'did3itəl 'kæmrə/ цифровий фотоanapam
fitness tracker /'fitnəs ,trækə/ фітнес-браслет
laptop /'læptop/ ноутбук
smart speaker /smait 'spizkə/ розумна колонка smartphone /'smaitfəun/ смартфон
tablet /'tæblət/ планшет

## UNIT 12

## JOBS

doctor /'dpktə/ лікар (-ка)
farmer /'fa:mə/ фермер (-ка)
firefighter /'faiəfaitə/ пожежник (-ця)
footballer /'futbગilə/ футболіст (-ка)
journalist /'d33:nəlist/ журналіст (-ка)
lorry driver /'ldri 'draivə/ далекобійник (-ця)
musician /mju'zifən/ музикант (-ка)
nurse /nз:s/ медсестра, медбрат
photographer /fə'tpgrəfə/ фотограф (-иня)
waiter /'wertə/ офіціант
waitress /'wertrəs/ офіціантка

## in a Café

bottle /'bptəl/ пляшка
bowl/bəvl/ миска
cup /kлр/ чашка
fork /f〕:k/ виделка
glass /gla:s/ склянка
knife /narf/ ніж
pepper /'рерә/ перець
plate /plert/ тарілка
salt /splt/ сіль
spoon /spurn/ ложка
sugar /'Jvgə/ цукор

## EP VOCABULARY LIST

## UNIT 13

PLACES IN A TOWN
bank /bæŋk/ банк
cinema /'sınəmə/ кінотеamp
hospital /'hbspitzl/ лікарня
hotel /həu'tel/ готель
museum /mju'ziiəəm/ музей
park /paik/ парк
restaurant /'restront/ ресторан
station /'steifən/ залізнична станція
supermarket /'su:pə_ma:kit/ супермаркет
university /ju:ni'vz:səti/ університет

## ADJECTIVES: PLACES

beautiful /'bjuitıfəl/ красивий
cheap /tfixp/ дешевий
expensive /Ik'spensiv/ дорогий
great /greit/ чудовий
important /im'ps:tənt/ важливий
interesting /'mntrəstıŋ/ цікавий
little /lItt|/ малий
safe /seif/ безпечний
tall /tכil/ високий

## UNIT 14

## TRANSPORT

bike /bark/ велосипед
boat /bəvt/ човен
bus /b^s/ автобус
car /ka:/ машина
coach /kəชtf/ туристичний автобус
plane /plein/ літак
taxi /'tæksi/ таксі
train/trein/ потяг
tram /træm/ трамвай
Underground /'^ndəgraund/ метро
trolleybus /'trolib^s/ тролейбус
funicular /fju'nıkjvlə/ фунікулер

## PHRASES FOR GOING OUT

go out with friends /gəv avt wIð frendz/ гуляти з друзями
go running /gəv 'r^niŋ/ займатися бігом go shopping /gəv 'fppin/ ходити по магазинах
go swimming /gəv 'swimiŋ/ займатися плаванням
go to a museum /gəv tə ə mju:'zǐəm/ ходити до музею
go to a restaurant /gəv tə ə 'restrbnt/ ходити до ресторану
go to the park /gəv tə ðә paik/ ходити до парку
meet a famous person /mixt ə 'feiməs 'pзisən/ зустріти відому людину
meet at eight o'clock /mixt ət eit ə'klpk/
зустрітися о 8 годині
meet friends /mist frendz/ зустрічатися з друзями
meet in the afternoon /mist in ði ,aiftə'nuin/ зустрітися після обіду
see a famous person /sǐ ə 'feiməs 'p3isən/ побачити відому людину
see a film /sii ә film/ переглядати фільм
visit a museum /'vizit ə mju:'ziəəm/ відвідувати музей
visit friends /'vIzIt frendz/ відвідувати друзів

## UNIT 15

## CLOTHES

digital watch /'did3Itəl wDtf/ цифровий годинник
dress /dres/ сукня
glasses /'gla:siz/ окуляри
jacket /'dзækıt/ куртка, жакет
jeans /dzi.nz/ джинси
shirt//Ззit/ сорочка
shoes /Ju:z/ туфлі, взуттяя
skirt /sk3:t/ спідниця
trousers /'travzəz/ штани
T-shirt /'tirj3it/ футболка

## PHRASES: PEOPLE

beautiful eyes /'bjuitifəl aiz/ красиві очі
big ears /big ıəz/ великі вуха
a brown beard/ə braun biəd/каштанова
борода
dark hair /da:k heә/ темне волосся
fat /fæt/ повний, огрядний
long hair /lpŋ heә/ довге волосся
old /əuld/ старий
a red nose /ə red nəvz/ червоний ніс
short /JЈit/ низький на зріст
short hair /ऽэ.t heә/ коротке волосся
slim /slım/ стрункий
tall/tכil/ високий на зріст
young /j^ŋ/ молодий

## UNIT 16

## SHOPPING

birthday card /'b3:Өdei ka:d/ листівка до дня народження
diary /'daıəri/ щоденник
paint /peint/ фарба
paper /'peipə/ nanip
perfume /'pз:fju:m/ парфуми
plant /plaint/ рослина
scissors /'sızəz/ ножиці
stamps /stæmps/ марки
sweets /switts/ цукерки, солодощі
rucksack /'r^ksæk/ рюкзак
toothbrush /'tu:Өbr^f/ зубна щітка
umbrella /^m'brelə/ парасолька

## MONEY AND PRICES

cent/sent/ цент
dollar /'dblə/ долар
euro /'jvərəu/ євро
pence /pens/ пенс
pound /paund/ фунт стерлінгів
hryvnia /'hrivnja:/ гривня

## EP VOCABULARY LIST

## UNIT 17

## THE NATURAL WORLD

beach /bitt// пляж
countryside /'k^ntrisaid/ сільська місцевість
flowers /'flavəz/ квіти
forest /'fbrist/ ліс
garden /'ga:dən/ caд
grass /gra:s/ трава
river /'rivə/ річка
sea /siz/ море
tree /triz/ дерево

## ADJECTIVES: OPINIONS

amazing /ə'meizıŋ/ вражаючий
attractive /ə'træktiv/ привабливий
exciting/Ik'saitıŋ/ захоплюючий
fantastic /fæn'tæstık/ фантастичний
popular /'pдрјəəə/ відомий
unusual /^n'ju:zuәl/ незвичайний, дивний
wonderful /'w^ndəfəl/ чудовий

## UNIT 18

## WEATHER

autumn /'כ.təm/ осінь
cold /kəuld/ холодний
hot /hbt/ жаркий
rain /rein/ дощ,
snow /snəu/ сніг
spring /spriŋ/ весна
summer /'s^mə/ літо
sun /s^n/ сонце
warm /wo:m/ теплий
wind /wind/ simep
winter /'wintə/ зима

## HOLIDAYS

catch /kætJ/ сідати (на автобус)
come /k^m/ nриходити
drive /draiv/ керувати автівкою
fly /flai/ лimamu
get/get/ добиратися
hotel /həv'tel/ готель
leave /li:v/ від"іжджати
stay /steI/ залишатися, зупинятися
tent /tent/ намет
travel /'træval/ подорожувати
visit /'vizıt/ вiдвidamu

## UNIT 19

## ADJECTIVES (1)

difficult /'difıkəlt/ складний
easy /'izzi/ легкий
excited /Ik'saitid/ збуджений, схвильований
fast /fa:st/ швидкий
friendly /'frendli/ дружній
late /leit/ пізній
loud /lavd/ гучний
slow /sləv/ повільний

## ADJECTIVES (2)

brilliant /'briljənt/ неперевершений
fun /f $\wedge n /$ веселий
heavy /'hevi/ важкий
new/nju:/ новий
pleased /plizzd/ задоволений
quick /kwik/ швидкий
ready /'redi/ готовий
strong /strbŋ/ сильний

## UNIT 20

## WILD ANIMALS

bear /beә/ ведмідь
crocodile /'krokədail/ крокодил
elephant/'elıfənt/ слон
giraffe /dzI'ra:f/ жирафа
kangaroo /,kæŋgə'ru:/ кенгуру
leopard /"lepəd/ леопард
monkey /'m^ŋki/ мавпа
snake /snerk/ змія
tiger /'taigə/ muzp
zebra /'zebrə/ зебра

## PETS AND FARM ANIMALS

bird /bз:d/ пташка
cat /kæt/ кim
cow /kav/ корова
dog /dbg/ собака
donkey /'dpŋki/ віслюк
kitten /'kıtən/ кошеня
mouse /mavs/ миша
puppy /'р^рі/ цуценя
rabbit /'ræbit/ кролик
sheep //iip/ вівця, вівці

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRACTICE

## STARTER UNII <br> A/ AN

| a cake <br> an apple | a picture <br> an orange |
| :--- | :--- |

## Practice



1 What do you see in the pictures? Use a or an.

## THIS, THAT, THESE, THOSE

## This pen is yellow.

These pens are black.
That desk is grey.
Those desks are brown.

## Practice




2 Complete the sentences with this, that, these and those.
1 $\qquad$ pen is green. 3 $\square$ desk is black.
2 pens are blue. 4 $\qquad$ desks are white.

## DVII 1 DETERMINERS

| I | my | My name is Oliver. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| you | your | This is your phone. |
| he | his | This is his camera. |
| she | her | Her name isn't Rosa. |

## Practice

## 1 Complete the sentences.

0 This is Michael. He's my brother.
1 What's $\qquad$ phone number? My number's 07700900530.

2 This is my sister, $\qquad$ name's Freya.
3 Hi, I'm Sam. What's name?
4 This is Jessica. She's sister.
5 This is my friend, name's Lily.
6 Oh no! Where's $\qquad$ phone? I need to call my mum!
2 Choose the correct words.
0 My mum's from Argentina. Her / His name's Martha.
1 My / His name's Samantha.
2 Hi, my name's Joe. What's your / my name?
3 'Is this your camera?' 'No, my / her camera's white.'
4 This isn't Tom's phone. Your / His phone's blue!
5 'Is this my book?' 'Yes, her / your name is on it.'
6 Hello. This is my sister and this is her / his friend, Jack.
7 My English teacher's new. His / Her name's Janet Smithers.
8 This is a photo of my dad. Your / His name's Jim.

## BE

| positive $\boldsymbol{\oplus}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| I am = I'm | I'm from Mexico. |
| you are = you're | You're English. |
| he is = he's | He's my brother. |
| she is = she's | She's my sister. |
| it is = it's | It's my camera. |
| we are = we're | We're from Brazil. |
| they are = they're | They're Ukrainian. |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| negative - |  |
| I am not $=$ I'm not | I'm not Italian. |
| you are not = you aren't | You aren't Chinese. |
| he is not = he isn't | He isn't my teacher. |
| she is not = she isn't | She isn't Spanish. |
| it is not = it isn't | It isn't your book. |
| we are not = we aren't | We aren't Italian. |
| they are not = they aren't | They aren't English. |

## Practice

3 Complete the sentences with a pronoun and the positive or negative form of be.
0 This is Tom. He's my friend.
1 Happy Birthday! 12 today!
2 This is Daisy. my friend.
3 I'm Stefanos and this is Daska. We're Turkish. Spanish.
4 This is Oliver. $\qquad$ my brother. He's my friend.
5 Hello, my name's Mr Green. $\qquad$ your new English teacher.
6 Look at my new camera. $\qquad$ so cool!
7 My camera's old. very good.
8 This is Paola from Rome. $\qquad$
9 Your name's Serhii. $\qquad$ from Ukraine, is that right?
10 Sorry, $\qquad$ in this class. You're in room 5.

## 4 Complete the conversation.

Tom: Hi. ${ }^{1} \quad$ Tom.
Nora: Hello, ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$
Tom: This ${ }^{3} \quad$ Ben. ${ }^{4} \quad$ my friend. It's ${ }^{5} \quad$ birthday today. ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$
Nora: Happy Birthday, Ben! Today's my birthday and ${ }^{7}$ 12 too! And this is ${ }^{8}$ new camera.
Tom and Ben: Happy Birthday!
Tom: Your camera ${ }^{9}$ cool!

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRACTICE

## UXIT 2

## DETERMINERS

| we | our | Our mum is funny. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| they | their | Is that their dog? |

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with my, your, his, her, its, our or their.

0 This is George and Sarah and they are my mum's friends.
1 Alessandro and Laura live in England, but dad's from Argentina.
2 Hi! We're James and Charlotte and this is dog, Spotty.
3 Is that your brother? What's name?

4 Hi , Dan, is $\qquad$ sister at school?
5 This is Anna. It's birthday today!
6 Is that your school? What's $\qquad$ name?

## POSSESSIVE 'S

This is my mum's cat. It is her cat.
Not This is the cat of my mum.
This is Jake and Nat's dog. It is their dog.
Not This is the dog of Jake and Nat.

## Practice

2 Look at the picture and complete the sentences with the correct names and 's.


1 Sally is $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ mother.

2 Nat is $\qquad$ and $\square$ son, and $\qquad$ and brother.

3 Jason is $\qquad$ , and and $\qquad$ father.
4 Katie is $\qquad$ sister, and $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ daughter.
5 Sally is $\qquad$ wife.
6 Jason is $\qquad$ husband.

## BE 3 AND SHORT ANSWERS

| questions <br> (2 | short answers $\boldsymbol{+}$ | short answers $\boldsymbol{l}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Am I funny? | Yes, you are. | No, you aren't. |
| Are you English? | Yes, I am. | No, I'm not. |
| Is he tired? | Yes, he is. | No, he isn't. |
| Is she Spanish? | Yes, she is. | No, she isn't. |
| Is it hot? | Yes, it is. | No, it isn't. |
| Are we happy? | Yes, we are. | No, we aren't. |
| Are they your <br> parents? | Yes, they are. | No, they aren't. |

How old is he? Not How old he is?
Where are you from? Not Where you are from?

## Practice

3 Read the sentences and write plural, is or possessive.

0 Peter's brother lives in Italy. possessive
1 I have two sisters.
2 My brother's pictures are nice.
3 My favourite films are Spanish.
4 Sofiia's from Ukraine.
5 Luke's son and Maria's daughter are there.

6 Jack's English.
7 My books are here.
4 Write the sentences as questions.
0 Peter is Argentinian. Is Peter Argentinian?
1 They are from Italy.

2 You are happy.

3 We are late.

4 She is hungry.

5 They are Italian.

6 Maria is from Mexico.

7 They are sad.

5 Complete the short answers for the questions in Exercise 4.
0 Yes, $\qquad$ he is .
4 Yes,
1 No, $\qquad$ .
5 No,
2 Yes, $\qquad$ . 6 Yes ,
3 No, $\qquad$ 7 No,

## TVII 3 there IS | THERE ARE

$\qquad$ .
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
$\qquad$
there's (there is)
There's a TV in the living room.
There's a picture on the wall.
There's a shower in the bathroom.
there are
There are two tables in the kitchen.
There are three people in the dining room.
There are two beds in the bedroom.

## Practice

1 Look at the picture and complete the sentences with there's and there are.


0
There's
a bed.
1

2

3
4
5 $\qquad$ a boy in the kitchen.

IN / ON

| in |
| :--- |
| Dad's in the bathroom. |
| I live in a house. |
| on |
| The camera is on the floor. |
| There's a dictionary on my desk. |

## Practice

2 Complete the sentences with in or on.
0 There's a guitar on the bed.
1 l've got a computer my bedroom.
2 There are two pictures the wall.
3 There are books $\qquad$ the table.
4 There's a bath the bathroom.
5 All my board games are $\qquad$ the floor.
6 There are four chairs and a table $\qquad$ the kitchen.

## HAVE GOT ${ }^{+}$

| I've got (have got) | l've got a phone. |
| :--- | :--- |
| you've got (have got) | You've got a guitar. |
| he's got (has got) | He's got two pet fish. |
| she's got (has got) | She's got a nice flat. |
| it's got (has got) | It's got a big living room. |
| we've got (have got) | We've got lots of board games. |
| they've got (have got) | They've got a TV in their bedroom. |

## Practice

3 Look at the table and complete the sentences with have/' ve got or has/'s got.

|  | me | my dad | Rosa and David |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| camera | ${ }^{\circ} \checkmark$ | $x$ | ${ }^{5}$ |
| dictionary | $x$ | ${ }^{2}$ | $x$ |
| television | $x$ | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }^{6}$ |
| guitar | ${ }^{1} \downarrow$ | $x$ | $x$ |
| bookcase | $x$ | ${ }^{4}$ | $x$ |
| 0 l've got a camera. |  | 4 |  |
| 11 |  | 5 |  |
| 2 He |  | 6 |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRACTICE

## Dill 4 have gote, have gote

| have got $\boldsymbol{\text { I have got ? }}$ | short answers |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| You haven't got | Have you got? | Yes, I have. <br> No, I haven't. |
| He hasn't got | Has he got? | Yes, he has. <br> No, he hasn't. |
| She hasn't got | Has she got? | Yes, she has. <br> No, she hasn't. |
| It hasn't got | Has it got? | Yes, it has. <br> No, it hasn't. |
| We haven't got | Have we got? | Yes, we have. <br> No, we haven't. |
| They haven't got | Have they got? | Yes, they have. <br> No, they haven't. |

I haven't got a football. He hasn't got a scarf. We haven't got any chocolate.
'Has she got a new water bottle?' 'Yes, she has.'

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with haven't got or hasn't got.

0 Tony hasn't got a pet fish.
1 We $\qquad$ a shower in our bathroom.
2 The teacher isn't happy! Ellie her book.
3 Adam's cold. He $\qquad$ a hat or coat.
4 Mia's hungry. She $\qquad$ an apple or a banana.
5 Jim and Ellen $\qquad$ their guitars.
6 My mum and dad $\qquad$ new phones.

2 Look at the table and write sentences about Emma, Tom and Ben.

|  | Emma | Tom and Ben | me (put $\checkmark$ or $X$ ) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a phone | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |  |
| the keys | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |  |
| gloves | $x$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| a pet <br> fish | $x$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| a hat | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |  |

0 Emma: a phone/gloves
Emma's got a phone. She hasn't got gloves.
1 Tom and Ben: gloves / a phone
2 Emma: a hat / a pet fish
3 Tom and Ben: the keys / a pet fish

4 Emma: the keys

3 Now complete the table about you. Write $\sqrt{ }$ or $X$. Then write complete sentences.

1 I: a phone / a pet fish

2 I: a hat/ the keys

3 I: gloves

4 Match questions 1-6 to answers a-g.
0 (a) Has Sally got a pet?
$1 \square$ Have you got a drink?
$2 \square$ Has Hannah got her gloves?
3Has Max got a phone?
4Have we got the chocolate?
5Have I got your phone number?

6Have you got your keys?
a Yes, she has. She's got a pet fish.
b No, she hasn't. They're at home.
c Yes, we have. Here it is!
d No, you haven't. It's 07700900123.
e Yes, he has. It's in his school bag.
f Yes, I have. They're in my coat.
g No, I haven't. Is there water?
5 Write questions with have got or has got.
0 Rebecca / a new car?
Has Rebecca got a new car?
1 Holly / a dark-blue phone?

2 Mary and Paolo / a new computer?

3 you / your glasses?

4 Will and Sophie / their hats and coats?

5 your brother / a red camera?

6 your sister / a ruler in her pencil case?

## DNII 5 CAN / CAN'T

| positive $\boldsymbol{+}$ | negative $\Theta$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| I can play the guitar. | I can't speak Italian. |
| You can play the guitar. | You can't speak Italian. |
| He can play the guitar. | He can't speak Italian. |
| She can play the guitar. | She can't speak Italian. |
| It can play the guitar. | It can't speak Italian. |
| We can play the guitar. | We can't speak Italian. |
| They can play the guitar. | They can't speak Italian. |


| questions $\mathbf{7}$ | short answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Can I ride a horse? | Yes, you can. <br> No, you can't. |
| Can you ride a horse? | Yes, I can. <br> No, I can't. |
| Can he ride a horse? | Yes, he can. <br> No, he can't. |
| Can she ride a horse? | Yes, she can. <br> No, she can't. |
| Can it ride a horse? | Yes, it can. <br> No, it can't. |
| Can we ride a horse? | Yes, we can. |
|  | No, we can't. |
| Can they ride a horse? | Yes, they can. |
|  | No, they can't. |

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with can or can't.
0 I can't swim underwater.
1 Mario speak Turkish very well. $\checkmark$
2 Thomas take very good photos with
his phone. $X$
3 We play the guitar. $\boldsymbol{X}$
4 Jess and Roberta paint pictures very well. $\checkmark$

5 My mother $\qquad$ sing. $X$
6 I $\qquad$ ride a horse. $\checkmark$

2 Write the questions and short answers.
0 he / play the piano?
Can he play the piano?
No, he can't.
1 they / paint pictures?

Yes,
2 you / ride a horse?

No,
3 your sister / take good photos?

Yes,
4 Lizzy and Rita / swim underwater?

No,
5 you and Martha / play the guitar?

Yes,
6 Matthew / speak Spanish?

No,

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRAGTICE

3 Look at the table and answer the questions.


0 Who can sing?
Pier, Tom and Sally can sing.
1 Who can speak Italian?

2 Who can't swim underwater?

3 Who can paint a picture and ride a horse?

4 Who can't sing but can speak Italian?

5 Who can ride a horse but can't sing?

4 Write four sentences about what you can and can't do.
0 I can paint a picture but I can't swim underwater.
1
2

3
4 $\qquad$



We're in the classroom now.


Your phone's on the table.


Where's Dan? I can't see him.
He's behind the wall.


Your pencil is under the book.

## Practice

5 Write the prepositions. Use the words in the box.

| behind in in <br> in on under |
| :--- |

[^4] AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

|  | countable nouns | uncountable nouns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| some |  |  |
| positive ${ }^{(+)}$ | We made some cakes. | There is some milk in the kitchen. |
| offers 3 | Would you like some apples? | Would you like some water? |
| any |  |  |
| negative ${ }^{-}$ | We didn't make any cakes. | There isn't any milk in the kitchen. |
| questions 3 | Are there any bananas? | Is there any milk in the kitchen? |
| lots of |  |  |
| positive ${ }^{+}$ | We've got lots of apples. | There's lots of bread. |

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with any or some.
1 Is there $\qquad$ butter?
2 We've got $\qquad$ milk.
3 Are there $\qquad$ tomatoes?
4 Would you like $\qquad$ bananas?
5 Has Mary got $\qquad$ eggs?
6 There aren't $\qquad$ people here.

2 Complete the conversation with some, any or lots of.


Mum: Let's put the party food on the table, Katie. What have we got in the kitchen?
Katie: OK, Mum, we've got ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ biscuits and

2 $\qquad$ cake.

Mum: Have we got ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ oranges?
Katie: No, we haven't. And we haven't got
4 apples.
Mum: What? No, look, Katie, there are ${ }^{5}$ apples here! There are 12!
Katie: Oh yes, good! Have we got ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ juice?
Mum: No, we haven't. We've got some lemonade.
Katie: What about chocolate for the party games? Is there ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ chocolate in the kitchen?
Mum: Oh no, there isn't. I've got ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ in the bag here!

PREPOSITIONS: ON, AT, FROM, UNTIL

| on + days <br> and dates | on Monday <br> on Saturday <br> on 12th March |
| :--- | :--- |
| at + places | at my house <br> at the park <br> at our school |
| from and until + times | from 9 o'clock <br> until half past three |

## Practice

3 Complete the conversation with at, on, from or until.
George: Would you like to come to my party?
Jenny: I'd love to. When is it?
George: It's ${ }^{1} \quad$ 18th July, that's next week.
Alice: Where is it?
George: It's ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ my house.
Alice: What time is the party?
George: It's ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ 8 o'clock ${ }^{4}$ 11 o'clock.
Alice: Great! See you ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$

Thursday then.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

## IJUII PRESENT SIMPLE

| positive $\boldsymbol{+}$ | negative $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| I work. | I don't work. |
| You work. | You don't work. |
| He works. | He doesn't work. |
| She works. | She doesn't work. |
| It works. | It doesn't work. |
| We work. | We don't work. |
| They work. | They don't work. |

They work all day.
She catches the bus to school.
They walk to school on Tuesdays.
He doesn't get up at 7 o'clock every day.

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the present simple of the verbs in brackets ().

0 । start (start) school at 9 o'clock.
1 Jack $\qquad$ (get up) at 6.30 am .
2 We $\qquad$ (clean) our teeth in the morning and the evening.
3 They $\qquad$ (have) dinner at 7 o'clock.
4 I $\qquad$ (wash) my face in the morning.
5 Freya (have) a big breakfast.
6 You $\qquad$ (catch) the bus at 8 o'clock.
7 He $\qquad$ (finish) school at 3.30 pm .

2 Write the sentences in Exercise 1 in the negative form.

0 Idon't start school at 9 o'clock.
1
2
3
4
5
6
7

## 3 Write sentences.

0 Laura / get up / 8.00 / then / breakfast Laura gets up at 8 o'clock. Then she eats breakfast.
1 I/ breakfast / room / then / get dressed

2 They / not catch bus / walk / school

3 Harry / not walk / school / go / dad's car

4 Luke / breakfast / bedroom / not / kitchen
5 You / go / school / $7.30 /$ you / not / go school / 8.30

THI 8 PRESENT SIMPLE: QUESTIONS AND SHORT ANSWERS

| questions ( $~$ | short answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Do I walk to school? | Yes, you do. |
|  | No, you don't. |
| Do you use IT in | Yes, I do. |
| English lessons? | No, I don't. |
| Does he like maths? | Yes, he does. |
|  | No, he doesn't. |
| Does she go to school on | Yes, she does. |
| Saturdays? | No, she doesn't. |
| Does the house have a shower? | Yes, it does. |
|  | No, it doesn't. |
| Do we have history on | Yes, we do. |
| Wednesdays? | No, we don't. |
| Do they speak Turkish? | Yes, they do. |
|  | No, they don't. |

## Practice

1 Write questions.
0 Cameron / like / maths
Does Cameron like maths?
1 your friends / go / school / car

2 Mr Harvey / teach / English

3 Tony / play / music / evening
4 you / have / PE / Monday

5 Maria's dad / watch / a lot / TV

2 Write short answers.
0 Does Ellie like art? $(\boldsymbol{\checkmark})$ Yes, she does.
1 Do you get up at 8 o'clock? (X)

2 Do Harvey and Isaac walk to school? $(\mathcal{J})$

3 Does Maria study science at school? (X)

4 Do the students have PE on Friday? (X)

5 Does your dad like geography? $(\sqrt{ })$

WH- QUESTIONS

| Who? | a person | Ruby, my sister |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| What? | a thing | a computer, a bag, <br> lessons |
| Where? | a place | New York, England, <br> the park, school |
| When? | a time / day | Sunday, 5 o'clock, <br> now |
| How often? | every day, week | every Tuesday, <br> sometimes |
| Why? | a reason | because it's new |

## Practice

3 Write the question words who, what, where, when, how often or why.

1 $\qquad$ $?$
A party!
2 ?
At my house.
3
On 10th January.
4
?
Maria, Jack, Silvia, Ben, Marta and Tom.
5
-?
Every year!
6
?
Because she likes football!

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

## UNIT 9

## LIKE © ${ }^{\circ}$

| positive $\oplus$ | negative $\boldsymbol{\ominus}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| I like dancing. | I don't like running. |
| You like dancing. | You don't like running. |
| He likes dancing. | He doesn't like running. |
| She likes dancing. | She doesn't like running. |
| We like dancing. | We don't like running. |
| They like dancing. | They don't like running. |

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with like / likes or don't like / doesn't like.

1 I $\qquad$ playing basketball.
2 Jo $\qquad$ dancing. :
3 We $\qquad$ chocolate.
4 You $\qquad$ playing football. ©
5 Dan and Megan $\qquad$ swimming.
6 He $\qquad$ board games. ,

2 What do you and your family like? Complete the sentences with like / likes or don't like / doesn't like.

0 I don't like doing homework.
1 My mum $\qquad$ cooking.
2 My dad $\qquad$ running.
3 My brother and sister $\qquad$ swimming.
4 I $\qquad$ playing tennis.
5 I $\qquad$ riding horses.
6 My parents $\qquad$ watching TV.

## PRONOUNS

| I | me | Do you like me? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| you | you | Bananas are good for you. |
| he | him | I don't like him. |
| she | her | This present is for her. |
| it | it | We don't like tennis. We aren't good at it. |
| we | us | Can you help us? |
| they | them | They're very nice. I like them. |

## Practice

## 3 Choose the correct pronouns.

0 Kate is very funny. I like her / she a lot.
1 I like playing tennis. It's good for I/ me.
2 Amy eats lots of vegetables. She likes them / they a lot.
3 Do you like we / us?
4 Paul doesn't like playing games all day. It isn't good for him / he.
5 Jake and Tina are very nice. I like they / them.
6 My sister likes running. I run with she / her sometimes.

## UIVIT 10

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

| positive $\boldsymbol{+}$ | negative $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| I'm (am) cooking. | I'm not (am not) reading. |
| You're (are) cooking. | You aren't (are not) reading. |
| He's (is) cooking. | He isn't (is not) reading. |
| She's (is) cooking. | She isn't (is not) reading. |
| It's (is) cooking. | It isn't (is not) reading. |
| We're (are) cooking. | We aren't (are not) reading. |
| They're (are) cooking. | They aren't (are not) <br> reading. |


| questions ? | short answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Am I sleeping? | Yes, you are. No, you aren't. |
| Are you sleeping? | Yes, I am. No, I'm not. |
| Is he sleeping? | Yes, he is. No, he isn't. |
| Is she sleeping? | Yes, she is. No, she isn't. |
| Is it sleeping? | Yes, it is. No, it isn't. |
| Are we sleeping? | Yes, we are. No, we aren't. |
| Are they sleeping? | Yes, they are. No, they aren't. |

## Spelling

| read $+-i n g$ | Sam's reading a book. |
| :--- | :--- |
| swim $+-m+-i n g$ | Sarah's swimming in the pool. |
| dance $--e+-i n g$ | We're dancing to the music. |

## Practice

1 Write the -ing forms of the verbs.
1 swim
6 ride
2 write
7 look
3 come
8 know
9 sit
10 clean

Look at the picture and complete the sentences. Use the verbs in the box.

| dance paint play sing take <br> talk |
| :--- |



| 0 | Freddy 's taking | photos. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Chris | the guitar. |
| 2 | Emily and Maddy | . |
| 3 | Sally | on her phone. |
| 4 | Ben and Paul | a picture. |
| 5 | Carla | . |

3 Write the sentences in Exercise 2 in the negative form.

0 Freddy isn't taking photos.
1
2
3
4
5
4 Look at the picture in Exercise 2 and complete the questions and short answers.

0 Is Chris playing the guitar?

> Yes, he is
> $\mathbf{1}$ Is Freddy dancing?
$\qquad$

2 Emily and Maddy $\qquad$
$3 \quad$ Carla painting?
4 Yes, $\quad$ ?
5 Yes,
Yen and Paul

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRAGTICE

## UNIT 11

## ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY: ALWAYS, OFTEN, SOMETIMES, NEVER


always, often, sometimes and never go:

- before most verbs:

You always take your phone to school.
Lucy often does her homework in bed.

- after the verb be:

I am sometimes sad on Sunday evenings. We are never hungry after breakfast.

## Practice

1 Write the sentences with the adverbs in the right place.

0 Jack goes to concerts. (never) Jack never goes to concerts.
1 Katia is sad at her dance class. (never)

2 We go to the movies on Monday evenings. (always)

3 I play tennis with my friends at the weekends. (sometimes)

4 They are at school from Monday to Friday. (always)

5 Joe likes making cakes. (often)

6 I take photos on holiday. (often)

How often do you do these things? Write sentences.

| frequency | Part A | Part B | when |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{0} \times$ | do | my homework | in the morning |
| ${ }^{1} 00$ | go | on the internet | in the evening |
| ${ }^{2} \boldsymbol{*}$ | play | tennis | on Thursday |
| ${ }^{3}$ | watch | a TV show | in the afternoon |
| ${ }^{4} 00$ | listen | to music | at the weekend |
| ${ }^{5} 000$ | ride | my horse | on Sunday |

0 I never do my homework in the morning.
1
2
3
4
5
HOW MUCH ...? | HOW MANY ...?

| countable nouns | uncountable nouns |
| :--- | :--- |
| How many ...? | How much ...? |
| How many texts <br> do you send a week? | How much fruit <br> do you eat a day? |

How many people are there in the classroom?
There are 25.
How much money have you got?
l've got $£ 5$.

## Practice

3 Complete the questions with How much or How many and the verbs in the box.

| get <br> take | look at <br> take | send <br> watch |  | send |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 0 | How much | homework do you in a day? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | get |  |
| 1 |  | texts do you |
|  | in a day? |  |
| 2 |  | television do you in a day? |
|  |  |  |
| 3 |  | music do you |
|  | in a week? |  |
| 4 |  | emails do you |
|  | in a week? |  |
| 5 |  | steps do you |
|  | in a day? |  |
| 6 |  | websites do you |
|  | in a day? |  |
| 7 |  | photos do you |
|  | in a week? |  |

4 Think about what you do. Answer the questions in Exercise 3.

0 I get lots of homework.
1
2
3
4
5
6
7

## UHIT 12

PRESENT SIMPLE AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS

SEE GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE, UNITS 7-8, PRESENT SIMPLE, PAGES 144-145

SEE GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE, UNIT 10, PRESENT CONTINUOUS, PAGE 147

We use the present simple to talk about ...

- what we do every day:

I go to school. My dad drives a taxi.

- what we always / often / sometimes / never do:

You always get up late on Sundays.
Katie sometimes has dinner at 6 o'clock.
We use the present continuous to talk about ...

- what we are doing now:

Jess is sleeping. We're studying English.

## Practice

1 Choose the correct words.
1 It's half past nine, Tommy's at school and he studies / he's studying.
2 Every day, Jacob gets up / is getting up at 7 o'clock.
3 My mum's in the bathroom. She has / is having a shower.
4 Our history teacher always gives / is giving us a lot of homework.
5 I often play / am playing basketball in the park on Sunday.
6 Mrs Weston likes / is liking her job. She's a doctor.
7 The children are in class seven this morning. They do / are doing a geography test.
8 Marta doesn't speak / isn't speaking Chinese very well - she never studies!

2 Write questions in the present simple or continuous using what / doing? or what / do?

## 0 What does Marco do?

Marco? He works in a café in London.
1
I can't speak! I'm in the cinema!
2
Every Wednesday? She goes to drama club.
3
I'm a teacher. I teach Spanish.
4
I'm hungry! I'm eating my lunch.
5
Carla? She's in the shower.
6
Phillip's a farmer and Julie is a nurse.
7
Ben? His homework, he's in his room.

## CAN: REQUESTS AND PERMISSION

## Practice

| requests | Can I have some milk, please? <br> Can you open the window, please? |
| :--- | :--- |
| permission | Can I go out with my friends, Mum? |

3 Write Can I or Can you, and then finish the requests with the words in the box.

> a film, please home, please
> me in the park me Spanish
> me with my homework some soup, please the table the washing-up, please

0 Can you do the washing-up, please?

## request

1
go?

2 clean ?
3 meet ?
4 watch?

5 have ?
6 teach ?
7
help
4 Write request or permission next to questions 1-7 in Exercise 3.

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRAGTIGE

## UNIT 18

IS THERE A ...? | ARE THERE ANY ...?

| questions ( $)$ | short answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is there a bank here? | Yes, there is. No, there <br> isn't. |
| Are there any people <br> outside? | Yes, there are. No, there <br> aren't. |

## Practice

1 Choose the correct words.
0 (I)/ Are there a cinema near here?
1 There isn't / There aren't any museums in my town.
2 Is / Are there any good hotels near here?
3 Is / Are there a bank on this street?
4 There isn't / There aren't a hospital here.
5 There's / There are a great restaurant we can eat in.
6 There's / There are lots of students in my school.
2 Complete the questions about a town with Is there $a$ ? or Are there any? Then complete the short answers.

| 0 | Is there a |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes, there is. |  |


| 8 | hotels? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes, |  |
| 9 | supermarkets? |
| Yes, |  |

## PREPOSITIONS: INSIDE, OUTSIDE, ABOVE, BELOW, NEAR



## Practice

3 Where's the ball? Use the words in the box.

| above below inside near outside |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 1 It's | the box. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 It's | the box. |
| 3 It's | the box. |
| 4 It's | the box. |
| 5 lt's | the box. |

## UIIT 14

BECAUSE, AND, BUT, OR
because gives us a reason.
and gives us more ideas and information.
but gives us a different and opposite idea. or gives us a different, possible idea.

## Practice

1 Match the two parts of the sentences.

1 John is eating a big lunch
2 The school is near my house,
3 I can't cycle to the pool
4 There is a metro in my city,
5 You can choose to take the bus

6 We take the river boat to school
7 There aren't any buses
a or the Underground to the city.
b but I don't walk there every day.
c because we don't like the busy roads.
d butldon't like travelling underground.
e or trains in my town.
f because he's hungry.
g because I don't have a bike.

2 Complete the sentences with because, and, but or or.

1 She walks to school $\qquad$ she lives near it.
2 Many people walk $\qquad$ cycle in our town.
3 Tom likes travelling by plane $\qquad$ boat.
4 They are going to the cinema tonight they have no homework.
5 I don't like playing tennis $\qquad$ basketball.
6 Lizzie likes going shopping, $\qquad$ she hasn't got any money this week.

LET'S ..., SHALL WE ...?

| Let's | Let's have a party. <br> Let's have a pizza for <br> dinner. | I'd love to. <br> Yes, that's a <br> great idea. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Shall we? | Shall we go to <br> the museum this <br> weekend? <br> Shall we watch a film <br> later? | Sorry, I can't. <br> Yes, I'd like that. |

## Practice

3 Complete the sentences with Shall we? or Let's and the verbs in the box.

| do go go meet play visit <br> watch |
| :--- |

0 $\qquad$ to the cinema? football in the park.
2
3 $\qquad$促

4 $\qquad$ outside the Science Museum.

5 $\qquad$ a film at your house tonight.
6 $\qquad$ our homework.

4 Match sentences 0-6 in Exercise 3 to answers a-g.
a Yes, that's a good idea. There's an interesting film at the Odeon.
b Sorry, we can't. My TV doesn't work.
c That's a good idea. Let's do maths first.
d Oh yes, I'd love to! I've got a new ball.
e Oh yes, I'd love to. I like going to their house.
f That's a great idea. See you there at 10 o'clock, OK?
g Sorry, I can't. I haven't got any money.

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRAGTIGE

## OUNT 15

## PLURALS: SPELLING

| always plural | clothes, jeans, glasses, <br> trousers |
| :--- | :--- |
| add -s | house $\rightarrow$ houses, skirt $\rightarrow$ <br> skirts, cinema $\rightarrow$ cinemas |
| add -es | bus $\rightarrow$ buses, box $\rightarrow$ boxes, <br> watch $\rightarrow$ watches |
| change -y to -ies | baby $\rightarrow$ babies, dictionary $\rightarrow$ <br> dictionaries |

## Practice

1 Write the plurals.
1 waiter
2 shop
3 sentence
4 digital watch
5 story
6 drink
7 shoe
8 house
9 address
10 party
2 Put the words from Exercise 1 in the correct column of the table.

| add $-s$ | add -es | change $-y$ to <br> -ies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

## DESCRIBING PEOPLE

| 's (has) got ... | She's got short hair. <br> He's got blue eyes. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 's (is) / 're (are) ... | Pam's young. They're <br> short. |
| 's (is) / are wearing | Dan's wearing a jacket <br> and trousers. <br> Evie and Megan are <br> wearing hats. |

## Practice

3 Complete the sentences with is or has got.

| 0 Emma | is tall and slim. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 Jake | wearing blue shoes. |
| 2 Ida | blue eyes and brown hair. |
| 3 Robert $\qquad$ red beard. | short and has got a |
| 4 Poppy dress. | wearing a beautiful party |
| 5 Chris nose. | short dark hair and a small |
| 6 Tonia | young, slim and beautifur |

4 Think about your family and friends and answer the questions.

0 Who's got long brown hair? Megan has got long brown hair.
1 Who's wearing black shoes today?

2 Who's got beautiful eyes?

3 Who's wearing a nice hat today?

4 Who's wearing blue jeans?
5 Who's tall and slim?

6 Who's wearing glasses?

| need | + verb | + noun |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Jo is hungry. He needs <br> to buy some food. | He needs <br> some food. |
| want | + verb | + noun |
|  | The children want to <br> have an ice cream. | The children want <br> an ice cream. |

With a verb, we always use to after need and want:
We need to learn more.
Julia wants to go to the cinema.

## Practice

1 Write need, needs, want or wants.
1 My laptop is old. I a new one.
2 Do you to come to the football match with me?
3 She's 18 next week and she $\qquad$ to learn to drive a car.
4 Have you got everything for school? Do you anything?
5 Oh, it's very cold! I don't $\qquad$ to go out today.
6 It's Amy's birthday tomorrow and I to buy a birthday card.

2 Complete the sentences with need, needs, want or wants and the verbs in the box.

| come go help play take take |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 They're going shopping and they need to take |
| some money. |
| 1 I'm bored with this homework! I |
| new computer game. |
| 2 It's very warm today. You don't |
| jacket. |
| 3 Ask Petra if she yy |
| 4 I to the party. |
| 5 They |

TOO

| too + adjective $=$ something is not right |  |
| :--- | :--- |\(\left|\begin{array}{ll}It's too hot. I need to open <br>


a window.\end{array}\right|\)| too hot | She can't buy the T-shirt. <br> It's too expensive. |
| :--- | :--- |
| too expensive |  |
| too hard | We can't finish the test. <br> It's too hard. |

## Practice

3 Complete the sentences with too and the words in the box.

| busy dirty hard hot long old <br> small |
| :--- |

0 I need some new tennis shoes. These are too old .
1 I can't do this maths problem.
It's
2 I need to wash my T-shirt. It's $\qquad$ .
3 I'm sorry, I can't speak to you now.
I'm $\qquad$ .
4 We need to drink this tea later because now it's

5 You're taller than me and I can't wear your trousers. They're $\qquad$ .

6 They have a big family and need a house. Their flat is $\qquad$ .

4 Read the sentences and write the problems. Use the adjectives in the box.

| dirty <br> small | expensive hard hot short |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

0 Oh! I can't drink this coffee! It's too hot!
1 I don't want to wear my little brother's coat!

2 These shoes are great, but they cost $€ 200$ !
3 I can't do this maths homework.

4 I don't want to go to the old swimming pool!

5 Bella! Don't buy that mini-skirt, please!

## GRAMMAR REFERENGE AND PRAGTICE

## UNII 17 <br> COMPARATIVES: SHORT AND LONG ADJECTIVES

| short adjectives |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tall | +-er | + than | Danny is taller than me. |
| safe | + -r |  | The beach is safer than the sea. |
| hot | double letter + -er |  | Italy is hotter than England. |
| happy | $\mathrm{y} \rightarrow-i+$-er |  | Liz is happier than her sister. |
| long adjectives |  |  |  |
| interesting | + more | + than | Maths is more interesting than geography. |

## Practice

1 Put the words in the correct place in the table.

| angry clean cold dirty easy fat heavy hot |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| late | cla <br> long | new old sad | small | white |  |


| + -er | double letter + -er | $y \rightarrow-i+-e r$ | ending with $-\mathrm{e}+-r$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| taller | bigger | happier | nicer |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

2 Read the text. Are the sentences right $(\checkmark)$ or wrong $(X)$ ?

Mike and Rick are both tall. Mike is 1 metre 76 and Rick is 1 metre 80 . Rick weighs 95 kilos. Mike is only 75 kilos. Rick's shirts are XL (extra large); Mike's are M (medium size). Mike is 27 years old and Rick is 29. Rick's got lots of friends - he's really nice, but Mike hasn't got many friends - he's always angry! Mike and Rick like running. Rick can run one kilometre in five minutes, but Mike can do it in only four minutes.

1 Mike's taller than Rick.
2 Rick's faster than Mike.
3 Rick's shorter than Mike.
4 Mike's friendlier and nicer than Rick.
5 Mike's older than Rick.
6 Rick's heavier than Mike.
7 Mike's slower than Rick.

3 Look at the information about two hotels and compare them. Use the words in brackets ().

|  | $€ /$ night | number of rooms | comfort | beach | attractions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Grand Hotel | $€ 220$ | 100 | $\star \star \star \star \star$ | 0.5 km | café, restaurant, garden, dancing, concerts |
| Hotel Murphy | $€ 60$ | 30 | $\star \star$ | 2 km | board games, tea and coffee |


| 0 Hotel Murphy is smaller than Grand Hotel. (small) | 4 | (expensive) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | (comfortable) | 5 | (exciting) |
| 2 | (boring) | 6 | (attractive) |
| 3 | (near) |  |  |


| We use it | to talk about the weather. | It's sunny. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | as an object pronoun. | That's my pen but you can use it. |
|  | as a subject pronoun. | I can't do this test. It's too difficult. |

## Practice

1 Match the two parts of the sentences.

1 It's lovely weather today.
2 I can't find my phone.
3 Oh no, it's raining!
4 Look at my new smart speaker!
5 I didn't like our holiday in the mountains.
6 It's too hot in here.
7 Is that my book on the floor?
a Really? Iloved it.
b Can you open the window?
c Wow! It's fantastic!
d Shall we go swimming?
e Yes, do you want it?
f It was in my bag!
g We can't play football now!

## 2 Complete the conversation with it or it's.

Alfie: Shall we go to the swimming pool? ${ }^{\circ}$ It's very hot today!
Connor: Sorry, I can't. ${ }^{1}$ too expensive.
Alfie: What about the beach then? That's cheaper.
Connor: No, I don't like the beach, ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ too dirty.
Alfie: OK. Shall we go to the park and play football? ${ }^{3}$ $\square$ not too hot under the trees.
Connor: I don't like playing football. ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ isn't fun.
Alfie: Try ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$
Connor: No. I really don't like ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ .
Alfie: I don't know! What do you want to do?
Connor:I don't know. ${ }^{\top}$ $\qquad$ raining now, anyway! l've got a new computer. Shall we watch a film on ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ ?

## PREPOSITIONS: WITH, FOR, UNTIL



I'm on holiday with Abby.


We're staying here for three days.


We're here until Friday.

## Practice

3 Complete the sentences with with, for and until.
1 I always play hockey $\qquad$ Grace; she's my best friend.
2 Mum! Please don't wake me up $\qquad$ 9 o'clock. I want to sleep!
3 We're going on holiday to Spain $\qquad$ two weeks.
4 I can't help you $\qquad$ tomorrow. I need to finish my homework today.
5 They're going to the swimming pool. Let's go them!

6 Can you watch the baby five minutes, please?
7 My friends are staying with me $\qquad$ three days.
8 We can't go swimming $\qquad$ the weather is warmer.

## GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRAGTIGE

## DNII 19 PAST SIMPLE: BE

| positive ${ }^{+}$ | negative ${ }^{-}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| I / He / She / It was happy. | I / He / She / It wasn't happy. |
| We / You / They were excited. | We / You / They weren't excited. |
| questions (8) | short answers |
| Was I / he / she / it friendly? | Yes, I / he / she / it was. No, I / he / she / it wasn't. |
| Were we / you / they late? | Yes, we / you / they were. No, we / you / they weren't. |

We use was and were to talk about the past:
I was late home and my dinner was cold.
My mum wasn't very happy.
Jane and Isaac weren't at home last night.
They were at a concert.

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with was, wasn't, were or weren't.

0 Were you at the cinema last night? No, I wasn't.
1 Where you on Saturday night?
2 Is Meg OK? She at school yesterday.
3 I'm sure my homework $\qquad$ on the table, but now I can't find it!
4 What $\qquad$ your favourite film when you were young?
5 Martha did well in the maths test. The questions very difficult.
6 Your mum and I $\qquad$ on holiday in Turkey in this photo.
7 Was Helen at the station the other day? Yes, she $\qquad$ .
8 Were your parents with you at the concert? No, they $\qquad$ !

2 Complete the conversation with was / wasn't and were / weren't.

Anna: Hi , George! Where ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ you yesterday?
You ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ at school!
George: I know. $1^{3}$ $\qquad$ in London. ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ at a concert.
Anna: A concert! Lucky you. Who ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ the band?
George: Coldplay - it's my favourite band.
Anna: Great. Where ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ the concert?
George: It ${ }^{\top}$ $\qquad$ at Wembley Stadium.
Anna: ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ they good?
George: Yes, they ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ . They ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ excellent. My sister ${ }^{11} \quad$ really happy too!
Anna: Oh ${ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ she with you?
George: Yes, we ${ }^{13}$ $\qquad$ at the front!
Anna: $\qquad$ it a long concert?
George: Yes, it ${ }^{15}$ $\qquad$ about two hours. We ${ }^{16}$ $\qquad$ really tired at the end.

WH- QUESTIONS IN THE PRESENT AND PAST

| Who? | Who is your best friend? |
| :--- | :--- |
| What? | What was your first word? |
| When? | When was Freya's birthday? |
| Where? | Where were you last week? |
| Why? | Why were you sad yesterday? |
| What kind of? | What kind of music do you like? |
| How? | How are you? |

You can't answer Wh- questions with Yes or No:
How is your mum?
She's fine, thanks. Not: Ұes, thanks.

## Practice

3 Complete questions 1-7 with a Wh- question word. Then match them to the answers b-h.

0 When were you in Manchester?
1 is your brother doing?
2 do you live?
$3 \quad$ is the boy next to Frankie?
4 are you wearing that funny hat?
$5 \longrightarrow$
$6 \quad$ mish work in the evening?

7 $\qquad$ sports do you play?
a I was there on Tuesday.
b I live in a small town.
c It was easy.
d At 8 o'clock.
e He's watching television.
f That's Sam.
g I like it!
h Tennis and badminton.

## UNII 20

PAST SIMPLE

| positive $\uparrow$ | negative $\Theta$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| verb + -ed | didn't + verb |
| I You / He / She / It / <br> We / They worked. | I You / He / She / It / We / <br> They didn't (did not) work. |

Richard lived in Italy until 2013.
Becky worked in a hospital.
We didn't want to go out because it was raining.
I didn't walk to school yesterday.

## Practice

1 Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.
$\left.\begin{array}{|llll|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { answer } \\ \text { walk }\end{array} & \text { invite live travet } \\ \text { want work }\end{array}\right]$

0 I travelled to Brazil last year on holiday.
1 Gina in Spain with her mum and dad when she was a child.
2 We $\qquad$ to school this morning.

3 My father $\qquad$ in a bank when he was younger.
4 My sister $\qquad$ to play the guitar and sing at the party last night.
5 I $\qquad$ that email from my friend this morning.
6 They $\qquad$ Luigi to the party, but he can't come.

2 Write the sentences in the negative form.
0 They invited my sister to the party. They didn't invite my sister to the party.
1 Charlie and Nathan liked the film.

2 We answered Joe's email last night.

3 She asked her for her phone number.
4 The concert started at 7.30.

5 The party finished very late.

6 They saw crocodiles and tigers in the safari park.

3 Complete the conversation with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

| ask dance finish <br> not like <br> watch | not want | start | invite |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| stay |  |  |  |

Abi: I'm so tired.
Jess: Really? What happened?
Abi: Well, on Monday my friend ${ }^{0}$ invited me to a party and $I^{1} \quad$ all evening. And on Tuesday, my sister ${ }^{2} \quad m e$ to go to the Plaza cinema with her. $1^{3}$ the film, it was really boring!
Jess: And on Wednesday?
Abi: $\left.\right|^{4}$ $\qquad$ a new tennis course and the lesson ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ at 9.30. By the time $1^{6}$ $\qquad$ home, it was 10 o'clock!
Jess: Wow! That's late!
Abi: I know! Last night I ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ to do anything! | just ${ }^{8}$ at home and ${ }^{9}$ TV!

УДК 811.111(075.3)

## K72

## Prepare 5. Student's Book.

Англійська мова: підручник для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти (з аудіосупроводом) / Джоанна Коста, Мелані Вільямс. - Київ: Видавництво «Лінгвіст», 2022-160 с.

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[^0]:    GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137

[^1]:    I can take photos and paint a picture. Oleh can't speak Chinese or swim underwater.

[^2]:    $\left.\zeta^{(j)}\right)$ Listen, check and repeat.
    124

[^3]:    0 apples/chocolate
    Apples are nicer than chocolate.

[^4]:    1 The teacher is $\qquad$ the classroom.
    2 Put your bag $\qquad$ the door.

    3 Put your pens $\qquad$ your pencil case.
    4 The cat's $\qquad$ the bed.

    5 He's the kitchen.

    6 Look! The board games are $\qquad$ the floor.

